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FIRST EDITION

For later telegraphic and local news see Second Edition.

HORSE DEAL CASE

It is Now On Trial at Superior Court.

THREE COUNCILMEN MESSRS. CLAPP AND CHENEY

In the Dock—Mr. Weir Opens the Case.

It was an unusual sight at the opening of the Superior court to see the court room crowded to the doors, but it was an unusual case that brought them together, in fact a remarkable case, for its like is unknown in the history of Lowell's criminal annals.

Councilmen Hunton, Hugh Maguire and Fred A. George, and Supt. Cleveland J. Cheney and Charles Clapp were the principals, and the defendant in the celebrated case, and all are charged with the crime of conspiracy while in addition to that charge Jonathan G. Hunton, a member of the "reform" city government, is charged with unlawfully selling a horse to the city while a member of the city council. The defendants were also present early in the morning and sat together apparently with little or no peace of mind within the bar. Their counsel Burke, Marshall and Corbett and for Mr. Maguire, John J. Hogan was also represented.

An unusually large number of attorneys were present as were many connected with the present and past city governments. City Solicitor Cox, who so ably conducted the hearing in the case leading to the subsequent action of the grand jury, was present and conspicuous though of course he could take no active part in the trial, the prosecution of which belongs to District Attorney Wier and Assistant District Attorney Sanderson.

The juries gathered between 9.30 and 10 o'clock and the members had an opportunity to become acquainted during the delay attending the opening of the court.

At 10.10 Judge Hardy came in accompanied by Rev. C. L. Merriam, and the court was opened with the good old-fashioned formal announcement. Rev. Mr. Merriam's opening prayer being quite impressive.

The district attorney announced immediately that both sides were ready for trial in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Hunton et al, and the juries were called. There were no Lowell men in the first jury. Mr. Clapp who was ill when the others were arraigned pleaded not guilty this morning.

The five men having been placed at the dock the names of the jurors were called, each defendant having the privilege of challenging two without cause. Challenged by the government were Harvey D. Brown, Isaac W. Brown, George Kenaw, Dennis Donovan, Wm. H. Marston, Bernard McCabe, Angus McDonald, George F. Parsons of this city. Challenged by the defence was Calvin D. Crawford.

The jury then retired to select a foreman, and while they were out the defendants were given permission to sit within the bar.

The first jury selected Stephen C. Currier of Everett, as foreman, after which the clerk read the lengthy indictment which occupied 30 minutes. At the conclusion of the reading the second jury reported the selection of Foreman George F. Dyer of Chelmsford and District Attorney Wier then opened the government's case with very forcible remarks.

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BIG DEMOCRATIC RALLY

At Huntington Hall at Which Enthusiasm Ran High.

Addresses by John H. Harrington and Hon. Pierre Humbert of Boston—Able Exposition of the Silver Issue—Mr. Knox Cornered — Hon. John Welch Presided—Republicans Tried in Vain to Empty the Hall.

The democratic rally at Huntington hall on Saturday evening was a great success despite the efforts of republicans to prevent the people from attending. It was one of the most enthusiastic gatherings which was seen in that hall during the campaign if cheering and applause are any criterion.

Hon. Fisher H. Pearson, chairman of the city committee, called to order and after brief remarks introduced Hon. John Welch as chairman of the evening. In assuming the chair Mr. Welch said the hall was filled on the previous night with men who came to see what manner of man the senior senator of Massachusetts is rather than to hear him discuss campaign issues. I believe I should think as much of the nations flag as any man and I left the hall disgusted at the manner in which that flag was used by the Young Republican club in this hall. They accuse us of inciting secession. Did they settle the war of secession? No, in that great struggle a very large proportion of the distinguished generals as well as the bulk of the rank and file were democrats. If the country was again involved in war, the democrats would be the first to respond to the call of duty, and none would more bravely defend the flag, but I surmise that many of the men who bring such charges against us would look for substitutes or flee the country in case of another such conflict. They say if Bryan be elected they will not sustain him, but we tell them that we are ready and able to sustain him and give full effect to the mandate of the sovereign people. Other charges were dealt with and in closing the speaker referred to the absence of former democratic leaders and then introduced in complimentary terms John H. Harrington, candidate for congress in the Fifth district.

Mr. Harrington's Address.

John H. Harrington, candidate for congress, was the first speaker. In opening he said that he had already spoken in most of the cities and towns of the district, but this cordial reception convinced him that the words of that old refrain are still true—"There is no place like home."

We are engaged in a campaign which in many respects is unusual. The platforms of the two great parties present various questions, but there is only one question which the people care to discuss and that is the currency question.

The republicans in their platform say bimetallism is a good thing and that they will give it to the country when they get the permission of foreign powers. I have been trying to find out when they mean to grant us bimetallism and I have concluded that they will give it about 10,000 years after Mark Hanna joins a labor organization. Of late it seems that the republicans forget what they said about bimetallism and advocate only a single gold standard. If they do not favor bimetallism why did they try to delude the people by the bimetallic plank in their platform and if they do favor bimetallism why do they designate as lunatics and anarchists the democrats who advocate it.

The democratic platform also says free coinage is a good thing and it promises to give it to us without the consent of any other nation. That is the platform of the democratic party so far as the currency is concerned. That platform stands for the rights and the interests of the people as opposed to trusts and combines, to speculators and money grabbers, to the designs of foreign financiers and every power that would throttle our industries and render prosperity impossible. On that platform stand the democratic candidates, Bryan and Sewall. (Cheers.) On that platform stand our candidates for governor and lieutenant governor, Williams and Callahan, and on that platform without any excuses or reservation I stand as candidate for congress in the fifth district.

Why do the democrats want bimetallism? Because they have found out something. They have discovered here in this country the domination of a foreign power that controls our currency system reducing us to a condition of industrial slavery, a power that threatens not only our prosperity but our very liberties, a power that is now attempting to elect a president for us. Fellow citizens of every party, in the face of these dangers I ask you if the time has not arrived when you must make up your minds to sign or not to sign the new declaration of independence.

What is the currency question? It means that at the next election we must decide whether we shall continue the present single gold standard or go back to the double standard under which gold and silver were freely coined at the ratio of 16 to 1 by the U. S. mints. Under the gold standard our enormous circulation must depend upon the small quantity of gold no matter who has the gold or what price they demand for it. A continuance of the gold standard is sure to result in national bankruptcy.

The double standard would remedy these evils by rendering it impossible for any coterie of financiers, foreign or domestic, to corner our primary money. This was the system in force from 1792 until 1873 under which the country grew and prospered. But that was before foreigners ran the United States treasury, before our currency was controlled by the Morgans, the Hidalbacks and the Schelbelmers of New York and the Rothschilds, the Barings, the Wolfenstines and Dimkespiels of London.

Our friends, the republicans, will not take our word for the injuries inflicted upon the country by the demonetization of silver in 1873. They will not admit even that the act was wrong and a crime against the people. The speaker here quoted from Webster showing that gold and silver constitute the standard of our country and that congress had no legal right to change that standard.

He also quoted from James G. Blaine the prophetic words describing the situation of industrial stagnation that exists today as a result of the elimination of silver as standard money.

Next the speaker quoted from the man held in quarantine at Canton, William McKinley, in favor of free silver coinage and against gold monometallism.

He described the prosperous times enjoyed under the double standard and the era of distress starting with 1873 and leading to industrial depression, to strikes, and idleness, due not to over-production, but to under-consumption, producing hordes of tramps to the Coxey armies, the gold bugs and finally the bond issues. "Is it not now time," said the speaker, "that the people should come not for vengeance but for justice."

The speaker next read the following from Mr. Knox as reported in a morning paper:

"But it may be asked how does it happen that 53 cents worth (of silver) today is worth a dollar after it is coined. It is because the government contracts the coinage and guarantees to redeem it for that amount in gold."—Mail.

The only trouble with this statement is that it is wholly false. I should like to have Mr. Knox point out to me when, where or how the government made a compact to redeem silver dollars in gold.

Where should we get the gold? (A voice, steal it.)

If the government should so redeem them it would only start an endless chain same as it has now on the paper dollar which would embarrass the treasury still more.

Again I find Mr. Knox reported in a morning paper as delivering himself of the following gem:

"We can't wait for Mr. Bryan to experiment in free silver for it is evident that he does not know much about it yet. We cannot wait for him to learn."

Where did Mr. Knox learn so much about the currency question that he speaks with such an air of superiority? Oh! I forgot, he is a banker, and a corporation man. That is why he knows all about it and why Mr. Bryan knows nothing about it. Here the speaker told a funny story of "Barney Mulligan" engaging as a sailor to illustrate the comparison between Mr. Knox and Mr. Bryan on the money question.

Our opponents say that the mine owners would be profited by free silver. I admit it. They would. But if free silver will benefit the country is that any reason why we should not have it? Suppose a public improvement is needed should we not have it because it would enhance somebody's land.

Suppose we had a public thoroughfare known as Silver street, open to the public for 50 years, and the residents of Gold street, wanting business turned to their own doors, got Silver street closed and kept it closed until with the increased traffic Gold street became wholly inadequate. The public demands that Silver street be reopened and the people on Gold street raise a cry that to open it would benefit the abutters! We should consider only the public convenience and necessity and open Silver street without delay.

The gold orators say that to the silver mine owners the dollar under free coinage will be worth 100 cents, but they sound the alarm to the wage earners and the depositors in savings banks assuring them that the same dollar would be worth but 53 cents.

You see the value of the dollar changes as it passes from the miner to the wage earner, so that we shall have to grab it while the value is 100 cents. This is one of the republican proofs that we shall have depreciated dollars under free coinage.

Again they say the value of silver cannot be changed by legislation. How is it that republicans have been telling us that they have been keeping up prices for years by a high tariff? By legislation silver was cut down, the price of gold increased because the demand for it was increased. By free coinage the demand for silver would be increased and in consequence the price would rise. The gold bugs would not then be able to corner the basis of our circulating medium. Then money would come from its hiding places and enter the channels of business. Soon the people would be enabled to buy what they want, and their needs would call for greater production, and thus prosperity would be restored.

In conclusion the speaker referred to the intimidation of voters, which obliged some to wear the wrong button, but he urged all to fearlessly register their choice at the polls and to wield the power of the ballot for good and remember especially on election day, the words of Welsey,

"Be just and fear not,
Let all the ends thou aim's at
Be thy Country's, thy Gods and Truth's.
(Cheers.)

Hon. Pierre Humbert of Boston.

One of the best silver orators of the whole country, and probably the best posted man in New England on the money question, is Hon. Pierre Humbert of Boston. He has studied the subject for 23 years on both sides of the Atlantic, and has had the best of opportunities for securing inside information on every point. He is besides a natural orator whose strong, musical voice and dramatic action arouse the audience to a high pitch of enthusiasm. He has been badly treated by the gold press on account of his scathing denunciations and unanswerable argument. Accordingly when two newspaper men took their seats at the reporters' table, he directed much of his sarcasm at them, singling out a Sun representative in particular as the butt for his now-and-then "Put that down, Mr. Reporter," or "Put that in your paper, Mr. Editor." The speaker imagined he was directing his remarks to the correspondent of the Boston Herald.

In opening, he said, one would imagine by hearing republican speakers, that all the countries of the world of any importance have the same financial system, whereas no two countries have systems exactly alike.

Those of England and Germany resemble most, but every country has its own policy of sustaining its gold reserve, but there is none so defective as that in force in the United States.

The United States today has the gold standard imposed without the sanction of the people by a certain coterie of Wall street and State street financiers, who ask you now to cement the bonds that these people weave around you, who ask you to put the seal of finality on that act of treachery. Will you do it? (Shouts of never).

When a few years later a free coinage measure passed both houses by an overwhelming majority it was vetoed by Pres. Hayes. Then we found out why Hayes was counted in. It was to veto the bill which the financiers knew was coming. We had not the two-thirds vote to pass the measure over Hayes' veto and so we were obliged to adopt the scheme of coining $2,000,000 worth of silver per month. They said to us, for every dollar of silver you mint you will drive a dollar of gold out of the country; but for every dollar of silver we minted we added a dollar of gold to our currency.

Report that in the gold press, Mr. Newspapermen.

For the dollars of silver we have not minted since the repeal of the Sherman bill, we have exported gold and were it not for the failure of the crops in India and other countries, we should be exporting our gold today and that "confidence" game would be as far off as ever.

I see by the papers you have had Senator Hoar addressing you on campaign issues, man who on his recent return from Europe was interviewed on the money question before the Nabobs of state street and before the campaign committee had time to reach him. He let go on bimetallism and its advantages, expressing the greatest satisfaction that the republican party would give it to us at some future time. If he spoke honestly then he is not honest with the people now, for in reading his address in the press I was astonished at how little he knew and how much he covered up that he did know.

He denies that silver will rise under free coinage, thereby disagreeing with the Boston Herald which admits that it will go up "some." There is no demand for silver bullion they tell us, but just open the mints and see what a demand there will be. Those silver dollars would be wanted by every one of you and you would find each good for 100 cents.

"Mr. Bryan admits that if he be elected there will be a panic," says Senator Hoar. Mr. Bryan never admitted anything of the kind. They tell us if Bryan be elected prices will rise and still they say we shall have a panic, but no country ever had a panic on rising prices. They know that, but like the newspaper men are stating what they know to be untrue.

Sleep

Induced by the use of coca, opiate or narcotic compounds is bad, decidedly bad. It undermines the health and shatters the constitution and the patient is steadily growing into a worse condition—often resulting in the terrible slavery and misery of the cocaine and opium habit. Sleep induced by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla does not perhaps come as quickly, but it comes more surely and more permanently through nature's great restoring and rejuvenating channel—purified, vitalized and enriched blood. This feeds the nerves with life-giving energy and builds up the system and constitution from the very foundation of all health and life—the blood—pure, rich, red blood.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, $1

Hood's Pills cure nausea, indigestion, biliousness. 25 cents.

CO. M. FIFTH

In the Shoot of the Ninth Regiment.

The 9th infantry held its annual rifle shoot at the state range, South Framingham, Saturday afternoon, and despite the very unfavorable conditions of the weather the teams made very good scores.

For the fourth consecutive year, Co. L of Natick won the state trophy, with 367 points to its credit the highest made.

Co. M of this city was in fifth place with a total of 328.

Next Wednesday members of the Master Builders associations of the state will hold their convention at the rooms of the Lowell association.

WILL BE NO CHAMPION.

No Games Will Be Contested That Will Give Any Team Either In the East or West the Right to Claim the Distinction. Accusations of Cowardice.

Football enthusiasts who think that no season is complete until the championship has been decided are doomed to disappointment this year the same as last. Games that will give any team the right to claim the championship this year will not be played. Still there will be lots of teams to claim it both east and west. Last year there was a western championship team—Michigan, according to the records and the judgment of football people—but there was no eastern champion. This year there will be no champion east or west unless the schedules are changed. It seems impossible for the average college football team manager to make a schedule that is satisfactory. There are great difficulties, of course, but college men are often accused of a cowardly spirit that would not be tolerated in other people. If one college team manager thinks a certain other college team is better than his own, that certain other team is usually not found on his schedule.

The Yale-Pennsylvania negotiations, which recently ended without the arrangement of a meeting for the teams of those two colleges, furnishes an instance.

The Yale team this year is acknowledged by Yale people generally to be weaker than Yale teams usually are. The Pennsylvania team is said by the people who have seen it to be one of the strongest the institution ever had. Pennsylvania challenged Yale to a game of football, and Yale, having only one big college game for the year—that with Princeton—declined to accept. Pennsylvania people say, of course, that Yale's managers refuse to play because they are afraid of being beaten.

Yale's only reply is that "there are conditions on account of which it would be undesirable to deviate from the existing arrangements of our schedule." These "conditions" are, of course, that Yale wants to be in a position next year to form a dual athletic alliance with Harvard should Harvard then decide that it has punished and excluded Yale enough, or at least to go into a league that shall include no more than Harvard, Yale and Princeton.

If Yale defeats Princeton in New York on Nov. 21, Yale supporters will claim the championship for the team. Even Lafayette will be in position to dispute the claim this year, however, inasmuch as its team has proved itself to be the equal of the Tigers. The eastern championship this year, though, is out of the question. The "big four" do not get enough together. Yale will meet only Princeton, and Princeton only Yale and Harvard. Pennsylvania, the strongest team of the lot last year, and probably the strongest this year as well, will meet only Harvard. It might be possible for Cornell or Lafayette to establish a claim to the championship, as each of them will play three of the "big four" teams, but it is hardly probable that either of those elevens will win more than one, if any, of the games.

In the west Minnesota accuses the University of Chicago team of being afraid to arrange a game. Minnesota won in the match last year. Both Northwestern and Wisconsin accuse Michigan of being afraid to meet them, but the accusation is hardly true. It was made last year by the managers of the same teams, and then it certainly was not true. Northwestern declined an offer of a game at the only time when it was reasonable and possible for Michigan to offer it. Michigan also offered Wisconsin a game in Detroit, but the Badgers refused to go there. Michigan's managers claim that their team played last on Wisconsin's field.

Still, the Michigan schedule this year is not satisfactory or interesting. It includes games with two teams that usually figure in western championships—Chicago and Minnesota—but has no date with Illinois, Wisconsin or Northwestern. The Wolverines, however, have a game with Lehigh and another with the University of Nebraska team, which is not accounted a factor in western championships.

The big western games, therefore, are not so arranged that when they are played any one can be satisfied as to which university has the best team. Chicago will play Michigan, Northwestern, Illinois and Wisconsin; Northwestern will play Chicago, Illinois and Wisconsin; Illinois will play Chicago, Northwestern, Purdue and Wisconsin; Wisconsin will play Chicago, Northwestern, Minnesota and Illinois; Minnesota will play Purdue, Wisconsin and Michigan, and Michigan will play as stated above. When all the games are over, though, there will probably be two or three teams claiming the championship, with nothing in the records to disprove the claims of any of them.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Who does your printing? THE SUN job print would do it well and save you money.

PROTECTION GENTLEMEN!

To be good for anything must protect—an overcoat likewise to be of real value—must be honestly made and trimmed, the line must be in keeping with the cloth—

Make No Mistake About It

—If the lining is poor—the stitching is bad and the whole garment is figuratively speaking "thrown together."

Did You Ever See a Shuman Overcoat With a Poor Lining? Never.

If you will visit our store today, we will show an overcoat for $12, that has more protection to the square inch than any in town—We had 100 of these coats last Saturday morning—not a great many this morning, but every size still—we told you Saturday these coats would cost anywhere from $20 down to 15, that statement was true or we would not have made it—when the last of this lot is sold—possibly we may have some as good, but not Shuman's—this is a special offer at $12, and at that price we can get no more.

MERRIMACK Fashion Corner
Opp. City Hall CLOTH'G CO.

2 O'CLOCK

AT THE ELECTION

A Full List of the State Officers

IN EACH STATE TO BE VOTED FOR.

Keep This Till After Election Day.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—The following are the officers to be voted for Nov. 3.

Alabama—Eleven presidential electors, nine congressmen.

Arkansas—Eight presidential electors, six congressmen, legislature.

California—Nine presidential electors, seven congressmen, lieutenant governor, legislature.

Colorado—Four presidential electors, two congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, superintendent of public instruction, attorney general, regents of state university, legislature.

Connecticut—Six presidential electors, four congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, treasurer, controller, legislature.

Delaware—Three presidential electors, one congressman, governor, legislature.

Florida—Four presidential electors, two congressmen.

Georgia—Thirteen presidential electors, 11 congressmen.

Idaho—Three presidential electors, one congressman, governor, lieutenant governor, judge supreme court, attorney general, treasurer, mine inspector, superintendent of public instruction, auditor, secretary of state.

Illinois — Twenty-four presidential electors, 22 congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, attorney general, university trustees, legislature.

Indiana—Fifteen presidential electors, 13 congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, reporter supreme court, attorney general, state statistician, superintendent public instruction.

Iowa—Thirteen presidential electors, 11 congressmen, secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, attorney general, judge supreme court, railroad commissioners.

Kansas—Ten presidential electors, eight congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, secretary of state, treasurer, auditor, superintendent of public instruction, chief justice supreme court, legislature.

Kentucky—Thirteen presidential electors, 11 congressmen.

Louisiana—Eight presidential electors, six congressmen.

Maine—Six presidential electors.

Maryland—Eight presidential electors, six congressmen.

Massachusetts—Fifteen presidential electors, 13 congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, auditor, attorney general.

Michigan—Fourteen presidential electors, 12 congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, treasurer, auditor, land commissioner, attorney general, superintendent of schools, member board of education.

Minnesota—Nine presidential electors, seven congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, treasurer, attorney general.

Mississippi—Nine presidential electors, seven congressmen.

Missouri—Seventeen presidential electors, 15 congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, attorney general, railroad commissioner, judge of supreme court.

Montana—Three presidential electors, one congressman, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, attorney general, superintendent public instructions, justice supreme court.

Nebraska—Eight presidential electors, six congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, attorney general, commissioner of public lands, superintendent of public instruction, regent of university, justice of supreme court.

Nevada—Three presidential electors, one congressman, lieutenant governor, supreme judge, regents of university, legislature.

New Hampshire—Four presidential electors, two congressmen, governor, legislature.

New Jersey—Ten presidential electors, eight congressmen; legislature.

New York—Thirty-six presidential electors, 34 congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, judge of court of appeals, legislature.

North Carolina—Eleven presidential electors, nine congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, treasurer, auditor, superintendent of public instruction, attorney general, justice of supreme court.

North Dakota—Three presidential electors, one congressman, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, treasurer, auditor, attorney general, railway commissioners, superintendent of public instruction, insurance commissioner, commissioner of agriculture and labor, legislature.

Ohio—Twenty-three presidential electors, 21 congressmen, secretary of state, judge of supreme court, food and dairy commissioner, member of board of public works.

Oregon—Four presidential electors, legislature.

Pennsylvania—Thirty-two presidential electors, 30 congressmen.

Rhode Island—Four presidential electors, two congressmen.

South Carolina—Nine presidential electors, seven congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, comptroller general, attorney general, treasurer, adjutant and inspector general.

South Dakota—Four presidential electors, two congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, treasurer, auditor, attorney general, superintendent of public instruction, railway commissioners, land commissioners, legislature.

Tennessee—Twelve presidential electors, 10 congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, treasurer, auditor, attorney general, superintendent of public instruction, railroad commissioners, judges of court of appeals.

Texas—Twenty presidential electors, 13 congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, controller, treasurer, attorney general, land commissioner, superintendent of public instruction, railroad commissioners, judges of court of appeals.

Utah—Three presidential electors, one congressman, legislature.

Vermont—Four presidential electors.

Virginia—Twelve presidential electors, 10 congressmen.

Washington—Four presidential electors, two congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, judge of supreme court, secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, attorney general, superintendent of public instruction, commissioner of public lands, state printer.

West Virginia—Six presidential electors, four congressmen, governor, auditor, treasurer, attorney general, superintendent of schools, justice of supreme court.

Wisconsin—Twelve presidential electors, 10 congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, insurance commissioner, treasurer, attorney general, railroad commissioner, superintendent of schools.

Wyoming—Three presidential electors, one congressman, justice supreme court.

Arizona—Delegate to congress.

New Mexico—Delegate to congress.

Oklahoma—Delegate to congress.

Coercion and Cohesion.

Canton, O., Oct. 26.—A great line of marchers and countermarchers paraded on Broadway, North Market street Saturday, to and from the mecca of the pilgrimages of people from many states. The visitors again broke the record in long distance parties and variety of delegations. From early dawn until late at night the McKinley home was surrounded with a continuous jam, re-enacting the exciting scenes of the constant crush of other big days. Major McKinley spoke with unusual fervor all day. He made responses to the coercion charges made by National Chairman Jones, when he said in his address to the British Isles American club of Cleveland: "They talk about coercion—the coercion of employe by employer. They mistake the spirit of this campaign. It is not coercion, but it is cohesion—cohesion between employes and employers, made stronger by a common interest and a common experience." Statements of a similar nature in his Missouri address called for the greatest demonstration of the day about the platform from which he spoke.

The McKinley Schedule.

Canton, O., Oct. 26.—Speechmaking will continue at the McKinley home up to the very eve of election. The opening of the last week of the campaign found Major McKinley, to all outward appearances, at least, equal to as hard work as he has experienced at any time during the campaign. He was up and around early yesterday morning, and in company with his brother, Abner, attended church services. Charles C. Dawes of the national committee arrived from Chicago, and spent the day at the McKinley home. The week's program opens with six delegations for today, 15 for the succeeding days of the week and a large number of others only partially arranged. Many of the visitors will be long-distance pilgrims, one party being from Boston, one from New Jersey and two from Indiana. The week will also include "college day" and "Youngstown (O.) day," on both of which occasions large crowds are expected.

Reed Invades Kansas.

Wichita, Kan., Oct. 26.—Thomas B. Reed of Maine arrived here Saturday, and was greeted by possibly the largest crowd of people ever assembled at a political meeting in Kansas. Mr. Reed made two speeches, in the interest of Congressman Long of this district, Delegate Flynn of Oklahoma and the entire Republican cause. One of the remarkable features of his speeches was the fact that Mr. Reed did not mention the name of Major McKinley in either speech. The leading theme was the tariff.

Wheat and Silver.

Philadelphia, Oct. 26.—The war generals, who have had a campaigning tour throughout the west in the interest of McKinley and Hobart, were tendered a grand reception in this city Saturday night. It is estimated that not less than 10,000 persons heard the speakers. General Russell Alger said that since they had been on their round the price of wheat had gone up 28 per cent, and silver down 8 per cent, and if they kept on, wheat would be up to $1.25 a bushel, and silver down to nothing.

Schofield is For Gold.

Keokuk, Ia., Oct. 26.—At a meeting of Gold Standard Democrats here, a letter was received from Major General John M. Schofield, late commander of the military forces of the United States, who is here visiting relatives, in which the general declares unequivocally for the gold standard. He has been a lifelong Democrat, and this is the second time in his life that he ever took a decided stand in politics, the other time being for the re-election of Lincoln.

The End of It.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—Instead of there being two parades in Chicago next Saturday night, there will be none. The Workingmen's McKinley club, which had the police permit to parade in the down town streets has given up its right to march, and Democrats, who took the matter into the courts and sought to enjoin the police from interfering with them if they marched without a permit, have also decided not to march.

A Hopeful View.

Washington, Oct. 26.—Moustapha Bey, the Turkish minister, when asked concerning recent reports that tension existed between the government of the United States and Turkey over certain questions, said: "There is no tension in the relations between the two governments, as reported by the newspapers. There are some matters on the tapis which have been pending for some time, but they are not of such a character as would possibly involve trouble between the two countries. They will come to a peaceful solution, as a result of the conciliatory feeling existing, and it will be to the interest and satisfaction of the two countries and meet with the willing assent of the parties concerned."

Murder In First Degree.

Cornish, Me., Oct. 26.—On Oct. 5, Mrs. Betsey R. Hobbs was found dead. She lived alone, about 1½ miles from Effingham, N. H. When found, her house was burning, and her body was half cremated. It was first thought that death was accidental, but investigation showed traces of gunshot wounds. No clew was found until Saturday, when the mystery was cleared by the confession of Charles Savage. He accuses Frank J. Palmer of the murder. A coroner's jury has brought in a verdict against Palmer of murder in the first degree. Savage was held as a witness.



There are only two ways to get an overcoat that's correct, go to a tailor or come here and buy one. Rogers, Peet & Co.'s overcoats, young men's and men's $15 to $40.

We've a special Kersey overcoat, black and blue—for $10 that we offer in competition with any fifteen dollar overcoat in Lowell.

Merchant tailor length: back closed at bottom: triple warp Italian linings: Skinner satin sleeve linings, a guarantee ticket on every coat—price $10.

Your money back gives you a chance to compare it.

PUTNAM & SON.
166 Central Street.

A LOWELL MAN SUICIDES

CUTTING HIS THROAT WITH A RAZOR.

Albert M. Stowell the Victim—The Body Brought Here.

The body of an unknown man apparently about 55 years of age was found on top of a 50 foot bluff just opposite the Eddie in Amoskeag, Manchester, N. H., Saturday afternoon, and was later identified as Albert M. Stowell, aged 64 years, of this city, who has been missing from his home, 65 Willow street, since Oct. 19, when he left home look for work.

He leaves a widow and one married daughter in this city and a son who does not reside here. The daughter and her husband went to Manchester Saturday and the remains were brought to this city yesterday by Undertaker Brooks.

The body shows that an attempt was made to sever an artery on the inside of the left thigh where a deep gash was cut. This apparently not proving effective another cut was made across the throat completely severing the windpipe.

There was nothing in the pockets but a letter addressed to the deceased (by which he was identified) written by his brother, E. G. Stowell of Guthrie Centre, Iowa.

The family of the deceased say that when he left home he was in the best of spirits, although there been some reasons of late to warrant the apprehension that he might attempt to make way with himself, as he has been quite despondent on account of his failure to obtain employment.

FIRST CHURCH

Will Hold a Very Important Meeting Tonight.

An important meeting will be held in the First Congregational church this evening. It has been called by members who have been prominent in leasing the church. It will decide if a committee shall be appointed to call an advisory council from other Congregational churches of the Andover conference.

TARIFF NOT THE ISSUE

As Proved by the Money Panic of 1893, While the McKinley Tariff Was in Force.

The Sunday Register of Lawrence, referring to Mr. Harrington's address in that city, said:

Mr. Harrington, in his address, made it very clear that the tariff is not the issue in this campaign; he proved by the strongest argument that while this country had a double standard, or up to 1873, our prosperity was steady and rapid in its growth, while after the demonetization of silver came the tramps, the business depression, the idle factories, the low wages, the gold bugs and their extortions from the people. He showed that the McKinley tariff was in full force in 1893, during the money panic, and that if a high tariff was what we wanted, the McKinley tariff then in force should have averted that panic. Mr. Knox is going around the district talking tariff, and scouting the idea that there is any trouble due to the monetary system. This is in direct contradiction to the facts which are visible to every citizen, and it should and will induce voters on election day to support the candidate who strikes at the root of our present evils, and offers a remedy, rather than the candidate who denies the cause of our trouble and prescribes for a disease from which we do not suffer at the present time.

Why Not?

If you are economizing why not look over your printing bills and see if you are not paying too much for printing? Call at this office and get prices on your work, and see if we cannot save money for you.

MONEY

deposited in the Savings Department of the Traders' National bank corner Middlesex St. and Post Office avenue, before 4 p. m, Tuesday Nov 3d., will draw interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum from Nov. 1s Interest compounded semi-annually Savings Department open from a. m. till 4 p. m. daily Saturday from 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. and Saturday evening from 7 till 9 o'clock.

WM. F. HILLS, Cashier.

BIRCH WOOD CHEAP. One Dollar will buy 11 baskets of birch wood at Cogger's wood yard 23 Concord street. Postal orders promptly attended to. Telephone 453-5.

The Consumers' Brewing Co.'s
EXPORT BEER
Bottled and Steamed at the Brewery.
An Excellent Tonic
For Sale by All Local Dealers.

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL MASS.

Issued Daily; Sundays Excepted.

Per Year, $3.00 Per Month, 25c.

City Delivery and Postage Free.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

Member of the Associated Press

FOR PRESIDENT,

WILLIAM J. BRYAN of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

ARTHUR SEWALL of Maine

FOR GOVERNOR,

GEORGE F. WILLIAMS of Dedham.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,

CHRIS. T. CALLAHAN of Holyoke.

FOR CONGRESSMAN,

JOHN H. HARRINGTON of Lowell

BIENNIAL ELECTIONS AND CITY CHARTER.

Voters should remember that besides voting for the party candidates for state and nation, they will have to vote upon the biennial election resolve. If a majority favors that measure the result will be that we shall have state elections only once in two years.

The revision of the city charter of Lowell will also have to be passed upon by residents of this city. If it passes, certain changes will be effected in the charter which will improve our city government, lower taxes by preventing extravagance and locate responsibility more in the chief executive and other officials so that if anything is wrong the people will know whom to blame.

This measure should also be voted for by every democrat as one that will lead to economic government.

MR. KNOX'S MISSTATEMENTS.

Mr. Knox, the republican candidate for congress, has been making some very doubtful statements in his campaign addresses. For example, he says that free silver is an untried theory, that it means repudiation and a scaling of debts. He also says that it means the payment of wages in 53c. dollars. At the same time he says that the free silver movement is intended mainly to benefit the silver mine owners, because it will enable them to get a dollar for 53c. worth of silver.

Now if the silver dollar under free coinage is worth but 53c. to a laboring man, how will it be worth 100c. to a mine owner?

That is a question which it might be well for Mr. Knox or some of his mud-slinging organs to explain.

But this Lawrence banker also makes the statement that the low tariff provided by the Wilson bill is responsible for the business depression, the hard times and the closing of our factories.

The people of this district remember the panic of 1893 with all its distress. They remember, too, that during that year and for six months afterwards, the McKinley tariff was in full force. If the high tariff provided by McKinley is a protection against hard times, how can the panic of 1893 be explained?

The only explanation is that the tariff was not a factor in the case at all as any intelligent citizen can plainly see.

The falsity of this claim is a self evident fact which cannot be denied. Then if not the tariff the cause of bad times is undoubtedly the effect of the gold standard.

In a speech at Huntington hall on the 15th of October, Mr. Knox made another statement which we can prove wholly groundless. He said that Senator Stewart publishes the Silver Knight at Washington, D. C., and in order to avoid hiring union printers, he sends the paper across the Potomac to Alexandria to be printed. The editor of the Sun wrote the Silver Knight asking if there was any truth in this statement, and the reply which is subjoined is self explanatory:

Silver Knight, 1420 N. Y. Avenue,
Washington, D. C.,
Oct. 19, 1896.

Editor Lowell Sun:

Dear Sir:—In reply to your letter of the 16th inst will say that the assertion of Mr. Knox, that our paper, the "Silver Knight" is printed in Alexandria, Va., in order to avoid employing union men is a falsehood out of the whole cloth. After we started the Silver Knight, we bought out the National Watchman and its plant was located at Alexandria, Va. The National Watchman had a lease on the building for five years which had not run out and we assumed the responsibility of the lease and therefore let the plant remain in Va. Our printers are all members of the union there and have been all the while. This story is framed by our enemies in order to counteract the effect and influence of the Silver Knight. If any further proof on this point be demanded it can be readily furnished.

Yours truly,
J. H. TURNER,
(Dictated.) Business Manager.

This letter should convince everybody that Mr. Knox's statement regarding the Silver Knight is erroneous. In one of his speeches in Lowell Mr. Knox made the the statement that the present silver dollar, which contains but 53 cents' worth of silver, is worth 100 cents, because the government is pledged to redeem them in gold. The government has never made any such compact and Mr. Carlisle has stated so over his own signature. But it is useless to follow Mr. Knox further. The above will suffice to show the strange recklessness of his statements. His assertion that a higher tariff will bring back prosperity is, however, more misleading to the masses than any other which that gentleman has made. These, however, will give the voters an idea of his veracity.

THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN

TREASON AND REVOLUTION.

Two Astounding Goldbug Admissions—Threats Against Self Government.

In the course of his speech at Detroit recently Senator John M. Palmer said, as reported in the New York World, a goldbug paper:

"For myself I would prefer to live under a righteous monarchy rather than submit to such principles as those declared by the Chicago convention."

It is lucky for Senator Palmer that he is living under a government that permits free speech; otherwise his remark would be considered treasonable and hostile to the government under which he holds a high office and to which he owes allegiance. Senator Palmer should not be permitted to hold his place in the United States senate a single day.

When he says he prefers a monarchy rather than to submit to the Chicago platform, he violates his allegiance to the Constitution. He should be impeached as soon as the senate meets. A senator was once expelled for a similar but far less flagrant offense.

But this is not the only instance where the fangs of the plutocrats have been shown at the possibility of the rule of the common people and not the money power.

Recently the chairman of the Republican county committee for New York city, Mr. Edward Lauterbach, characterized the men who formulated and are supporting the Democratic national platform as "devils and anarchists" and described the platform itself as "infamous, communistic, and socialistic." He concluded thus:

"It is a bloodless fight. No blood will be shed—at least not yet. But if they attempt to subvert your supreme court, if they should succeed, by any chance, in foisting upon you these horrible doctrines—anarchistic, socialistic and communistic—which that platform adopted by this Populistic brood contains, we will not abide by that decision."

Possibly it did not occur to this plutocratic henchman that the above sentiment is not only anarchistic, but treasonable from whatever point it be viewed.

Yet both Senator Palmer and Mr. Lauterbach expressed—perhaps in an unguarded moment—the covert opinions of the goldbugs and the plutocrats. They are really fighting against self government. They all prefer a monarchical form of government, only they dare not admit it.

The Mexican dollar will buy as much for the Mexican workingman in Mexico as the American dollar will buy for the American workingman in America.

Wanted Free Silver.

Pennsylvania Republican platform, adopted at Harrisburg, Sept. 5, 1877:

Resolved, That the long and successful existence under the laws of congress of the gold and silver standard warrants us in demanding the early repeal of the legislation which demonetized silver and established an almost exclusive gold standard, and we therefore favor a return of the free and unrestricted coinage of the dollar of 1792 and its restoration to the position it held as legal tender during the 80 years of our national existence, thus preserving the equality of the commercial value of the silver dollar with the gold dollar, keeping both in circulation.

When you need printing remember The Sun.

VERY DAZZLING STROKE

AN OPERATOR HAS WOOED FORTUNE'S FICKLE FAVOR.

A Few Days Since He Was Simply an Employee of the Western Union—Now He Is Being Called on by Hosts of Eager Theatrical Managers.

This is the story of a stroke of fortune. It was one of those rare, inspiring things that providence in its generosity sometimes permits.

The stroke fell unexpectedly. It stunned the modest, humble fellow, whom, in a dizzy half hour, it swept into the bewildering dazzle and clamor of a sudden success. It was a lightning stroke.

It was a refreshing spectacle, a sight to remember.

I have seen so much of the tragedy of failure, so much of the pitiable display of misdirected effort, that seeing this sudden burst of triumph was, I felt as I sat there amid the noise of applause and the excitement of the modest man's victory, worth all the dramatic performances of a season.

It was a week ago last night. The brilliant electric lights in front of one of the Broadway theaters spelled out a new invention. "My Friend From India," the huge letters of light said, would that night be presented for the first time.

That was all I knew. A first night is at least a novelty. I went in.

Here is what I did not know until that night after the lights of the theater were out. I heard it while seated with some friends discussing the play:

Tuesday morning early a telegraph operator told the Western Union manager that he wanted to get off that night.

"And maybe tomorrow night," he added.

He was one of the many of the Western Union's men, tried in the service, faithful and expert. The manager knew him well and thought of him as he did of the thousand other human machines who operate the city wires of the big telegraph company. The operator was about 35, dark and with a black mustache.

"Well!" said the manager sternly, and added in a moment, "I believe they're going to put on your play tonight, are they not?"

"Yes," said the operator modestly. "At the Bijou. Can't you come around?"

"No, thanks," said the manager dryly. "Guess not. Think it'll be a go?"

"I hope so, but you can never tell. A play has to be tried before an audience before you can tell. It's the only one I've ever written."

The operator was nervous when he got to the Bijou. He slipped in in a frightened sort of manner.

"Say, isn't that the guy that wrote the play?" asked one of the ushers. "I've seen him hanging around the theater."

Nobody could tell. Nobody knew the quiet man.

The audience filed in and filled up the seats. People came into the box. Skeptical looking critics came close down to the stage and took their seats. All the while the nerves of the operator were fidgeting frightfully.

And this I saw.

The curtain swung up. A conventional looking parlor was presented. An unpromising fat character, impersonated by Frederic Bond, came in and did some talking. A German maid appeared. Two daughters came on the scene. And then a dissipated son with a bad head left over from the previous night.

All very conventional. Very commonplace. Very familiar.

The audience sat up stiff and straight in their chairs, cold and unmoved, unapproving.

The play ran through its first act. There had scarcely been a gleam of promise. Maybe it would pick up. The nervous operator must have sunk deeper into his seat.

Act No. 2 started off briskly. It "picked up" from the start. The audience warmed up. It was like a cocktail after soda water. The operator's pulse beat with life again.

Applause! A lively clatter of it and bursts of laughter even. Again applause; again laughter.

And now applause, laughter, applause, laughter without limit. The audience has reached a high pitch of enthusiasm. The play is screamingly funny and growing funnier. The situations are novel and ridiculous, and whether you will or not you are forced to laugh.

A sour and crusty old member in front of me, who I am sure has not laughed in years before, is shaking his stiff sides.

Everybody is laughing. It is in the air. The curtain swings down on the second act amid screams of laughter and applause. For a minute the audience applauds on, and then with a common impulse every one begins to shout:

"Author, author!"

The cry is repeated, and the enthusiasm grows.

Away down in the middle of the applauding throng a scarlet looking man stands up. He rises haltingly, looks around as if fixing to run away, and then, trembling like an aspen, he braces himself and stands there as if waiting to be executed.

For a moment he stood there unseen in the tumult. The people raged on. Then they saw him. Their cheers grew wilder, and the modest operator's fright increased. Some man dragged him into a box and stood him up in front, where, dazed and wondering, he bowed and swayed and almost fainted.

It was plain that this modest fellow, whose path of life had always run along those quiet vales unreached by applause, could not realize that all this noise was being made for him; that all these well dressed people were screaming themselves red in the face in his honor.

He felt giddy, foolish. He bowed in every direction, and then sat down. The applause rattled on.

People took up their play bills inquiringly. Critics repeated the name.

"Du Souchet! H. A. Du Souchet! Never heard that name before. He's a new man, but he's come."

And when the modest operator went out hundreds crowded about him to shake his hands. He could scarcely make his way out. And he could not believe but it was a dream.

The next day nearly a hundred managers called on Du Souchet. He took a week off. His week was up last night. I don't know whether he went back to his key and ticker or not. Perhaps he has taken a month to receive the theatrical managers who are calling on him and making him extravagant offers to write plays for them.

This thing of being a lion is now to him. It's worth a week's salary from the Western Union.—New York Cor. Atlanta Constitution.

A Sure Thing.

A Rock Island potter has made a jug containing 316 gallons. The Kentucky candidate who secures that for his canvass is a sure winner.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Cause and Effect.

The French Advocate—I wish, M. le President, to call two witnesses who have not been subpœnaed.

The President—Are you satisfied that they will help us to arrive at the truth?

The French Advocate—Quite satisfied. I have not had time to communicate with them.—London Globe.

A Word Painter.

"Daubyn tells me that he is thinking of trying his hand at a picture of a prize fight."

"Well, I knew he was an artist in oils, but I didn't know he leaned toward word painting."—Indianapolis Journal.

APPLE AND HONEY

PPLE Prevents pulmonary diseases,
Preserves the bronchial tubes,
Lessens lung troubles,
Eradicates purulent secretions.

AND Always acts promptly,
Never fails to comfort,
Delightful to take.

HONEY Has wonderful curative properties,
Often saves a doctor,
Nausea permanently prevented,
Every one likes it,
You should try it.

JOHN M. PEVEY, 55-57 MIDDLE ST.

WONDERFUL are the cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and yet they are simple and natural. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes PURE BLOOD.

PRESIDENT ROBERTS MAY RETIRE.

Head of the Pennsylvania Railroad System Too Heavily Taxed.

The report is revived, and it finds many believers in railroad circles, that Mr. George B. Roberts, the president of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, is about to retire from his position as the executive head of that great corporation.

Two reasons are given for this rumored action of Mr. Roberts. His health, it is known among his friends, has not been good for some time past, and it is said that the increasing business of the railroad company, in connection with the affairs of the Joint Traffic association, has become so great as to require the larger part of Mr. Roberts' time in New York—more, in fact, than he is able to give and yet attend to the multifarious duties of the presidency.—Washington Star.

Cyclists Win In Missouri.

Circuit Judge Russell has decided that the Missouri Railroad company must carry J. R. Bettis' bicycle from Webster Grove to St. Louis and return without charge above the cost of Mr. Bettis' transportation ticket. The case was instituted last April as a test. The railway company filed a motion to quash the alternative writ of mandamus secured, and Judge Russell overruled the motion. The decision applies to all railways in Missouri.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Joint Debate.

The challenge sped, and thousands heard
The bold defiance hurled.
These men, whose bosoms fierce were stirred,
Would fight before the world.

A difference of opinion led
Their ire to corruscate.
The populace stood by in dread
And watched them toy with fate.

"How shall we fight?" inquired the first.
"We'll use the modern mode,"
Came the reply. "We'll do our worst,
With grammar as the code."

And there was fearful carnage there
In that arena vast,
For each one brought an army fair,
And valiant to the last.

At morning, when the sun shone red,
Ah, what a sight was there!
The janitor, affrighted, fled,
A creature of despair.

For wounded subjects met his eye,
And predicates, hurt sore,
And various kinds of verbs limped by,
Or writhed upon the floor.

The ghastly glimmer of that dawn
Revealed a hideous scene
Of epithets impaled upon
A barbed metaphor.

* * * * * * *

"We'll meet again," the generals said.
"The victory is not clear.
What though our cohorts there lie dead?
Recruits are ever near."

And then the public took a hand
And stoutly shouted, "Nay!
We need the English language, and
You'll fight some other way!"
—Washington Star.

Dolly's Leash.

Dolly's got me on a string,
No'er a knife that card can sever;
Well contented where I swing,
Dangling, I will hang forever.

Strong the bond as any cable,
Firmly wrought as iron bands;
No'er a marline spike were able
To unwind its clinging strands.

Dolly's got me on a string,
But I dangle gay and jolly,
For, while on one end I swing,
On the other end is Dolly.
—New York Press.

WOMAN TO WOMAN.

Women are being taught by bitter experience that many physicians cannot successfully handle their peculiar ailments known as female diseases.

Doctors are willing and anxious to help them, but they are the wrong sex to work understandingly.

When the woman of to-day experiences such symptoms as backache, nervousness, lassitude, whites, irregular or painful menstruation, pains in groins, bearing-down sensation, palpitation, "all gone" feeling and blues, she at once takes Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, feeling sure of obtaining immediate relief.



Should her symptoms be new to her, she writes to a woman, Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., who promptly explains her case, and tells her free how to get well.

Indeed, so many women are now appealing to Mrs. Pinkham for advice, that a score of lady secretaries are kept constantly at work answering the great volume of correspondence which comes in every day. Each letter is answered carefully and accurately, as Mrs. Pinkham fully realizes that a life may depend upon her reply, and into many and many a home has she shed the rays of happiness.

It Pays

To Trade With

F. M. BARNEY & CO.

When You Want

TABLE SUPPLIES

Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers,

415 MIDDLESEX STREET.
Tel 144-4. 28 THORNDIKE STREET.
Warren Bank Block.

DO NOT HEAT YOUR BLOOD

Until it is almost a fever by trying to bake your bread through hot weather, as you will find this poor economy; but have

PETER WATSON

call at your home, and for less than it would cost you to bake it yourself, you can get his celebrated cream bread, or pastry. Three delivery teams run to all parts of the city Retail stores at

52 to 60 Charles Street, and 465 Lawrence Street.

A Warning.



"See, father; them's play actors."

"Shut up, yer young fool! There ain't no telling wot yer may come to yerself."—Sketch.

A Plaint From the Highway.

"This is a hard world," said Meandering Mike, as the dog whom he had hit with a piece of pastry went howling away.

"What's de matter?" inquired Plodding Pete.

"Dem folks is too onfeelin fur anything. The gals there is practicing cookin out of a fancy cookbook, an whenever I axes 'em fur bread they gives me cake."—Washington Star.

No Carriage.

A late bishop of a somewhat inquisitorial character once wrote the following query to the church wardens of a parish in his diocese: "Are the conversation and carriage of your clergyman consistent with his holy office?" The reply was, "We can't say nothing about his conversion, but he don't keep no kerridge."—London Household Words.

Heart.

As gently as possible she told him that her father had disinherited her.

"Take heart," she urged him.

"Yes," he answered, not without bitterness, "I suppose heart is all I get now."—Detroit Tribune.

Pastry is Wholesome When shortened with COTTOLENE



The Cottolene trade marks are "Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath on every tin.
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, Boston, Portland, Me., and New York

VELOCIPEDES
TRICYCLES
EXPRESS WAGONS
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TOYS OF ALL KINDS
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216 CENTRAL STREET.

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Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

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No. 373 Bridge Street.
Meats and Provisions.
(Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

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Room 12, Shedd's Block.
Pianist and Teacher of Singing.

JOHN W. McEVOY,
137 Central St., Opp. American House,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY,
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William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

SMOKE
OLD 64 CIGAR
H. BOOT, Manufacturer.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
182 Merrimack Street,
Photographers.
Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty
All work guaranteed

W. A. LEW,
49 John Street.
Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed
Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing, promptly and neatly executed.



This Umbrella Has Gone To Smash.

I will take it to Austin's and have it repaired. He will put a new cover on it and do anything else needed in a first class manner at a reasonable price.

C. E. AUSTIN, 19 Bridge Street.

Music - Hall

OCTOBER 26, 27 AND 28.

CHAS. LEONARD FLETCHER

AND A STAR COMPANY IN

Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde

By permission of Richard Mansfield, and given for the first time at popular prices. Elaborated and improved with Comedy Acts, Scenic Features, Strong Specialties. A thrilling play, an event of the season. New Music, new Songs and Dances. Special appearance of Mr. Frank Bolland, the celebrated black and white face Banjo King.

Remember—This Splendid Bill at Popular Prices. Watch for the Grand Military Parade Monday Night.

SAVOY THEATRE

KENDAL WESTON, - - Manager.

WEEK OF OCTOBER 26, 1896.

Sardou's Brilliant 3-Act Comedy,

A Scrap of Paper

The Success of two Continents.—N. Y. World.

Everyone Delighted with the Parlor Theatre, the Company and Scenery. A SUCCESS UNQUALIFIED

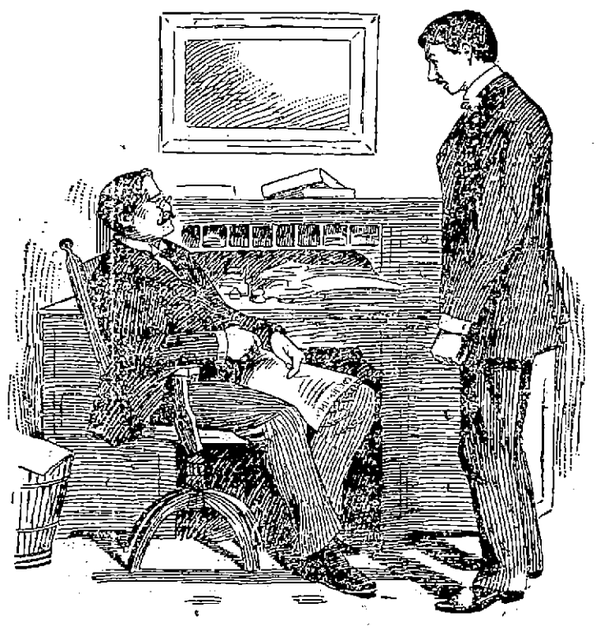
MATINEE PRICES, 15 AND 25 CENTS

Souvenir Matinee Saturday, Oct. 31. A Photograph and Autograph of KENDAL WESTON given to every lady purchasing a seat on the lower floors.

EVENING PRICES, 15, 25, 35, 50 CENTS

For sale at Box Office, and at Ellingwood's Drug Store, Merrimack and Central Streets.

Next Week, the Farce Comedy, "Arabian Nights."



Employer: "Mr. Cypher, you were absent without leave yesterday."

Mr. Cypher: "Yes, sir. I was married very unexpectedly yesterday."

Employer: "Well, sir, you will please see that it does not occur again."

GOOKIN BROS.

ARE YOU THINKING OF FURNISHING?

DO YOUR ROOMS NEED CARPETS?

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED?

DO YOU REQUIRE ANY ARTICLE OF FURNITURE?

If so come and look through our warerooms. You will be courteously waited on whether you want to buy or not, and you will learn something about our prices that will cause you to trade with us when you need anything in our line. See our line of Couches at $8.00 and upwards. Chamber suites and Parlor suites from the cheapest to the best. Dining room furniture that is sure to please you both in style and price. The Glenwood ranges and Parlor stoves always in stock. Carpets and floor coverings of all kinds. A complete assortment of Housefurnishings.

66 Prescott Street.

Music Hall

Oct. 26, 27, 28.

CHARLES LEONARD FLETCHER, IN "DR. JEKYLL AND Mr. HYDE."

Oct. 29, 30, 31.

RICE AND BARTON'S BIG GAIETY SPECTACULAR EXTRAVAGANZA COMPANY IN "NAUGHTY CONEY ISLAND."

Pretty Girls, Funny Comedians, Songs, Dances, Frolics. A Sensational Success.

Baby Show

HUNTINGTON HALL

2.30 to 4.40 p. m.

SATURDAY, Nov. 7.

ENTRY BLANK.

Child's Name, ...
Age . . . . . .
Residence, ...
Parents, ...

Address "Baby Show," Citizen-Courier Office Lowell.

All babies under 2½ years eligible. Many valuable prizes for handsomest, Fattest, Smallest Best Natured, etc. Special prizes for Twins and Triplets. Handsome prizes to the winners. The hall will be nice and warm.

TALKING MACHINE PARLOR

Music, Songs, and Speeches of Bryan and McKinley.

The ladies are especially invited to call. Bring the children along.

We sell Talking Machines and supplies.

The Bijou is the home favorite and has no equal for the variety of amusement and entertainment it gives. Records and reproduces music, songs and speeches. Price with outfit $50. The Motor slot Graphophone for stores and places of resort, a great money maker, $50. We want everybody to call and see these wonderful instruments that talk every language and sing all songs and give the music of all instruments.

THE EASTERN TALKING MACHINE CO., 88 Merrimack Street.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.



SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. Philada., Pa.

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Gas Light Company

OFFICE:

22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year. piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to

YOUR FALL OUTFIT.

That is, all the essential articles such, as Hats, Gloves, Fancy Bosom Shirts, Neckwear, etc., that figure in apparel of the well dressed man may be found in our stock. Not an out-of-date article in any of these lines. Come in and look them over.

ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY,

69 Merrimack Street.

IF YOU ARE NOT AN EXPERT IN Arithmetic

It will pay you to take a course in the business department of the New England Business University. All our courses are thoroughly up-to-date, and are presented in a practical and interesting manner. We give the student Actual Business from the start in all departments, and our graduates are thoroughly competent office assistants.

If possible enter on or before Sept. 21st. School now in session. Call and see us.

GLICK & YOUNG, Props.

2 O'CLOCK

TRAINS COLLIDE

Killing Eight and Injuring Others.

A FRIGHTFUL DISASTER ON WESTERN ROAD.

Neglect of Orders Caused Sad Catastrophe.

St. Louis, Oct. 26.—Shortly before 10 o'clock yesterday forenoon two passenger trains on the St. Louis and San Francisco railroad collided, nearly opposite Windsor station, 13 miles from this city, instantly killing eight persons and injuring more than 30, three of whom will probably die.

The collision occurred between the second section of an excursion train, bound west, and the 'Frisco Valley park accommodation, east bound. The accident was the result of disobedience or neglect of orders on the part of the excursion train crew, who should have remained at Spring Park for orders and let the accommodation through. The excursion train was the second section of a special, bound for St. James, 100 miles west of St. Louis, where the Missouri Home for Aged Veterans was dedicated. The first section had gone through safely, and the second, which consisted of 11 coaches, heavily laden, left St. Louis about 9 o'clock. Engineer Hohl of the accommodation was not aware that the second section was on the road, and in trying to make the switch at Kirkwood, crashed into the ill-fated train in a cut. There was only one car, a common baggage and coach, on Engineer Hohl's train, but the collision was terrific, both engines being demolished and a number of the cars telescoped. The wreckage was piled high on the track, and above the sound of escaping steam could be heard the cries of the frightened and injured passengers.

Next to the engine of the excursion train was the commissary car, filled with refreshments. Barney McKenna was in charge of the edibles, and with him was his 11-year-old daughter Maud. Both were instantly killed, being scalded and crushed. A number of passengers, mostly young men, were grouped around the temporary counter, eating and drinking. Almost all were either killed or injured. This and the next car, in which were 70 passengers, suffered the worst damage, and most of the killed and injured were taken from them. Engineer Hohl of the accommodation, which was running on time, was killed, and his fireman, Frank Hasler, badly wounded.

Starvation In Labrador.

St. John's, N. F., Oct. 26.—The Newfoundland government has decided to inaugurate a series of relief works, to assist the destitute fishermen, who returned from Labrador without the means of providing their families with a winter's subsistence, owing to the failure of the fishery. All the authorities represent that the situation is serious, and thousands of people are likely to be starving before Christmas.

Wouldn't Heed Warning.

Portsmouth, N. H., Oct. 26.—Willis Tutherly and Augustus Dickson of South Eliot, Me., while returning to their home in a carriage, were run down by an express at Butler's crossing. Tutherly was instantly killed, and Dickson was fearfully mangled, and will die. The crossing tender warned the men of their danger, but they insisted on crossing the tracks ahead of the train.

Two Unfortunate Little Ones.

Providence, Oct. 26.—Alice Sisson, 2 years old, died yesterday afternoon as the result of burns, received yesterday morning while she and her 3-year-old sister, Hope, were playing with matches. The latter was also terribly burned, and cannot live. Both little girls were burned about the face and upper part part of the body.

Haverhill Church Dedicated.

Haverhill, Mass., Oct. 26.—The new St. James Roman Catholic church, which has been in the course of erection for over a decade, was dedicated here yesterday with imposing ceremonies. The ceremony of consecrating the altar and blessing the building was performed by Archbishop Williams.

Politics and a Pistol.

New York, Oct. 26.—During a political argument in the Brooklyn hotel, Daniel Reynolds, a printer, shot Charles Meyer, attempted to shoot Charles Stone, the proprietor of the hotel, and then sent a bullet into his own head. Meyer was not seriously injured. Reynolds will die.

The Goodwin Divorce Case.

San Francisco, Oct. 26.—Mrs. Nat C. Goodwin is preparing for a legal battle with her actor husband. Through her New York lawyers, she has forwarded an affidavit in defending herself in the local courts against her husband's charges. Mrs. Goodwin's affidavit, after making a general denial to the charges of habitual intemperance on her part, recites her experience in the New York courts with her husband. She tells of her successful suit for maintenance, three years ago, which resulted in her husband being compelled to pay her $15,000. She then turns the table on the actor, and charges him with infidelity.

Marriage Ties Severed.

Milwaukee, Oct. 25.—Colonel Gustave Pabst, son of the wealthy brewer, and a member of the Pabst Brewing company, has been granted a divorce in the Milwaukee circuit court, from Margaret Mather Pabst, the actress. The ground alleged was cruel and inhuman treatment. No defense was made. A property settlement was made a year ago, when Miss Mather left Milwaukee to resume her stage career.

In Need of Repairs.

Vineyard Haven, Mass., Oct. 26.—The schooner Annie E. Stevens reports that she sprung aleak off Montauk Point, and was only prevented from sinking by constant work at the pumps. On her arrival here, it was found that three feet of water was in the hold, and that extensive repairs would have to be made. She was bound from Jacksonville, Fla., for Boston.

First class job printing at this office.

THE BISHOP OF LONDON

IS MADE PRIMATE OF ALL ENGLAND.

He is an Old Friend of Gladstone Who Worked for Disestablishing the Irish Church.

London, Oct. 26.—Rt. Rev. Frederick Temple, bishop of London, has been appointed archbishop of Canterbury and primate of all England, in succession to the late Most Rev. Edward White Benson.

Rt. Rev. Frederick Temple, bishop of London, son of an officer in the army, born Nov. 30, 1821, was educated at the grammar school at Tiverton, and, proceeding to Oxford, became scholar of Balliol college, and took his degree of B. A. in 1842. He was elected fellow and mathematical tutor of his college, and having been ordained in 1846, was appointed principal of the training college at Kneller hall, near Twickenham, in 1848. This post he resigned in 1855; and having held an inspectorship of schools during the interval, was appointed, on resignation of Dr. Goulburn, in 1858, head master of Rugby school. Dr. Temple, who was a chaplain to the queen, gained some notoriety in 1860 as the author of the first of the seven "Essays and Reviews," which caused so much controversy soon after their appearance. At the general election of 1868, Dr. Temple took an active part, in Warwickshire, in support of Mr. Gladstone's measure for the disestablishment of the Irish church; and the premier nominated him to the bishopric of Exeter, in succession to the late Dr. Philpotts—an appointment which caused considerable commotion in clerical circles. The confirmation of Dr. Temple's election took place Dec. 8, 1860, at the church of St. Mary-Le-Bow, Cheapside, when Bishop Trower, as the representative of a portion of the clergy who were opposed to Dr. Temple, because he was the author of one of the "Essays and Reviews," instructed counsel to oppose the election. Counsel was accordingly heard on both sides, and Dr. Temple's election was confirmed by the vicar general. Dr. Temple received Episcopal consecration at Westminster, Dec. 21, 1869, together with the bishops-elect of Bath and Wells, and of the Falkland islands. Dr. Temple published "Sermons Preached at Rugby Chapel in 1858-60" in 1861. In April, 1883, he was elected Bampton lecturer at Oxford for the ensuing year. On the death of Dr. Jackson, in Jan., 1885, Dr. Temple was appointed bishop of London, and was succeeded at Exeter by Dr. Bickersteth.

Co-operative Factory Started.

Albi, France, Oct. 26.—Great festivities attended the opening yesterday of the co-operative glass factory, which has been put up by the former strikers of the Carmaux glass works. The strike, which grew out of the discharge of a member of the Glass Workers' Trade union, last year, was transformed into a lockout, when the men notified the management of their willingness to return to work. Great excitement was caused by the incident throughout France. M. Landrin of the Paris municipal council at yesterday's ceremony, saluted the workers in the name of Paris. Henri Rochefort delivered a speech, and with M. Jaures, a radical Socialist deputy, who was prominently identified with the championship of the cause of the strikers, lighted the furnaces. M. Jaures declared that the present movement had founded a social revolution and marked the downfall of capitalism.

"Has the Laugh" on Britishers.

London, Oct. 26.—While Howard Gould has contented himself with leaving the controversy with the Yacht Racing association, where it rests in the published correspondence, he is still fortifying his own position in the affair. He said, before leaving London: "For my own satisfaction, I am having a leading English naval architect make a report upon Niagara. He has made a preliminary examination, and points out that, supposing we had used our tanks for shifting ballast, the 250 pounds of water that each contained would, owing to their position near the keel, have only been equivalent to the weight of a 100-pound boy on deck. There are, of course, no regulations regarding the number of crew or visitors that a yacht shall carry. You can see from this how absurd the whole contention is."

How They Do In Russia.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 26.—Ex-Pope Tolstoi of the Russian church, who was recently deposed from the priest's functions, because he had refused to clear himself of an accusation that he had been converted to Catholicism, has been arrested at Moscow and taken to Mijni, where he was condemned by a church tribunal to seven years' banishment from St. Petersburg and Moscow, and was forbidden to hold any state office for 20 years.

Yankee Capital Abroad

London, Oct. 26.—The Daily Mail says that a prominent American, now in London, a friend of the late Jay Gould, has been bidding for the block of ordinary and preferred stock, controlled by the District Railway Shareholders' association. An offer, which was made on behalf of a number of New York buyers, was definitely refused on Saturday.

Wilhelmina's First Communion.

The Hague, Oct. 26.—Queen Wilhelmina received her first communion Sunday, in the presence of her mother, the queen regent, the court, civil and military officials and a large concourse of people. General Von Hahnke has arrived, with a gift from Emperor William for the young queen.

Good Stakes Offered.

London, Oct. 26.—The Olympic club of Birmingham offers £500 for a match between Dan Creedon and Dick O'Brien, allowing £50 expenses. The same club offers £500 for a match between Sammy Kelly and Pedlar Palmer, or Kelly and Billy Plimmer; £300 for Kelly and Stanton.

Paderewski Not Sick.

New York, Oct. 26.—William Steinway, last week, sent a cablegram to Paderewski, enquiring as to the truth of the reports that he was broken down in health, to which the pianist replied: "In spite of all so-called friendly reports, I am enjoying perfect health; at least it is good enough for me."

On Murderer's Track.

New York, Oct. 26.—Coroner Miles of Yonkers appears to be confident that he will soon arrest the man who killed Hamlin J. Andrus. "I have positive information as to who the guilty party is in this case, and will have him in custody in a day or two," is the statement made by him.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

MUST BE WITHDRAWN.

Illegal Fees Have Been Exacted From Fishermen by Dominion Government.

Gloucester, Mass., Oct. 26.—News has just been received here of an important decision by the supreme court of Canada, which may result in the repayment of all license fees paid by American fishermen since the abrogation of the treaty of Washington, for licenses issued under the modus vivendi. The action was brought before the court many years ago, for the purpose of defining the relative rates and settling rival claims of the Canadian provinces on one hand, and the Dominion government on the other, and has resulted in a victory for the former. The claim of the provinces upon every point raised, is approved, except that the Dominion is declared to be in control of harbors. In the case of harbors, the Dominion is declared to have the right of controlling its fishing, but it has no power to grant a local lease in any part of the country, and in tidal waters, neither the Dominion or any province has power to restrict public rights of fishing, save by general legislation. Except in a very few particulars, therefore, the present Dominion fishery act, under which license fees are exacted from American fishermen, is illegal, and must be withdrawn. These licenses, it is estimated, amount to over $70,000 a year.

THROWN FROM TEAM.

A Lady Killed and Children Injured at Amesbury.

Amesbury, Mass., Oct. 26.—Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Coombs, and a hired boy and Allie Morrill, aged 10 years, were thrown from Mr. Coombs' team yesterday, while just leaving his house, en route to church. Mrs. Coombs struck a tree, and was instantly killed, her neck being broken. The hired boy was fatally injured, while Mr. Coombs suffered concussion of the brain, but will recover. The Morrill boy was only slightly injured. The horse became frightened at a pile of rocks.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Bacon defeated Connell in a two-mile race at Glasgow.

There was a terrific gale on the New Brunswick coast.

More gold from France and England arrived in New York.

Candidate Hobart is to take the stump in New Jersey this week.

Corbett and Fitzsimmons may fight at Coney Island New Year's day.

Stanley Marston, an Essex (Mass.) boy, was killed while gunning.

Mrs. Walker E. Graves, aged 27 years, committed suicide at Keene, N. H., by shooting.

The claims of Charlestown (Mass.) navy yard as a torpedo boat station are likely to be opposed.

The Adam B. Smith company, dry goods, Saratoga, was closed down, on an execution for $17,000.

Edward Nichols committed suicide by hanging at Plaistow, N. H. Despondency was the cause.

Edward Gardiner, a stableman, was instantly killed by falling 20 feet from the loft of a stable at Boston.

The cornerstone of the new Grand Army building was laid at North Adams, Mass., with imposing ceremonies.

Jerome Merrill, aged 40, drank some kind of acid at Lynn, Mass., with suicidal intent. He is in a critical condition.

Edward I Walker, a painter of Providence, dropped dead. He was 60 years old, and had been afflicted with heart trouble.

Henry H. Crane, who is said to have formerly operated in Chicago as a stock broker, committed suicide in a barn at Burlington, N. J.

The Dr. Tanner, who is reported to have lost his life in a fire at Akron, O., is not Dr. Tanner of fasting fame, who is now at Robinson, Ills.

The London Observer announces the engagement of Coleand De St. Maurice and Grace Corneau, daughter of William Corneau of Springfield, Ills.

Rev. John E. Tuttle of Amherst college church has resigned as pastor, to accept a call to the Union Congregational church of Worcester, Mass.

The 250th anniversary of the beginning of John Eliot's labors among the Indians was observed at the Eliot Congregational church at Newton, Mass.

Norman Davidson, while working in a sandpit at Rockbottom, Mass., was buried by a sudden fall of the sand, and smothered before he could be dug out.

The exports of specie from the port of New York last week amounted to $16,000 in gold, and $847,858 in silver. The imports were: Gold, $5,799,043; silver, $21,598.

Bicyclist Alexander Campbell was seriously injured at Holyoke, Mass., by colliding with an electric car. Several ribs were broken, and internal injuries are feared.

The 200th anniversary of the settlement, at Arlington, Mass., of the first pastor of the First Parish church, Unitarian, was observed by appropriate exercises.

Charles Hamilton, the oldest employing printer in Worcester, Mass., died suddenly of apoplexy. He was born in 1823, and had occupied one stand for nearly 50 years.

Miss Alice Platt, aged 23, a servant girl, is under arrest at Kansas City, on suspicion of having killed, by the use of poison, Mrs. Torrence, aged 60 years, and three children.

Theodore Miller, 12 years old, while in the woods near Lynn, Mass., with two other boys, was shot by one of his companions in the right arm, the bullet severing an artery.

The body of Ebenezer Brown, a longshoreman, was found in a creek at Fall River, Mass. Brown has been seen under the influence of liquor, and his death was probably accidental.

Addison H. Webster attempted suicide at Lynn, Mass., by throwing himself in front of a train. His right leg was severed from his body. No hope is entertained of his recovery.

Prince August, heir apparent to the Duchy of Oldenburg, was married at Schwerin, to the Duchess Elizabeth, sister of the grand duke, Frederick Francis, of Mecklenburg-Schwerin.

James H. Fitzpatrick, 17 years of age, is missing from his home in Boston. He had a trivial misunderstanding with his father and left home. Notices have been out notifying the boy that all will be well if he will only return home.

Miraculous Escape.

St. John, N. ., Oct. 26.—A train on the Canadian Eastern railway, consisting of engine, tender and passenger car, was struck by a landslide, while nearing Marysville, and now the train lies, bottom up, in the Nashwaak river. No one was seriously injured.

Of Course!

Habana, Oct. 26.—The government has issued orders that all national and foreign newspapers received at postoffices in Cuba shall be sent to the censor for examination.

PENNILESS ON THE TRAIN.

A Prosperous New Yorker, With His Family, In Dire Straits Far From Home.

A prosperous New Yorker who passed the summer in Asheville has brought back a good story of his own carelessness and southern confidence in human nature. He is an absentminded person, who often takes thought of important matters too late. He reached the Asheville station on his return to find that he had less than $10 in his purse. There was not a moment to lose. He was obliged to go. His wife and daughter were to join him at Charlotte, and to postpone the trip was out of the question. He invested all the money he had in a ticket which insured his passage only as far as Salisbury.

"I was flat broke," he says in telling his story, "and I felt like a tramp stealing a ride, but my gloom was illuminated by the cheerful hope that my wife and daughter had been economical enough to save from their allowances the money to pay for our passage to Washington, at least. Vain hope! They got on the train, penniless and hungry, without even a ticket.

"Railroads don't do business on the credit system, and on that short ride between Charlotte and Salisbury my hair nearly turned gray. Any prospect is more fascinating than that of being put off, penniless, in a North Carolina mountain town at nearly midnight, with a helpless wife and daughter to look after. I was desperate. My brain whirled in a furious endeavor to evolve some solution. The train stopped at Salisbury. I ran up to the ticket window, where a cool looking young fellow was presiding. I went at him with desperation.

"'My dear fellow,' I said, 'I'm in a terrible fix—busted. My wife and daughter are on that train, and we're obliged to go on to New York tonight. Can't you take my check for three tickets?'

"He eyed me, cool as ice, and said and stamped three 40 cent tickets to some way station. Then he turned to give some fellow information about the midnight train. It seemed an eternity before he turned again to me. Then he said laconically, 'Guess so,' and proceeded to stamp up the tickets.

"I just dropped. My hand trembled so I could hardly sign a check. I'm going to do something nice by that young fellow."—New York Sun.

Ten Years In a Stupor.

Michael Fernan has been adjudged insane by a medical commission and has been sent to the state asylum at Binghamton, N. Y. Fernan was formerly a resident of Factoryville, where he was a small farmer. About ten years ago he was taken ill, and since that time he has been in a sort of stupor. In all that time he has not spoken. His appetite has remained good. His wife and several children have died in the meantime, but he has shown no evidence that he is conscious of the fact. Needles thrust into his flesh do not cause him to flinch. Scores of specialists have examined him, yet none of them appears to understand his malady. It is supposed that continued overwork caused the strange and prolonged sleep.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

It's a Good Idea

to have your table fare wholesome and delicious as well as economical;—in other words, to use

COTTOLENE

Sold everywhere.



INDAPO THE GREAT HINDOO REMEDY PRODUCES THE ABOVE RESULTS in 30 DAYS. Cures all Nervous Diseases. Failing Memory, Paresis, Sleeplessness, Nightly Emissions, etc., caused by past abuse, gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and quickly, but surely restores Lost Manhood in old or young. Easily carried in vest pocket. Price $1.00 a package. Six for $5.00 with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Don't buy an imitation, but insist on having INDAPO, if your druggist has not got it, we will send it prepaid. Oriental Medical Co., Props., Chicago, Ill., or our agents. SOLD by Billingwood & Co., Barristers' Hall, Merrimack, Cor. Central St., & 255 Central St. Cor. Middlesex St., & Goodale's Drug Store, 317 Central St. LOWELL, MASS.

shortness of breath—a sensation of dryness and heat in the throat. Neglect is dangerous.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar acts like a charm on the throat and bronchial tubes. Use it before it's too late. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.



One Point

Tim has in common with other five-cent cigars—the price. Compare Tim with the others and you will find no other resemblance.

Timothy Gay & Co., Boston.

FALL MILLINERY

Stock new, complete, novel, artistic. Our Prices are the lowest in town.

ABBIE M. SMITH

175 Merrimack Street.

Mrs. M. E. Dudley, Assistant.

SAVED HIS WIFE.

Remarkable Result of an Advertisement.

Death Was Near When Mr. Peck Read It.

He Was With the Bridgeport Brass Co.

M. M. Peck is a Bridgeport man, living for many years on East Main street, and who for eight years was in the employ of the Bridgeport Brass company. He writes:

"About five years ago we lost a child while my wife was approaching confinement and in her delicate state the shock brought on nervous prostration. My wife has never been the same since. The nerves of the stomach being affected caused what doctors called nervous dyspepsia. Her suffering was awful. Why even the whites of a couple of eggs distressed her so that she was forced to give up all work.

"Gases in the stomach at the same time affected her heart until it seemed that death would result at any moment.

"Last April I saw Puritana advertised in a paper and was attracted by the name of Dr. Crosby, which is well known in our family. At the suggestion of my wife we tried Puritana.

"As for the result it has been truly astounding. Before one bottle was used a change for the better was noticeable or I should not have bought another. Now, after several bottles, she eats three good meals a day and food does not distress her in the least.

"Before trying Puritana, we had at different times tried four doctors in Bridgeport to no effect.

"I have convinced several friends by my firm belief in Puritana and gladly give my testimony to the public in the hope that others may receive the same benefits that Puritana has brought to my wife."

(Signed) M. M. PECK.
Box 489, Stratford.

While Mr. Peck was one probably the first person in Bridgeport to try Puritana, his example has since been followed by numberless citizens.

IF YOU WANT A CASE

Of the Leading Brands of

LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER

TELEPHONE.

J. H. RILEY,

Bottler, Nos. 98 and 102 Lakeview Avenue

Telephone Number 474-4.

BICYCLES TO LET.

Medium grade and 2nd hand wheels going cheap to close.

Geo. H. Bachelder,

21, 23, 25, P. O. Ave., beside new P. O.

DR. KELLEY, SURGEON DENTIST, 161 CENTRAL ST. opposite the Washington House

C. B. Coburn & Co.

Artists Materials of all descriptions for China Water color and oil painting. China to be fired should be left at our store Saturday.

63 AND 67 MARKET STREET.

"Costly Thy Dress as Thy Purse can Buy."

The next thing is to buy where you can get the best value for your money.

TRY

BERTRAND, The Tailor,

24 MIDDLE STREET.

"A Noble Piece of Work is Man"

When his beauty lines have been brought out to advantage by the tailor.

Few are proportionate, all lose natural proportion as the years go by.



Thus ready-made garments are impossible as regards fit in the true sense.

Come to us with your perplexities. We are old hands, and you will profit by our knowledge and experience.

$16 and $18 for Suits from choicest Scotches, Worsteds, etc.

Fine Overcoats at $15 and $18. Best $20 and $25.

GUARANTEE TAILORING CO.

42 Central Street.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

NEW FANCY EIDER DOWNS

"ERMINETTE"

IS THE NAME OF

The New Fancy Cotton EIDER DOWN

Very handsome and soft fleecy fabric for ladies' dressing sacks, house wrappers, and children's cloaks, etc., produced in the prettiest styles and colorings ever brought out in heavy fleecy goods; We have received 40 cases of the mill long Remnants of these desirable goods and will sell them at

ONLY 12½C. PER YD.

Though they are worth 20c. per yard on the piece and the quality we have, offers you the choice of all the different styles produced in any length desired—on sale in Palmer street store and also in our basement—Grand display in Palmer street window.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

If There is Anything You Need in FURNITURE

Get it Now and Secure

ABSOLUTELY FREE one of our GRAND PREMIUM BOOKS

When your cash purchases amount to TWENTY-FIVE Dollars, you can select from such works as

STORY OF MAN — PEOPLE'S HISTORY OF UNITED STATES
HEROES OF DARK CONTINENT — AND OTHERS

REMEMBER, Our Prices are as Low as the Lowest.

PETER DAVEY,

Undertaker and Furniture Dealer,

134 Market Street - - - Opposite Palmer

TELEPHONE: RESIDENCE, 458-2; STORE 314-2.



THE IMPERIAL CLOAK AND SUIT STORE IS THE Place FOR Bargains

Every lady in this city should come in and look at our immense line of Ladies' and Children's Garments before making a purchase.

Jackets from $3.69 to $9.75 cannot be equalled for the money.

Double and single capes with 4 rows of braid $4.98 to $7.69.

A full line of handsome plush capes at low prices.

Children's Winter Reefers with sailor collars, heavily trimmed, $1.75 to $4.98.

Tailor made suits in green, brown and navy, $5.98 to $10.75.

Skirts in black, figured, plain or novelty, $1.98 to $4.75.

Woolen Waists, black, blue, red and plaid, $1.25 to $1.98.

Silk Waists, Mosquetaire sleeve from $2.25 to $4.98.

Wrappers in chambray, flannellette, etc., 59c., 75c., 98c. and $1.25.

Fur Collarettes, Fur Boas, Feather Boas and Minks a specialty at the Lowest Prices.

11 BRIDGE STREET.

WANT COLUMN.

SECURE EMPLOYMENT — Learn dress cutting and work for us. Positions given to competent pupils. Room 53, Central block.

TENEMENT TO LET—Small lower tenement at No. 11 James street. Inquire of Mrs. A. H. Chalifoux, with J. L. Chalifoux, Central street.

FOUND—A ladies' pocketbook containing money. Owner can have by proving property and paying charges. Apply at Waverly house.

FOUND—That after 8760 cakes of "Sapolio" guaranteed to clean silver, plate, brass, etc., and wash hands to satisfaction. Not one cake returned yet. Ask your grocers and druggists for it.

GOOD INVESTMENT.—500 shares stock in active company for sale at $4 per share; must be sold to settle estate. Address post office box 1804, Boston.

WANTED—Furniture; carriages to store; at 183 Chelmsford street.

FOR SALE—In Centralville new cottage house, 4200 feet of land. Price $1500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—A position as stenographer and typewriter; experienced; mercantile or legal work; can give good recommendation; also good references. Address R, sun office, Lowell, Mass.

FOR SALE—Near Stevens street, new two story house, 8000 feet of land. This is a bargain. Price $3000. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

FOR SALE—In Belvidere, good cottage house of seven rooms, near mills, good lot of land. Price $1350. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—Your child to have Rosy Cheeks? Pure Blood, to rest well. Get a box of the Athan Worm and Scrofula Tablets at all druggists, price 25c., prepaid, by the Lowell Chemistry Co.

FOR SALE—In N. H., large farm of 100 acres. Large house, two good barns, lots of fruit, good sugar orchard, lots of wood and timber. If you want a farm call and see. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelope, Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

MOODY STREET BRIDGE HOUSE LOTS.

New Bridge will be completed in a few days. The electric road is being laid across the bridge. Sewers, gas, city water, etc. 70 houses have been built in the last 8 months, and a large number are being built at this present time. Don't delay, choice lots are going quick, prices are low, only 10, 13 and 15c. per foot, easy monthly payments. Call for plans, terms etc. On the land every afternoon.

A. J. RYAN, Agt.

Room 29A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

LOWELL RENDERING CO.

Highest cash prices paid for Hides, Tallow, Skins, etc. Dead animals removed.

Factory and Office, So. Lowell

Telephone, 322-3. City Tel., 382-4.

GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE OF TRUNKS and BAGS

Our entire stock of TRUNKS, BAGS, POCKET-BOOKS, STRAPS, etc., to be Slaughtered at prices unheard of.

LOWELL TRUNK MANUFACTORY

P. DEVINE, Prop.,

70-72 Middlesex St. Old Wooden Building.

R. J. MOWER,

PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN

285 Central Street.

COOL EVENINGS ARE COMING!

Why not order your light weight overcoat now and save a few dollars? Our unlined heavy coverts are dandies.

DAVIS & NICKERSON,

Tailors, 9 CENTRAL STREET.

New Goods Arriving Every Week.

VERY LITTLE EFFORT Will enable you to reach us—JUST A CARD.

Telling us to get your sleigh and put it in running order.

You will be none too early if you do it TODAY.

THE SAWYER CARRIAGE CO.

Kitson Building, Worthen Street.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

448 Corham Street.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour the best in the city.

SCHOOL SHOES

For Boys and Girls

Shoes that will stand the strain of HARD WEAR

AT EASY PRICES.

EAGLE SHOE STORE

215 DUTTON STREET.

J. J. LONERGAN, - - Prop.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—6:12; sets, 4:45.
Length of day—10h. 33m.
Moon rises—7:16 p. m.
Full sea—1:45 a. m.; 2 p. m.
Forecast for New England: Generally fair and warmer; westerly winds, shifting to southerly.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Winter Arrangement, Oct. 4, 1896.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 45	6 59	6 00	§7 07
6 30	7 45	6 30	7 52
6 50	8 04	6 49	§7 36
§7 01	7 58	8 00	9 11
*§7 18	8 02	*8 30	§9 10
*§7 27	8 12	*9 00	§9 40
§7 33	8 50	*9 15	§10 25
*7 45	8 35	10 00	11 15
*8 50	9 19	10 45	11 58
9 00	10 30	11 30	§12 07
9 49	10 19	12 00	§1 56
11 00	12 00	*1 00	§1 24
§11 42	12 25	2 00	3 04
§12 16	1 07	*3 00	§3 40
1 40	2 50	3 30	4 52
3 00	4 25	4 15	§5 22
*§3 55	4 40	*5 00	5 44
4 25	5 30	5 25	6 22
§5 22	6 15	5 50	7 05
5 35	6 50	6 15	7 30
*§6 21	7 07	*7 30	§8 10
*§7 51	8 30	*8 00	§8 10
		10 15	11 22
		11 20	12 22

Sunday Trains.

§7 18	8 02	2 15	§3 07
§7 27	8 12	9 00	§10 07
8 15	9 37	1 00	§1 57
§9 19	10 16	5 00	§5 59
§4 25	5 02	7 30	§8 10
§5 58	7 00	5 30	§5 10
		9 00	10 05

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 30	8 03	7 30	8 33
8 15	9 10	9 25	10 37
9 25	10 30	10 25	11 46
10 50	12 02	11 50	1 05
12 05	1 37	2 15	3 19
12 15	1 50	3 45	4 50
2 30	3 41	4 25	5 17
3 30	4 22	5 01	6 27
4 05	5 23	6 01	7 09
5 10	6 43	6 35	7 41
6 15	7 16	9 40	10 41
7 00	8 06	11 15 ‖	12 15
9 30	10 45		

Sunday Trains.

8 15	9 27	8 00	9 14
12 05	1 27	11 45	12 55
4 15	5 29	5 00	6 25
5 30	6 50	7 00	8 22
7 25	8 35		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

‖ Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

LOCAL NEWS.

Always wins, Old Hundred.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance. Donovan bl'd.

A little boy has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Cummings in Belvidere.

Summer prices on coal still prevail at Rourke & Sullivan's, 984 Gorham street. Telephone, 556-4.

Miss Mabel Mansur entertained some of her friends at a birthday party at her home, 53 Fifth street, Saturday.

Wanted—A good canvasser. Man who has had experience. Must give reference. A Catholic preferred. Address X, Sun office.

There is no use of talking, stop your talking and use "Saposhine. It cleans paint, windows, and silver ware and washes hands. Ask your grocer for it.

The Lowell Rugby team was beaten at the L.C.A.A. grounds Saturday by Harvard '98 by a score of 14 to 0. The Lowell men played strongly but showed lack of practice.

Mr. Cornelius L. Hickey, the well known member of the Mathew Temperance institute, has opened an office in the Mansur block, as constable and real estate agent.

There are many grades of coal and you want the best. W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike street, will give you the benefit of his experience if you order your winter supply of him.

One of a pair of horses attached to a two seated carriage and containing Fred Haines, proprietor of the Middlesex laundry, two ladies and a child fell in the square yesterday afternoon causing momentary excitement. Peter L. Furlong and Parker McDonough caught the other animal before it could do any damage and by removing the harness succeeded in getting the animal on its feet.

Burn Wilson's Coal.

THEATRICAL NEWS.

Music Hall.

The presentation of the splendid program at Music hall at popular prices Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, is not likely to be repeated again during the season, and the occasion is not one that anybody can afford to lose. There are few more intensely interesting plays than "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," T. R. Sullivan's fine dramatic version of Louis Stevenson's wonderful story. Mr. Richard Mansfield made a reputation in this play and it is a great tribute to Mr. Charles Leonard Fletcher's histrionic ability that the great star willingly allows him to use the play and commends his fine work. Mr. Fletcher is an artist of unusual strength and genius, and in the dual role of "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," he is acknowledged as easily superior to anybody playing the characters today in New England. He brings with him a company of actors and actresses who are conscientious, artistic and fully alive to the responsibilities of the characters; and the result is a thoroughly even balanced performance.

Among the stars of comedy is that famous, justly famous musician, Frank Ackland, known for his skill and cleverness, the Banjo King; he is a show in himself.

The Patriarch's Militant of Lowell, Haverhill, Boston and other cities are to give a big military parade Monday night, as they march to Music hall to honor their friend, Mr. Fletcher. It will be a great event.

Popular prices will prevail throughout the engagement.

Savoy Theatre.

The stock company at the Savoy theatre begins a week of comedy tonight in Sardou's brilliant production, "A Scrap of Paper." This comedy has enjoyed some remarkable successes and will receive a production this week which will be enjoyed by all who have the pleasure of witnessing it.

The management of the Savoy seem to be catering to the best people in the city, and are providing standard dramas and comedies, and presenting them in a most artistic and finished manner.

The company is composed of good, strong actors, who are extremely versatile and capable in reading the different parts entrusted to them, while the attaches of the house are gentlemen in every sense of the word.

The orchestra under the able leadership of Ferdinand Singhi render their selections in a most artistic style and contribute no small part to the pleasure of the evening. Commencing next Saturday matinee an autograph photograph of a member of the company will be given every lady who purchases a seat on the lower floor. This will be given each Saturday matinee until each member of the company has presented his photograph to the Savoy's patrons.

Les Miserable bowling alleys and billiard hall now open. East Merrimack street.

22 lbs. Sugar for $1.00.

Again we greet you on sugar. We are selling 22 lbs. of the best granulated sugar for $1.00, and we will deliver free to our tea and coffee customers. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 68 Merrimack street.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 21 MERK ST.

POLITICAL NOTES.

It was the Sunday paper which yesterday chronicled a republican meeting in Ward Eight at which several candidates for office were found, among them being Councilman F. A. George, whose only claim to fame while in this year's government lies in the fact that he assisted in the purchase of a number of horses by the city that has rendered necessary, his constant appearance at the superior court for a few days beginning this morning. True, every man is innocent in the eye of the law until proven guilty, though the indictment of a grand jury might shake the faith of many in his innocence. Nevertheless, Councilman George is innocent until the latter part of this week at least, if not longer. But let the court settle that. The question is, wouldn't it be better taste for Councilman George and his friends to await the result of the trial before counting the chickens, which cannot be hatched even with the most approved political incubator before the latter part of November. In this particular case it seems as if the election of 12 good men and true should cut more of a figure with Councilman George and his friends than that whose defeat means nothing. Another reason why Mr. George's boom is slightly premature is that when the time for making the nominations comes, the gentlemen may have changed his residence.

Israel H. Sternberg, the well known reporter, modestly announces that he is a candidate for councilmanic honors in Ward Six on the democratic ticket. Stern is an optimist and has no time to turn over the republican majority of the ward. His platform is good roads and he bars "reform," for he believes that municipal reform like "civil service reform is an iridescent dream," and refers all disputers to Cleve. Cheney, a reformer of experience.

I happened into a store on Saturday evening at which several members of the A. P. A. frequent, and as one of them entered the proprietor remarked:

"Well, ——, did you hear Senator Hoar last evening?"

"Not by a —— sight," came the answer quickly, "d'yer think I'd 'elp swell 'is audience by me presence? Not much."

"But you're a republican?" asked the proprietor.

"Sure I am, and I'll vote for McKinley, tew."

In a local saloon, recently, two men neither of whom would do for a joint debate on the currency with John G. Carlisle or Pierre Humbert, were discussing the financial question with more enthusiasm than argument. The gold man claimed that there was no money but the gold coin, which his opponent, a firm believer in fiat money disputed him, and produced a paper dollar as an example. "So you call that money, do you? Well, listen, suppose you had $1000 in paper money in your house and the house burned down. Where would your paper money be then? Then you'd wish you had gold." "But hold on there," cried the other, "suppose you were out in a boat with $1000 in gold and the boat sunk. What would your gold amount to then? Then you'd wish you had paper money that would float." And they compromised by taking a drink.

There are 25,137 assessed polls in the city.

Michael F. Daily, who ran so well in the caucuses last year in Ward five, will be a candidate again this year. Councilmen Thornton and O'Hare will also be in the field.

Chairman Jones' Appeal Against Intimidation of Voters.

To the American people:

In view of the fact that the great corporations, with scarcely an exception, and many of the large employers of labor in the United States, are engaged in a concerted effort to coerce their employes into voting at the approaching election against their own convictions, I deem it my duty to call upon all those who believe in the supremacy of the law and the untrammelled freedom of the individual in the right of exercising the ballot, to use their utmost efforts to prevent the success of this most flagrant act of lawlessness, for if this conspiracy succeeds government by corporations will have succeeded government by the people.

The corporations which thus appeal to force and fraud strike at the very foundations of republican government, and the lovers of free institutions must arouse themselves to save the country from its great peril. Especially should the workingmen assert their manhood rights.

If they vote according to their convictions and in accordance with their interests, the democratic ticket is certain of election, and in that case the employing corporations will have no desire to embark upon a policy of punishment. In the contest that is raging the salvation of the workingmen lies in the assertion at the polls of his rights as a free and independent American citizen.

The perpetuation of this attempted outrage upon free suffrage will work its own cure. An indignant people, jealous of their rights will demand that the legislatures, state and national, shall proceed at once by rigorous measures to prevent the possibility of a repetition of such attempts hereafter.

The National committee, backed by the full power of the democratic organization in every state of the Union, pledges itself that every scoundrel, whether public officer or private citizen, who is detected in any violation of the law, shall be vigorously prosecuted and sent to the penitentiary if possible.

JAMES K. JONES,
Chairman Democratic National Com.

Late Saturday afternoon a meeting of the democratic state committee was called for tomorrow noon at the headquarters, to fill the nine vacancies in the membership at large and to select a successor to Hon. John W. Corcoran, the chairman, who has resigned.

This was the concession that the special committee of four from the executive committee made to the committee from the Bryan-Sewall-Williams club. It means that there is, or at least will be, but one household hereafter, and the banner of the democracy of Bryan and Sewall will float over the united silverites. Rallies will be held under the auspices of the state committee, and the regular organization will stand as a directing influence of the local campaign as of yore. Some of the Bryan-Sewall-Williams club leaders will be found working for Williams, as usual but doing business at the headquarters of the state committee.

Robert Treat Paine, Jr., a prominent Williams man will probably be elected chairman of the state committee and the vacancies on the committee will be filled by the silver men.

So the latter will rule the state committee and the strife between the two factions terminates in their favor.

IT IS A KNOWN FACT that wearers of "Box Calf" shoes do NOT HAVE COLDS because their feet are kept warm and dry, and they do not wear rubbers. "BOX CALF" shoes are perfect water resisters, keep the feet from perspiring, and look bright like patent leather shoes.

An Aluminum Key Ring Check is attached to every pair of *genuine* "Box Calf" shoes. Ask for it, and if you don't find it, write WHITE BROS. & Co., Boston, Mass. for one.

AYER'S THE PILL THAT WILL PILLS CURE HEADACHE INDIGESTION BILIOUSNESS CONSTIPATION

DEATHS.

MEVIS—Mrs. Harriet Mevis, aged 65 years' died Friday night at the home of her son, Rev. Lyman A. Mevis, in Carlisle. Deceased went to visit her son one week ago and enjoyed good health up to 6 o'clock Friday evening when she was taken ill. Three hours later she expired. She leaves a husband, John Mevis, six sons, Rev. Lyman A. of Carlisle, Rev. Martin of Southboro' George B., the well known Merrimack square fruit dealer, Charles W. of this city, Edgar L. of Galveston, Texas, John W., Jr., of New Bedford and two daughters, Mrs. Charles T. Killpartrick of this city and Mrs. Nancy L. Lowe of Nashua. The funeral took place this afternoon from her late home, 448 Riverside street and was largely attended. Service was conducted by Rev. Mr. Hall and the pall bearers were the six sons of the deceased. Interment was in the Edson cemetery.

STANHOPE—Annie Stanhope, aged 21 years, died yesterday at her home, 984 Gorham street.

HEELAND—Jeannette G. Heeland, aged 26 years, wife of Wm. Heeland, died yesterday at her home, No. 23 Tremont street.

BARR—Elizabeth N., child of Mathew and Margaret Barr, died yesterday at their home, 118 Quebec street.

MEADE — Hannah Meade, aged 55 years, wife of John Meade, died yesterday at her home, 219 Adams street.

GALLAGHER—Daniel, aged 12 years, son of Michael and Annie Gallagher, died yesterday at their home, 80 Dummer street.

ECKHARDT— Professor Eckhardt, who had taught the violin in Columbus, O., since 1869, died in New York Thursday at the age of 75. Professor Eckhardt had a very interesting career. He was born in Stotheim, Saxony and began to play the violin when seven years of age, under Klingel, the first teacher of this instrument at Leipsic Conservatory. Professor Eckhardt subsequently developed a talent for the violin, and was chosen by Wagner to play the leading part at the first production of "Tannhauser." He was the intermate friend of Liszt, Joachim, Hiller, Wieck and Mendelssohn.

In 1850 he resided in this city and was leader of the orchestra at the Lowell Museum. He was married and his son, Herman Eckhardt, Jr. is a well known resident, at present engaged with J. E. Conant & Co. He also leaves a daughter, also well known in this city.

LAWRENCE COMPANIES

Will Parade Here Tonight—Coming on the Electric Cars.

There will be a big campaign parade in this city to-night. All the democratic clubs of Lawrence are coming up 750 strong and will arrive here at 8 o'clock.

The line will form at the corner of Lakeview avenue and Bridge street.

The Lawrence men will be accompanied by the Lawrence brass band and St. Patrick's boys' band will also furnish music.

BOWLING NEWS.

At the Highland club Saturday night Dorr's team of ten defeated Lovejoy's team, 4610 to 4382.

Much in Little

Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine chest, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. 25c. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

WE TAKE SPECIAL PAINS

To procure for our customers goods that cannot be easily duplicated, and to give you the best possible value for your money.

Louis Alexander,

Formerly of Fifth Ave., New York.

Importer and Tailor, No. 65 Central Street.

Fine Dyeing and French Cleansing

Dyeing of Every Description, all Shades and Black.

BOSTON STEAM DYE HOUSE

F. B. Leed's Agent. Runel's Building, cor. Bridge and Merrimack Street. Ladies' and Gents' garments dyed, cleansed and pressed.

MR. BRYAN RESTED

At Jacksonville, Ill., After a Hard Week.

HE WILL MAKE SEVERAL ADDRESSES TODAY.

Two Parades in Chicago Next Saturday.

Jacksonville, Ills., Oct. 26.—It was a day of quiet and rest that William J. Bryan spent in this city, where, for six years, he prepared himself for his after life. In the morning he attended services at the Presbyterian church, and listened to a sermon by Rev. A. B. Morris. It was probably the largest congregation that divine has addressed in that edifice. The sermon did not touch upon any of the political issues, and, barring the usual prayer for the welfare of those in high offices, no one would have known that a man of national reputation helped to make up the congregation. After the sermon, an informal reception was held from the pew which Mr. Bryan had occupied, and as soon as possible, the nominee was taken out a side door, and put into a carriage and driven rapidly away. Mr. Bryan spent the day at the home of Dr. Hiram J. Jones, where he lived during his residence in this city. There were few callers, but outside the house a large crowd gathered, and stared at the few visitors who were admitted to grasp the hand and exchange compliments of the day with the candidate. Today Mr. Bryan addressed the students of the college in which he had studied. At 10 o'clock, those who desired to hear him assembled in the chapel, and he spoke to them for 20 minutes. At 2 o'clock he addressed a meeting in the city park on the issues of the day. He will depart for Alton at 4:30, arriving there at 6:30, and will put in a good share of the next four hours there expounding free silver doctrines. At 10:30 o'clock he leaves for Lincoln, arriving there tomorrow morning.

SHOT BY A BOY.

James Carey Shot for Cheating While Playing Cards.

Boston, Oct. 26.—Edmund Vargue, 15 years old, was shot and dangerously wounded by a companion yesterday during an altercation over a game of cards. The shooting occurred on Bremen street, East Boston, where a number of youths, all about 15 years old, were playing cards. One of the number, James Carey, was accused of cheating, and he at once resented the charge, by drawing a revolver and firing at Vargue. The latter received the bullet in the abdomen. The boy was removed to the hospital, in a serious condition. Carey was arrested.

MONTHLY BULLETIN.

Issued By the Board of Health For September.

The monthly bulletin of the mortality and sanitary condition of Lowell has just been issued. It shows that there were 157 deaths in this city last month, 78 males and 79 females.

The places of death were as follows: Ward one, 11; ward two, 22; ward three, 9; ward four, 18; ward five, 23; ward six, 17; ward seven, 23; ward eight, 9; ward nine, 9; almshouse, 7; Lowell hospital, 2; Lowell General hospital, 1: St. John's hospital, 6.

Compared with September of last year this shows a decrease of five in the number of deaths, and a decrease of 1.01 in the rate.

The contagious diseases reported were: Diphtheria, 7; croup, 4; scarlet fever, 6; typhoid fever, 21.

Court House Work.

Unless the county commissioners change their intentions the work on the Lowell court house will not be completed for another year. Thomas H. Connell, contractor, expects to put the iron roofs on the building next Saturday and then his part of the work will be finished.

For Delicacy, for purity, and for improvement of the complexion nothing equals Pozzoni's Powder.

MRS. SCARLET RETURNS

And Her Husband Says it is All Right—She Didn't Elope.

H. C. Scarlet of Tewksbury, whose wife left home Oct. 14, returned from a visit to the lady on Saturday, and denies that she eloped with the hired man, Hover. He says that worry caused by an ailment of her little child, induced her to leave home and adds that she will return in a few days.

POLICE NOTES.

Mrs. Herman L. Knowlton of Chelmsford Centre, reported at the police station yesterday that while waiting for a car in the Lowell & Suburban waiting room her pocket was picked of a pocket book containing $14.

City Solicitor Qua reported that his horse and carriage had been stolen but later reported that he had recovered them.

Officer Creahin found a year old bay colt in Pawtucketville yesterday morning at 6.05 and put it up in Oliver's stable.

Yesterday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, Albert Duval, who keeps a store at the corner of Lakeview and Aiken avenues, found Arthur Cordion, aged 14 and Dabin Trudeau, aged 15 in his store. A third boy, Ovilla Savinea, was also concerned in the affair, but made his escape. The three lads were taken to the station and Cordeau and Trudeau were held, Savinea, being under 12, was taken home by his father.

Weekly Mortality.

There were 30 deaths last week, a rate of 18.1 against 22.9 and 18.8 for the previous two weeks.

The infectious diseases were: Typhoid fever 4, scarlet fever 3, diphtheria 2, measles 29.

NEW BACKS, FOR OLD

No Fairy Tale About This—Only Solid Facts.

We're doing it every day in Lowell.
It's our business.
All new backs we furnish are satisfactory, too.
Marvellous, isn't it?
Not so much so when you know who we are.
We're Doan's Kidney Pills.
Don't surprise you so much now.
You know they always do their work.
And their work is making new backs out of old.
Old backs ache.
That is, they seem to ache.
It's the kidneys that ache.
And the back does the talking.
Back ache is not all there is of kidney disease.
It's only the starter, so to speak.
Urinary troubles follow thick and fast.
Excessive urine—very common complaint.
Sediment in urine—getting worse.
High color and pain in passing—worse still.
Diabetes—Bright's Disease—Death—that's the end.
Trade that old back for a new one now.
Don't wait for all coming horrors.
Doan's Kidney Pills make the old back new.
Ask any Lowell citizen—here are a few:
Mark Walsh, 128 Central street.
Mrs. Chas. Slowey, 641 Market street.
G. S. Emerson, 512 Westford street.
H. Doyle, 1415 Middlesex street.
Mrs. Mary Traynor, 23 Pearl Street.
Mrs. S. A. Lewis, 82 Grand street.
Martin Canning, 9 Whiting street.
Thos. Burke, 12 Garnet street.
H. E. Richardson, Dexter's grocery.
F. D. Sawyer, 115 Walker street.
Mrs. Knowles, 46 Cross street.
Mrs. F. Warburton, 70 Elm street.
J. W. Mevis, 448 Riverside street.
Mrs. Mary Gard, 4 Noble's court.
W. S. Richardson, 62 Royal street.
R. J. Gilmour, 54 Jonness street.
F. Zesowoitz, 150 Dummer street.
Clarence Wilman, Carpet Mills.
Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers; price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S.

A Well Established Profitable Business,

ON MERRIMACK STREET FOR SALE AT
SANBORN & DONOVAN'S
Room 1, Swan's Block, Central street. Bad debts of all kinds collected. Telephone 66-5.

DRESS =:= GOODS!

SILKS & VELVETS.

SPECIAL LOW PRICES

On all kinds of Dress Stuffs to be the EDICT sent forth from retailers all over the country. It doesn't necessarily follow that because the prices are SPECIAL and LOW that the goods are not of the good kind. With us it is the buying at extremely low figures and giving our customers the BENEFIT. For instance: Our attention was called to a lot of Monotone Novelties and Scotch Tweed Suitings, 36 inches wide, in all the best colorings, regular fifty-cent goods. We bought them at

39c the Yard

Maybe you don't want a dress so cheap, as thirty-nine cents. We have a better grade if you prefer it, viz. 40 and 42 inch Boucles and rough Scotchy mixtures, at

50c the Yard

Perhaps you want to go a little higher. Here is something extraordinary in an offering of 50 and 54 inch Persian Broche and Brightwood novelties, all wool and sponged and shrunk. at 75c the Yard

And a better grade still, Dress Goods with established reputations, such as all wool Coverts, Broadcloths, in ultra colors, all the new shades, at

98c the Yard

SPECIAL LOW PRICES.

It is only following the natural order of things to find Novelties selling well (when the weather permits.) Novelties of the sort shown in our show windows last week, and are on exhibition today. Novelties with popular and rich combinations and the goods 44 and 46 inches wide, in Silk and Wool Matelasses, Broches, Boucles and Tweeds, and only

98c the Yard

Some high class Novelty Bargains.

Our stock on these goods is getting lower every day and there being no rapid transit across the herring pool. We quote no prices on these goods but respectfully say we have NOVELTIES RICH and STYLISH, fit to grace any lady in the land.

SILKS. SILKS.

Four interesting items today.

FIRST. We name one lot of Fancy Persian Brocade Silks at 59c, instead of $1.00.

SECOND. We call attention to a line of Black Brocade Silks, 24 inches wide, in rich, large spray and scroll designs, at 59c the yard, worse goods sold for 87c today.

SILKS. SILKS. SILKS.

THIRD. Your attention is called to a line of Plain and Glace Tafetta Silks, in superfine texture and rich colorings at

75c the Yard

FOURTH. We invite your inspection of the $1.50 Satin Duchess, 27 in. wide, which we have made a sensation on at

98c the Yard

VELVETS.

See our Silk Velvets at 69c (not all colors).
See our Silk Velvets at 98c, all colors.
See our Silk Velvets at $1.25, all colors.
See our Silk Velvets at $1.50, all colors.
See our Silk Finish Velveteen at 41 1-2c.

THIS IS THE **BON MARCHE AD.** THE PLACE OF **RARE BARGAINS.**

BIG FIRE LAST NIGHT

EUGENE JEFFERSON'S HOUSE GUTTED BY FLAMES.

Cause of the Fire Unknown—Started in the Bath Room—The House Was Unoccupied at the Time.

Quite a disastrous fire occurred last night in the residence of Eugene Jefferson, 44 Boylston street, causing an alarm from box 241 which was rung in by a conductor on the street railroad. The fire had evidently been burning for some time before discovered.

The house was vacant, Mrs. Jefferson being at Dr. Jefferson's hospital for the night. Mr. Jefferson has not occupied the house since her absence.

Mr. Jefferson started a fire there yesterday, but to the best of his knowledge left everything safe from any fire.

The fire caught, apparently, in the bath room on the second floor and the rear part of the house was completely burned, the flames ascending to the attic and through the roof. The damage to the front of the building was principally by water.

SOME CRISP GOSSIP.

At the reception to Fr. McManus at the Mathews' hall, last week, one could not help noticing the enthusiasm of the young men and their gratitude for those who had assisted them in making the affair a success. James Murphy, the conductor of the Glee club, and Charles Young, the decorator, were heartily thanked for the aid given by them.

The latest bulletin of the city library contains in its list of new books on sociology a surprisingly large number on the financial question showing that the question of money has aroused the masses. The demands for works on money are said to be frequent.

An elderly woman whose dress made her conspicuous above all the crowd in the square yesterday afternoon, approached me with the remark: "Young man can you tell me where I can find a reporter who has some humanity in him?" I was about to suggest that Rodney Hemenway had an office in the street when a man passed by who looked remarkably like Jerome F. Manning, Esq., and her question went unanswered.

In the window of the Lowell Inn is an immense deer's head, which once adorned an animal which Denny Landry, the modern Frontenac, shot recently at Lake Wattapaugh, Can. The antlers are beautiful, and the animal must have been a monster, otherwise it never would have been struck by Denny's bullet.

Watch out for the man who shall suggest Varnum Park as the proper place for the republican bon-fire.

A teacher in an Illinois school writes to a friend in this city that for the past week even the children in the schools are gleefully announcing that "Bryan is coming next week." Great is the cause that stirs all classes.

It's great weather—for undertakers.

Republican Parade.

Crowds of people saw the republican torchlight parade Saturday night, run in opposition to the democratic rally. All the local companies were in line and they paraded through Belvidere, Pawtucketville and the principal streets of the city.

N. Y. Cloak AND Suit Co.

12 JOHN STREET

JUST RECEIVED NEW JACKETS AND CAPES



Purchased by us this week from New York's leading manufacturers.

150 SAMPLE JACKETS

The very latest designs, which positively cannot be duplicated later. Price fully **1-3 less than regular values.**

$6.75 Worth $10. One lot Black and Blue Boucle Jackets, 3-4 lined with silk, new collar and puff sleeves, made to sell for $10, **Our price this week only $6.75.**

SAMPLE JACKETS Made from all sorts of materials, two-toned boucles and Persian Effects, Irish Frieze, Kersey and Novelty Cloths, made in the very latest styles and no two alike. Our prices this week mean a big saving to YOU on every garment. **$9.75, $11.50, $13.50, $15 and $18.50.** Actually worth from $5 to $10 more than these prices.

Fur Collarettes Over 100 styles Fur Collarettes to select from. Prices **$3.95, $4.50, $5.75, $6.75, $7.50** and upward.

$7.50 Worth $12.50 A SPECIAL BARGAIN IN FUR CAPES. 25 Russian Wool Seal Capes, edged all around with Thibet Fur 30 inches long, 11½ inches sweep and good satin lining, cannot be duplicated. While they last **Only $7.50 Each**

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

AN EXTRAORDINARY BARGAIN SALE —OF— **LACE CURTAINS**

BEGINS IN OUR STORE TODAY.

We place on sale today about $8000 worth of New Laces bought by us last week from a New York importer at about

60c. on the Dollar.

The stock consists of Nottingham, Irish Point, Brussels, Fish Net and Tambour Muslin and an inspection of the different lots quoted today will prove beyond a shadow of doubt that the values are the greatest ever offered in New England.

NOTTINGHAM.

1 lot sold to date $1.10, Price This Week 69c. a pair.
1 " " " " $1.30, " " " 89c. " "
1 " " " " $1.50, " " " 98c. " "
1 " " " " $1.98, " " " $1.25 " "

IRISH POINT.

1 lot sold to date $4.25, Price This Week $2.98 a pair.
1 " " " " $4.98, " " " $3.49 " "
1 " " " " $5.75, " " " $3.98 " "
1 " " " " $6.98, " " " $4.98 " "

BRUSSELS NET.

1 lot sold to date $7.50, Price This Week $4.98 a pair.
1 " " " " $8.75, " " " $5.98 " "
1 " " " " $10.50, " " " $6.98 " "

FISH NET.

1 lot sold to date $2.98 Price This Week $1.75 a pair.
1 " " " " $3.98 " " " $2.49 " "
1 " " " " $4.75 " " " $2.98 " "

TAMBOUR MUSLINS.

1 lot (extraordinary value) sold to date $5, Price this week $3.75 a pair.

500 ODD PAIRS

Lace Curtains in various kinds will be closed this week at just half price. Make special note of this item and ask to see them.

Sash Curtain Materials.

Our stock is replete with the newest patterns in Muslin, Swiss, Brussel, Tambour, Fish Net, Crepe, Silkoline, Silks and Satteen and the entire stock will be offered this week at special cut prices.

Upholstery Goods.

Tapestry, Damask, Plush, Corduroy, Cretone, Velour, Denim, etc., together with a vast line of Fringes and Loops, will be offered at 20 percent discount from regular prices this week.

Carpets, Rugs and Window Shades.

Will undergo the same cut in price as the upholstery goods so as to make this a second breaking sale week in this Department.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXXII. NO. 44. THE SUN leads in local news. LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1896. THAT'S WHY it leads in circulation. PRICE ONE CENT.

SECOND EDITION

The Sun is the only evening penny paper in Lowell printing Telegraphic News.

POLICE COURT.

Hadley J.

Judge Hadley complimented the officers who arrested Robert Laidlow yesterday for carrying weapons. In court this morning he said the action of the officers met with his hearty approval and said that he wished to impress upon all the members of the force the danger there is in allowing men to carry concealed weapons. He quoted the law bearing on the offense and then bound Laidlow in $200 to keep the peace for 6 months.

Six drunks were fined $1 each and four others were taxed $5 each.

Henry Mahon got 3 months in jail, Mary Harvey 4 months in the workhouse and Ellen King 3 months in the workhouse.

John Kelly who got some lead from Kittredge & Co., upon the pretence that it was for Inspector Donaldson, was sent to jail for six months.

Johanna Kilmartin, charged with stealing a gold ring from Jane Whalen was held in $200 till tomorrow.

Arthur Gordeau, Orila Savinsaw and Odile Tradeau, three boys charged with breaking and entering the place of Albert Duval were held till Friday.

FUNERALS.

GRAY—The funeral of John H. Gray took place yesterday afternoon from his late home, 22 Merrill street and was largely attended. At St. Peter's church service was conducted by Rev. Fr. McManus and interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

DAWSON—The funeral of Catherine Dawson occurred yesterday afternoon from her late home, 3 Front street, and was attended by many relatives and friends. At the grave in the Catholic cemetery service was conducted by Rev. Fr. Scannell.

The pall-bearers were: Murtagh Sullivan, John Sullivan, Peter Mellen, James Burns, John Conroy and Michael Lynch. Among the relatives who attended the funeral were: Mrs. Mary Hale and Mr. Charles Hale of Montreal, and Joseph Hale of Boston.

LYNCH—Ellen Lynch, child of Peter and Mary Lynch, died Saturday at their home on Seventh street. The funeral was held yesterday and burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

BIG SILVER RALLY

Under the Auspices of the Silver League.

Wednesday night there will be a monster rally under the auspices of the non-partisan silver league in Huntington hall. The speakers will be Judge Slanker of Chicago and Charles E. Farrington of Boston. Judge Slanker was heard here before in this campaign and his address so impressed his hearers and roused their enthusiasm that they will be out again Wednesday night to hear him.

PERSONAL.

Rev. Fr. Tierney, a Lowell boy, now stationed in Virginia, is visiting at his home in this city.

Robbed by Footpads.

George Trubey of North Chelmsford reports that he was held up by two footpads near the Chelmsford line early Sunday morning and relieved of his money.

Dr. Desmarais Died Suddenly.

Dr. Joseph Desmarais, aged 53 years, died suddenly of heart disease at his home in Lawrence Saturday night. Deceased was well known by the French people in this city, having resided here about 25 years ago.

Marriage Intentions.

The following intentions were recorded at the city clerk's office today:

George W. Shanahan 26, to Odile Laflamme 21.

Patrick W. Kiernan 25, to Bridget Gaffney, nee Kiernan, 30.

J. F. O'DONNELL UNDERTAKER,

Market, Corner Worthen Street.

Telephone.

FOR FLOWERS

GO TO

PATTEN & CO., FLORISTS

293 Central Street.

$65 GARDNER, 20 Prescott street, has a good Upright Piano, seven octaves for $65.00—Friday—It's just what you want.

BIG DEMOCRATIC RALLY

At Huntington Hall at Which Enthusiasm Ran High.

Addresses by John H. Harrington and Hon. Pierre Humbert of Boston—Able Exposition of the Silver Issue—Mr. Knox Cornered — Hon. John Welch Presided—Republicans Tried in Vain to Empty the Hall.

The democratic rally at Huntington hall on Saturday evening was a great success despite the efforts of republicans to prevent the people from attending. It was one of the most enthusiastic gatherings which was seen in that hall during the campaign if cheering and applause are any criticism.

Hon. Fisher H. Pearson, chairman of the city committee, called to order and after brief remarks introduced Hon. John Welch as chairman of the evening. In assuming the chair Mr. Welch said the hall was filled on the previous night with men who came to see what manner of man the senior senator of Massachusetts is rather than to hear him discuss campaign issues. I believe I should think as much of the nations flag as any man and I left the hall disgusted at the manner in which that flag was used by the Young Republican club in this hall. They accuse us of inciting secession. Did they settle the war of secession? No, in that great struggle a very large proportion of the distinguished generals as well as the bulk of the rank and file were democrats. If the country was again involved in war, the democrats would be the first to respond to the call of duty, and none would more bravely defend the flag, but I surmise that many of the men who bring such charges against us would look for substitutes or flee the country in case of another such conflict. They say if Bryan be elected they will not sustain him, but we tell them that we are ready and able to sustain him and give full effect to the mandate of the sovereign people. Other charges were dealt with and in closing the speaker referred to the absence of former democratic leaders and then introduced in complimentary terms John H. Harrington, candidate for congress in the Fifth district.

Mr. Harrington's Address.

John H. Harrington, candidate for congress, was the first speaker. In opening he said that he had already spoken in most of the cities and towns of the district, but this cordial reception convinced him that the words of that old refrain are still true—"There is no place like home."

We are engaged in a campaign which in many respects is unusual. The platforms of the two great parties present various questions, but there is only one question which the people care to discuss and that is the currency question.

The republicans in their platform say bimetallism is a good thing and that they will give it to the country when they get the permission of foreign powers. I have been trying to find out when they mean to grant us bimetallism and I have concluded that they will give it about 10,000 years after Mark Hanna joins a labor organization. Of late it seems that the republicans forget what they said about bimetallism and advocate only a single gold standard. If they do not favor bimetallism why did they try to delude the people by the bimetallic plank in their platform and if they do favor bimetallism why do they designate as lunatics and anarchists the democrats who advocate it.

The democratic platform also says free coinage is a good thing and it promises to give it to us without the consent of any other nation. That is the platform of the democratic party so far as the currency is concerned. That platform stands for the rights and the interests of the people as opposed to trusts and combines, to speculators and money grabbers, to the designs of foreign financiers and every power that would throttle our industries and render prosperity impossible. On that platform stand the democratic candidates, Bryan and Sewall. (Cheers.) On that platform stand our candidates for governor and lieutenant governor, Williams and Callahan, and on that platform without any excuses or reservation I stand as candidate for congress in the fifth district.

Why do the democrats want bimetallism? Because they have found out something. They have discovered here in this country the domination of a foreign power that controls our currency system reducing us to a condition of industrial slavery, a power that threatens not only our prosperity but our very liberties, a power that is now attempting to elect a president for us. Fellow citizens of every party, in the face of these dangers I ask you if the time has not arrived when you must make up your minds to sign or not to sign the new declaration of independence.

What is the currency question? It means that at the next election we must decide whether we shall continue the present single gold standard or go back to the double standard under which gold and silver were freely coined at the ratio of 16 to 1 by the U. S. mints. Under the gold standard our enormous circulation must depend upon the small quantity of gold no matter who has the gold or what price they demand for it. A continuance of the gold standard is sure to result in national bankruptcy.

The double standard would remedy these evils by rendering it impossible for any coterie of financiers, foreign or domestic, to corner our primary money. This was the system in force from 1792 until 1873 under which the country grew and prospered. But that was before foreigners ran the United States treasury, before our currency was controlled by the Morgans, the Hildelbacks and the Ichelheimers of New York and the Rothschilds, the Barings, the Wolfenstines and Dimkaspiels of London.

Our friends, the republicans, will not take our word for the injuries inflicted upon the country by the demonetization of silver in 1873. They will not admit even that the act was wrong and a crime against the people. The speaker here quoted from Webster showing that gold and silver constitute the standard of our country and that congress had no legal right to change that standard.

He also quoted from James G. Blaine the prophetic words describing the situation of industrial stagnation that exists today as a result of the elimination of silver as standard money.

Next the speaker quoted from the man held in quarantine at Canton, William McKinley, in favor of free silver coinage and against gold monometallism.

He described the prosperous times enjoyed under the double standard and the era of distress starting with 1873 and leading to industrial depression, to strikes, and idleness, due not to over-production, but to under-consumption, producing hordes of tramps to the Coxey armies, the gold bugs and finally the bond issues. "Is it not now time," said the speaker, "that the people should come not for vengeance but for justice."

The speaker next read the following from Mr. Knox as reported in a morning paper:

"But it may be asked how does it happen that 53 cents worth (of silver) today is worth a dollar after it is coined. It is because the government contracts the coinage and guarantees to redeem it for that amount in gold."—Mail.

The only trouble with this statement is that it is wholly false. I should like to have Mr. Knox point out to me when, where or how the government made a compact to redeem silver dollars in gold.

Where should we get the gold? (A voice, steal it.)

If the government should so redeem them it would only start an endless chain same as it has now on the paper dollar which would embarrass the treasury still more.

Again I find Mr. Knox reported in a morning paper as delivering himself of the following gem:

"We can't wait for Mr. Bryan to experiment in free silver for it is evident that he does not know much about it yet. We cannot wait for him to learn."

Where did Mr. Knox learn so much about the currency question that he speaks with such an air of superiority? Oh! I forgot, he is a banker, and a corporation man. That is why he knows all about it and why Mr. Bryan knows nothing about it. Here the speaker told a funny story of "Barney Mulligan" engaging as a sailor to illustrate the comparison between Mr. Knox and Mr. Bryan on the money question.

Our opponents say that the mine owners would be profited by free silver. I admit it. They would. But if free silver will benefit the country is that any reason why we should not have it? Suppose a public improvement is needed should we not have it because it would enhance somebody's land.

Suppose we had a public thoroughfare known as Silver street, open to the public for 50 years, and the residents of Gold street, wanting business turned to their own doors, got Silver street closed and kept it closed until with the increased traffic Gold street became wholly inadequate. The public demands that Silver street be reopened and the people on Gold street raise a cry that to open it would benefit the abutters! We should consider only the public convenience and necessity and open Silver street without delay.

The gold orators say that to the silver mine owners the dollar under free coinage will be worth 100 cents, but they sound the alarm to the wage earners and the depositors in savings banks assuring them that the same dollar would be worth but 53 cents.

You see the value of the dollar changes as it passes from the miner to the wage earner, so that we shall have to grab it while the value is 100 cents. This is one of the republican proofs that we shall have depreciated dollars under free coinage.

Again they say the value of silver cannot be changed by legislation. How is it that republicans have been telling us that they have been keeping up prices for years by a high tariff? By legislation silver was cut down, the price of gold increased because the demand for it was increased. By free coinage the demand for silver would be increased and in consequence the price would rise. The gold bugs would not then be able to corner the basis of our circulating medium. Then money would come from its hiding places and enter the channels of business. Soon the people would be enabled to buy what they want, and their needs would call for greater production, and thus prosperity would be restored.

In conclusion the speaker referred to the intimidation of voters, which obliged some to wear the wrong button, but he urged all to fearlessly register their choice at the polls and to wield the power of the ballot for good and remember especially on election day, the words of Wolsey,

"Be just and fear not,
Let all the ends thou aim'st at
Be thy Country's, thy Gods and Truth's.
(Cheers.)

Hon. Pierre Humbert of Boston.

One of the best silver orators of the whole country, and probably the best posted man in New England on the money question, is Hon. Pierre Humbert of Boston. He has studied the subject for 23 years on both sides of the Atlantic, and has had the best of opportunities for securing inside information on every point. He is besides a natural orator whose strong, musical voice and dramatic action arouse the audience to a high pitch of enthusiasm. He has been badly treated by the gold press on account of his scathing denunciations and unanswerable argument. Accordingly when two newspaper men took their seats at the reporters' table, he directed much of his sarcasm at them, singling out a Sun representative in particular as the butt for his now-and-then "Put that down, Mr. Reporter," or "Put that in your paper, Mr. Editor." The speaker imagined he was directing his remarks to the correspondents of the Boston Herald.

In opening, he said, one would imagine by hearing republican speakers, that all the countries of the world of any importance have the same financial system, whereas no two countries have systems exactly alike.

Those of England and Germany resemble most, but every country has its own policy of sustaining its gold reserve, but there is none so defective as that in force in the United States.

The United States today has the gold standard imposed without the sanction of the people by a certain coterie of Wall street and State street financiers, who ask you now to cement the bonds that these people weave around you, who ask you to put the seal of finality on that act of treachery. Will you do it? (Shouts of never).

When a few years later a free coinage measure passed both houses by an overwhelming majority it was vetoed by Pres. Hayes. Then we found out why Hayes was counted in. It was to veto the bill which the financiers knew was coming. We had not the two-thirds vote to pass the measure over Hayes' veto and so we were obliged to adopt the scheme of coining $2,000,000 worth of silver per month. They said to us, for every dollar of silver you mint you will drive a dollar of gold out of the country; but for every dollar of silver we minted we added a dollar of gold to our currency.

Report that in the gold press, Mr. Newspapermen.

For the dollars of silver we have not minted since the repeal of the Sherman bill, we have exported gold and were it not for the failure of the crops in India and other countries, we should be exporting our gold today and that "confidence" game would be as far off as ever.

I see by the papers you have had Senator Hoar addressing you on campaign issues, man who on his recent return from Europe was interviewed on the money question before the Nabobs of state street and before the campaign committee had time to reach him. He let go on bimetallism and its advantages, expressing the greatest satisfaction that the republican party would give it to us at some future time. If he spoke honestly then he is not honest with the people now, for in reading his address in the press I was astonished at how little he knew and how much he covered up that he did know.

He denies that silver will rise under free coinage, thereby disagreeing with the Boston Herald which admits that it will go up "some." There is no demand for silver bullion they tell us, but just open the mints and see what a demand there will be. Those silver dollars would be wanted by every one of you and you would find each good for 100 cents.

"Mr. Bryan admits that if he be elected there will be a panic," says Senator Hoar. Mr. Bryan never admitted anything of the kind. They tell us if Bryan be elected prices will rise and still they say we shall have a panic, but no country ever had a panic on rising prices. They know that, but like the newspaper men are stating what they know to be untrue.

The republicans tell us we had high prices under the McKinley tariff, but it happens that we were then putting more silver into our currency than ever before, and that explains why prices were kept up. Then it required high prices to pay the additional tax. See?

Senator Hoar asks "do you want a dollar like what you have now, or a dollar only half the value of the present dollar?" That question will never come forward, for when Bryan is elected there will be no fifty cent dollars, there will be more dollars, and more business in which to use them.

The speaker next referred to Senator Hoar's reference to Governor Altgeld's criticism of the Supreme court. The Massachusetts senator says that he was consulted upon the appointment of all judges during his time in the senate, and judges were always appointed on account of their judicial ability, their learning and legal acumen. Does Senator Hoar remember the legal tender decision of that court for which it was packed by the republican party. Republicans are always honest, if you let themselves tell it.

The issue before you now is whether you will keep to the gold standard, or go back to the double standard of gold and silver. Gold has appreciated during the past 23 years as much as 90 per cent., although Senator Hoar, unwilling to admit this, which he knows to be true, says it is absolutely beyond the powers of the human intellect to find out whether gold has appreciated or not. We all know that a gold dollar today will buy nearly twice as much as it did 20 years ago, or in other words, it will take nearly twice as much of our average commodities to purchase a gold dollar, which shows that the prices of these commodities have fallen in the same proportion as the value of gold has risen. The gold dollar is, therefore, a dishonest dollar, and any dollar is a dishonest dollar which is continually changing in value. Silver throughout all this time has kept its place on a level with the average of all other staple commodities. This is why the monetization of silver would give us an honest dollar.

Why are the gold men willing to contribute so much money to carry this election? It is because they derive a steady income from the appreciation of gold. This is like taking the blood in the Shylock contract which the judge refused to allow.

What we want is an honest measure of value, and when we have free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 we shall have an honest and fixed measure of value. Were we to adopt any other ratio, the government would be compelled to retire $500,000,000 in silver coinage, and then to recoin them at the new ratio. That is what the gold men want, because it would give them more for their gold.

The speaker next referred to the sudden increase in the price of wheat, owing to the failure of the crop in India, and quoted Mr. Reed as follows:

"One thing at least I have learned since the cessation of silver purchases last year, that cheap silver is an effective stimulus to Asiatic exports."

"But," the question was put to him "What do you propose to do? If cheap silver assists Asiatic exports, and no doubt that is the case then by no tariff corrective here can you help your agriculturists. The stimulus of cheapening silver must continue to reduce the prices at which Asia can afford to sell wheat and cotton in the markets of Europe."

"Yes, I agree," said Mr. Reed. "This is the aspect of the silver question, which I am frank to confess has only since last year attracted our notice in the eastern states. The fall in silver, its value to pay wages, and to buy products with India and China being as great as ever, and it is that makes the silver issue an issue we are forced to face."

(As to the solution.) "I understand that England is the only difficulty."

The speaker stated that the logic of the situation in regard to the wheat question gave America a great opportunity to take advantage of England. Should this country adopt free coinage at the present time, England would have to buy our wheat in our money, and we could demand gold if desirable in payment. But should the wheat crop of India improve next year, and England should decide to buy her wheat there, she would have to buy our silver in order to pay India for the wheat, so that in either case we could have a little corner upon her.

Mr. Humbert next referred to the Bank of England advancing the rate of discount to check the flow of gold to this country, but as England cannot get wheat anywhere else she may raise the rate to seven per cent., and still the gold will come here in exchange for wheat. When we get a corner in England she will pay us what we want or starve. (Applause).

In 1873 the speaker was in London and talking to a banker was informed of the demonetization of silver before the American people knew anything about it. The banker said to him; "How will you pay your debts in gold?" "We will pay them in silver if we see fit was the reply." "You can't; silver is demonetized."

"By whom?" asked Mr. Humbert. "By congress but I guess we had a hand in it," said the London banker. That was the first he heard of the coime of 1873.

The speaker next showed how the banks opposed the government during the war. The banks of New York foreclosed on this government and the nation trembled as never before. They raised the rate of interest to 15 per cent. and they thought they had us for they were treacherous then as they are now. But we had a great secretary of state and a congress patriotic from the speaker's desk to the door and they issued $50,000,000 of greenbacks making it legal tender and the corner on the government was burst. Lincoln, in the face of the opposition by the banks, said, "I cannot fight a war in front of me and another in the rear" at the same time.

In conclusion the speaker predicted the triumph of the democracy and urged the support of Mr. Harrington to uphold President Bryan in carrying a free coinage bill. (Cheers.)

Sleep

Induced by the use of coca, opiate or narcotic compounds is bad, decidedly bad. It undermines the health and shatters the constitution and the patient is steadily growing into a worse condition—often resulting in the terrible slavery and misery of the cocaine and opium habit. Sleep induced by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla does not perhaps come as quickly, but it comes more surely and more permanently through nature's great restoring and rejuvenating channel—purified, vitalized and enriched blood. This feeds the nerves with life-giving energy and builds up the system and constitution from the very foundation of all health and life—the blood—pure, rich, red blood.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, indigestion, biliousness. 25 cents.

LOCAL NOTES.

City Solicitor Qua's office at city hall is being tinted a delicate color.

The Lowell's Manufacturing Co. resumed operations this morning after a two weeks' shut-down.

The alumni association of St. Patrick's Boys' school held a meeting yesterday and made arrangements for a sociable.

At St. Patrick's church next Thursday morning, an anniversary requiem mass will be celebrated for the repose of the souls of Rev. John and Rev. Timothy O'Brien.

John J. Lonergan will be general manager, Daniel Hogan and John J. Hunt, floor managers, at the festival of the St. Vincent de Paul society of St. Patrick's parish, in Huntington hall, Nov. 19.

Lost.—Between West street and Coburn street, a pocket book containing a small sum of money. The owner is a poor widow and the finder will be doing an act of charity by leaving it in care of The Sun office.

Every man, woman and child should take in the excursion from Lowell Thursday next. The fare round trip $1.05 and admission to New England's great exposition, the World's Food Fair is very low. What can interest the eye or please the ear is found there. Free samples of food and literature given away for the thousands. The only chance of a life time to see this congress of art and beauty.

The British steamer Worsley Hall, Capt. Cameron from New Orleans, Oct. 16, for Havre, passed in at Sandy Hook, N. Y., this morning with a cargo of cotton on fire. The crew was nearly exhausted with work and anxiety. It will probably be necessary to scuttle her.

HORSE DEAL CASE

It is Now On Trial at Superior Court.

THREE COUNCILMEN, MESSRS. CLAPP AND CHENEY

In the Dock—Mr. Weir Opens the Case.

It was an unusual sight at the opening of the Superior court to see the court room crowded to the doors, but it was an unusual case that brought them together, in fact a remarkable case, for its like is unknown in the history of Lowell's criminal annals.

Councilmen Hunton, Hugh Maguire and Fred A. George, and Supt. Cleveland J. Cheney and Charles Clapp were the principals, and the defendant in the celebrated case, and all are charged with the crime of conspiracy while in addition to that charge Jonathan G. Hunton, a member of the "reform" city government, is charged with unlawfully selling a horse to the city while a member of the city council. The defendants were also present early in the morning and sat together apparently with little or no peace of mind within the bar. Their counsel Burke, Marshall and Corbett and for Mr. Maguire, John J. Hogan was also represented.

An unusually large number of attorneys were present as were many connected with the present and past city governments. City Solicitor Qua, who so ably conducted the hearing in the case leading to the subsequent action of the grand jury, was present and conspicuous though of course he could take no active part in the trial, the prosecution of which belongs to District Attorney Wier and Assistant District Attorney Sanderson.

The juries gathered between 9.30 and 10 o'clock and the members had an opportunity to become acquainted during the delay attending the opening of the court.

At 10.10 Judge Hardy came in accompanied by Rev. C. L. Merriam, and the court was opened with the good old-fashioned formal announcement, Rev. Mr. Merriam's opening prayer being quite impressive.

The district attorney announced immediately that both sides were ready for trial in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Hunton et al, and the juries were called. There were no Lowell men in the first jury. Mr. Clapp who was ill when the others were arraigned pleaded not guilty this morning.

The five men having been placed at the dock the names of the jurors were called, each defendant having the privilege of challenging two without cause. Challenged by the government were Harvey D. Brown, Isaac W. Brown, George Kenow, Dennis Donovan, Wm. H. Marston, Bernard McCabe, Augus McDonald, George F. Parsons of this city. Challenged by the defence was Calvin D. Crawford.

The jury then retired to select a foreman, and while they were out the defendants were given permission to sit within the bar.

The first jury selected Stephen C. Currier of Everett, as foreman, after which the clerk read the lengthy indictment which occupied 30 minutes. At the conclusion of the reading the second jury reported the selection of Foreman George F. Dyer of Chelmsford and District Attorney Wier then opened the government's case with very forcible remarks.

In his opening remarks, District Attorney Wier explained the municipal offices held by four of the defendants, and then dwelt upon the evidence that would be introduced.

During the course of District Attorney Weir's remarks, Mr. Burke, for the defence, objected several times to statements made by him. On these objections the court said would rule it later, if necessary.

Mr. Wier talked from 11.15 to 12.50. In conclusion, he said that the issue is therefore whether two or more of these men agreed to buy for the city horses belonging to Hunton or horses belonging to Clapp, with a subsequent reward.

The government witnesses were then sworn. There were 19 of them.

The first witness called was Girard P. Dadman, city clerk of Lowell, who has charge of all records kept.

The city charter, ordinances and rules of both branches were admitted after which Mr. Dadman was asked to produce the record of the city elections last year.

He then produced, when requested, the record of the appointment of the street committee.

Court adjourned at 1 o'clock for dinner.

TARIFF NOT THE ISSUE

As Proved by the Money Panic of 1893, While the McKinley Tariff Was in Force.

The Sunday Register of Lawrence, referring to Mr. Harrington's address in that city, said:

Mr. Harrington, in his address, made it very clear that the tariff is not the issue in this campaign; he proved by the strongest argument that while this country had a double standard, or up to 1873, our prosperity was steady and rapid in its growth, while after the demonetization of silver came the tramps, the business depression, the idle factories, the low wages, the gold bugs and their extortions from the people. He showed that the McKinley tariff was in full force in 1893, during the money panic, and that if a high tariff was what we wanted, the McKinley tariff then in force should have averted that panic. Mr. Knox is going around the district talking tariff, and scouting the idea that there is any trouble due to the monetary system. This is in direct contradiction to the facts which are visible to every citizen, and it should and will induce voters on election day to support the candidate who strikes at the root of our present evils, and offers a remedy, rather than the candidate who denies the cause of our trouble and prescribes for a disease from which we do not suffer at the present time.

FIRST CHURCH

Will Hold a Very Important Meeting Tonight.

An important meeting will be held in the First Congregational church this evening. It has been called by members who have been prominent in leasing the church. It will decide if a committee shall be appointed to call an advisory council from other Congregational churches of the Andover conference.

THE SUN EXTRA 5 O'CLOCK

FATALLY INJURED

Boy Struck by a Train at the Round-House

AND RECEIVED A VERY BAD SCALP WOUND.

He Can Live But a Short Time.

A French boy about 15 years of age was struck by the 1 o'clock Boston train up at the old round house at the foot of Howard street this afternoon and received a badly fractured skull. No one knew who the little fellow is but a boy who happened along just as he was being placed in the ambulance said he believed the little fellow lived in Court street, Ayer city.

He was taken to St. John's hospital and at 2.30 it was stated he was very low and could not recover. So far as can be learned he was walking along the tracks and did not know the train was approaching till it struck him.

KILLED BY DYNAMITE.

Houses Shaken for More Than a Mile Around.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 26.—Two men were killed, and the mixing department of the Acme Dynamite works, near Hulton, Pa., was demolished at 8 o'clock this morning by an explosion. Houses were shaken for more than a mile around.

LI HUNG CHANG

Is Honored and Dishonored at the Same Time.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Pekin, Oct. 26.—Li Hung Chang is appointed minister of foreign affairs.

Simultaneously with the appointment as minister the imperial edict orders Li Hung Chang punished for presuming to enter the precincts of the ruined summer palace while visiting the dowager empress.

WORK SUSPENDED

For Two Weeks—The Loss Estimated at $75,000.

By Associated Press to the Sun.

Lawrence, Mass., Oct. 26.—Work will probably be suspended at the Washington mills for two weeks at least as a result of last night's fire. The officials state the damage will be $75,000 chiefly on dye work.

HOT FROM THE WIRE.

The Boston Rubber Co.'s factory at Malden started this morning on full time, giving work to 3000 hands.

Burglars blow open the safe of H. Sheldon & Co., grocers, at Hudson, N. Y., last night, and stole over $450 in money and several watches.

Postal Clerks

The members of the M. V. Association of postal clerks met in the Essex house, Lawrence, yesterday, Capt. Dolan presiding. D. J. Devine of this city submitted a report of the convention at Denver Sept. 14. The meeting was addressed by Postmaster Sweeney of Lawrence.

Twenty finishers in Gilman's hat factory Bradford, struck this morning against a reduction of 20 per cent. in wages.

PROTECTION GENTLEMEN:

To be good for anything must protect—an overcoat likewise to be of real value—must be honestly made and trimmed, the line must be in keeping with the cloth—Make No Mistake About It—if the lining is poor—the stitching is bad and the whole garment is figuratively speaking "thrown together."

Did You Ever See a Shuman Overcoat With a Poor Lining? Never.

If you will visit our store today, we will show an overcoat for $12, that has more protection to the square inch than any in town—We had 100 of these coats last Saturday morning—not a great many this morning, but every size still—we told you Saturday these coats would cost anywhere from $20 down to 15, that statement was true or we would not have made it—when the last of this lot is sold—possibly we may have some as good, but not Shuman's—this is a special offer at $12, and at that price we can get no more.

MERRIMACK Fashion Corner Opp. City Hall CLOTH'G CO.

There are only two ways to get an overcoat that's correct, go to a tailor or come here and buy one. Rogers, Peet & Co.'s overcoats, young men's and men's $15 to $40.

We've a special Kersey overcoat, black and blue—for $10 that we offer in competition with any fifteen dollar overcoat in Lowell.

Merchant tailor length: back closed at bottom: triple warp Italian linings: Skinner satin sleeve linings, a guarantee ticket on every coat—price $10.

Your money back gives you a chance to compare it.

PUTNAM & SON.
166 Central Street.

A LOWELL MAN SUICIDES

CUTTING HIS THROAT WITH A RAZOR.

Albert M. Stowell the Victim—The Body Brought Here.

The body of an unknown man apparently about 55 years of age was found on top of a 50 foot bluff just opposite the Eddie in Amoskeag, Manchester, N. H., Saturday afternoon, and was later identified as Albert M. Stowell, aged 64 years, of this city, who has been missing from his home, 55 Willow street, since Oct. 19, when he left home look for work.

He leaves a widow and one married daughter in this city and a son who does not reside here. The daughter and her husband went to Manchester Saturday and the remains were brought to this city yesterday by Undertaker Brooks.

The body shows that an attempt was made to sever an artery on the inside of the left thigh where a deep gash was cut. This apparently not proving effective another cut was made across the throat completely severing the windpipe.

There was nothing in the pockets but a letter addressed to the deceased (by which he was identified) written by his brother, E. G. Stowell of Guthrie Centre, Iowa.

The family of the deceased say that when he left home he was in the best of spirits, although there been some reasons of late to warrant the apprehension that he might attempt to make way with himself, as he has been quite despondent on account of his failure to obtain employment.

CO. M. FIFTH

In the Shoot of the Ninth Regiment.

The 9th infantry held its annual rifle shoot at the state range, South Framingham, Saturday afternoon, and despite the very unfavorable conditions of the weather the teams made very good scores.

For the fourth consecutive year, Co. L of Natick won the state trophy, with 367 points to its credit the highest made.

Co. M of this city was in fifth place with a total of 328.

Why Not?

If you are economizing why not look over your printing bills and see if you are not paying too much for printing? Call at this office and get prices on your work, and see if we cannot save money for you.

Next Wednesday members of the Master Builders associations of the state will hold their convention at the rooms of the Lowell association.

MONEY

deposited in the Savings Department of the Traders' National bank, corner Middlesex St. and Post Office avenue, before 4 p. m. Tuesday Nov. 3d., will draw interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum from Nov. 1st Interest compounded semi-annually. Savings Department open from 8 a. m. till 4 p. m. daily Saturday's from 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. and Saturday evening from 7 till 9 o'clock.

WM. F. HILLS, Cashier.

Are You Going on the Grand Excursion to Boston and Visit THE WORLD'S FOOD FAIR.

Second Excursion From Lowell,

Thursday, Oct. 29. Round Trip Tickets $1.05.

Including admission to The World's Food Fair. Good on all regular trains going and coming on above date. What the people say. The Greatest Exposition of its kind ever held in New England—Congress of Art and Beauty—400 Souvenir Spoons given away every day—Free samples for the thousands—Hear the Salem Cadet Band, 40 picked musicians play sweetly—See the sights and go away happy.

BIRCH WOOD CHEAP, One Dollar will buy 14 baskets of birch wood at Copper's wood yard 28 Concord street. Postal orders promptly attended to. Telephone 488-5.

The Consumers' Brewing Co.'s EXPORT BEER

Bottled and Steamed at the Brewery.

An Excellent Tonic

For Sale by All Local Dealers.

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL MASS.

Issued Daily; Sundays Excepted.

Per Year, $3.00 Per Month, 25c.

City Delivery and Postage Free.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

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FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

ARTHUR SEWALL of Maine

FOR GOVERNOR.

GEORGE F. WILLIAMS of Dedham.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,

CHRIS. T. CALLAHAN of Holyoke.

FOR CONGRESSMAN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON of Lowell

BIENNIAL ELECTIONS AND CITY CHARTER.

Voters should remember that besides voting for the party candidates for state and nation, they will have to vote upon the biennial election resolve. If a majority favors that measure the result will be that we shall have state elections only once in two years.

The revision of the city charter of Lowell will also have to be passed upon by residents of this city. If it passes, certain changes will be effected in the charter which will improve our city government, lower taxes by preventing extravagance and locate responsibility more in the chief executive and other officials so that if anything is wrong the people will know whom to blame.

This measure should also be voted for by every democrat as one that will lead to economic government.

MR. KNOX'S MISSTATEMENTS.

Mr. Knox, the republican candidate for congress, has been making some very doubtful statements in his campaign addresses. For example, he says that free silver is an untried theory, that it means repudiation and a scaling of debts. He also says that it means the payment of wages in 53c. dollars. At the same time he says that the free silver movement is intended mainly to benefit the silver mine owners, because it will enable them to get a dollar for 53c. worth of silver.

Now if the silver dollar under free coinage is worth but 53c. to a laboring man, how will it be worth 100c. to a mine owner?

That is a question which it might be well for Mr. Knox or some of his mud-slinging organs to explain.

But this Lawrence banker also makes the statement that the low tariff provided by the Wilson bill is responsible for the business depression, the hard times and the closing of our factories.

The people of this district remember the panic of 1893 with all its distress. They remember, too, that during that year and for six months afterwards, the McKinley tariff was in full force. If the high tariff provided by McKinley is a protection against hard times, how can the panic of 1893 be explained?

The only explanation is that the tariff was not a factor in the case at all as any intelligent citizen can plainly see.

The falsity of this claim is a self evident fact which cannot be denied. Then if not the tariff the cause of bad times is undoubtedly the effect of the gold standard.

In a speech at Huntington hall on the 15th of October, Mr. Knox made another statement which we can prove wholly groundless. He said that Senator Stewart publishes the Silver Knight at Washington, D. C., and in order to avoid hiring union printers, he sends the paper across the Potomac to Alexandria to be printed. The editor of the Sun wrote the Silver Knight asking if there was any truth in this statement, and the reply which is subjoined is self explanatory:

Silver Knight, 1420 N. Y. Avenue,
Washington, D. C.,
Oct. 19, 1896.

Editor Lowell Sun:

Dear Sir:—In reply to your letter of the 16th inst will say that the assertion of Mr. Knox, that our paper, the "Silver Knight" is printed in Alexandria, Va., in order to avoid employing union men is a falsehood out of the whole cloth. After we started the Silver Knight, we bought out the National Watchman and its plant was located at Alexandria, Va. The National Watchman had a lease on the building for five years which had not run out and we assumed the responsibility of the lease and therefore let the plant remain in Va. Our printers are all members of the union there and have been all the while. This story is framed by our enemies in order to counteract the effect and influence of the Silver Knight. If any further proof on this point be demanded it can be readily furnished.

Yours truly,
J. H. TURNER,
(Dictated.) Business Manager.

This letter should convince everybody that Mr. Knox's statement regarding the Silver Knight is erroneous. In one of his speeches in Lowell Mr. Knox made the the statement that the present silver dollar, which contains but 53 cents' worth of silver, is worth 100 cents, because the government is pledged to redeem them in gold. The government has never made any such compact and Mr. Carlisle has stated so over his own signature. But it is useless to follow Mr. Knox further. The above will suffice to show the strange recklessness of his statements. His assertion that a higher tariff will bring back prosperity is, however, more misleading to the masses than any other which that gentleman has made. These, however, will give the voters an idea of his veracity.

THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN

TREASON AND REVOLUTION.

Two Astounding Goldbug Admissions—Threats Against Self Government.

In the course of his speech at Detroit recently Senator John M. Palmer said, as reported in the New York World, a goldbug paper:

"For myself I would prefer to live under a righteous monarchy rather than submit to such principles as those declared by the Chicago convention."

It is lucky for Senator Palmer that he is living under a government that permits free speech; otherwise his remark would be considered treasonable and hostile to the government under which he holds a high office and to which he owes allegiance. Senator Palmer should not be permitted to hold his place in the United States senate a single day.

When he says he prefers a monarchy rather than to submit to the Chicago platform, he violates his allegiance to the Constitution. He should be impeached as soon as the senate meets. A senator was once expelled for a similar but far less flagrant offense.

But this is not the only instance where the fangs of the plutocrats have been shown at the possibility of the rule of the common people and not the money power.

Recently the chairman of the Republican county committee for New York city, Mr. Edward Lauterbach, characterized the men who formulated and are supporting the Democratic national platform as "devils and anarchists" and described the platform itself as "infamous, communistic, and socialistic." He concluded thus:

"It is a bloodless fight. No blood will be shed—at least not yet. But if they attempt to subvert your supreme court, if they should succeed, by any chance, in foisting upon you these horrible doctrines—anarchistic, socialistic and communistic—which that platform adopted by this Populistic brood contains, we will not abide by that decision."

Possibly it did not occur to this plutocratic henchman that the above sentiment is not only anarchistic, but treasonable from whatever point it be viewed.

Yet both Senator Palmer and Mr. Lauterbach expressed—perhaps in an unguarded moment—the covert opinions of the goldbugs and the plutocrats. They are really fighting against self government. They all prefer a monarchical form of government, only they dare not admit it.

The Mexican dollar will buy as much for the Mexican workingman in Mexico as the American dollar will buy for the American workingman in America.

Wanted Free Silver.

Pennsylvania Republican platform, adopted at Harrisburg, Sept. 5, 1877:

Resolved, That the long and successful existence under the laws of congress of the gold and silver standard warrants us in demanding the early repeal of the legislation which demonetized silver and established an almost exclusive gold standard, and we therefore favor a return of the free and unrestricted coinage of the dollar of 1873 and its restoration to the position it held as legal tender during the 80 years of our national existence, thus preserving the equality of the commercial value of the silver dollar with the gold dollar, keeping both in circulation.

When you need printing remember The Sun.

VERY DAZZLING STROKE

AN OPERATOR HAS WOOED FORTUNE'S FICKLE FAVOR.

A Few Days Since He Was Simply an Employee of the Western Union—Now He Is Being Called on by Hosts of Eager Theatrical Managers.

This is the story of a stroke of fortune. It was one of those rare, inspiring things that providence in its generosity sometimes permits.

The stroke fell unexpectedly. It stunned the modest, humble fellow whom, in a dizzy half hour, it swept into the bewildering dazzle and clamor of a sudden success. It was a lightning stroke.

It was a refreshing spectacle, a sight to remember.

I have seen so much of the tragedy of failure, so much of the pitiable display of misdirected effort, that seeing this sudden burst of triumph was, I felt as I sat there amid the noise of applause and the excitement of the modest man's victory, worth all the dramatic performances of a season.

It was a week ago last night. The brilliant electric lights in front of one of the Broadway theaters spelled out a new invention. "My Friend From India," the huge letters of light said, would that night be presented for the first time.

That was all I knew. A first night is at least a novelty. I went in.

Here is what I did not know until that night after the lights of the theater were out. I heard it while seated with some friends discussing the play:

Tuesday morning early a telegraph operator told the Western Union manager that he wanted to get off that night.

"And maybe tomorrow night," he added.

He was one of the many of the Western Union's men, tried in the service, faithful and expert. The manager knew him well and thought of him as he did of the thousand other human machines who operate the city wires of the big telegraph company. The operator was about 28, dark and with a black mustache.

"Well!" said the manager sternly, and added in a moment, "I believe they're going to put on your play tonight, are they not?"

"Yes," said the operator modestly. "At the Bijou. Can't you come around?"

"No, thanks," said the manager dryly. "Guess not. Think he'll be a go?"

"I hope so, but you can never tell. A play has to be tried before an audience before you can tell. It's the only one I've ever written."

The operator was nervous when he got to the Bijou. He slipped in in a frightened sort of manner.

"Say, isn't that the guy that wrote the play?" asked one of the ushers. "I've seen him hanging around the theater."

Nobody could tell. Nobody knew the quiet man.

The audience filed in and filled up the seats. People came into the box. Skeptical looking critics came close down to the stage and took their seats. All the while the nerves of the operator were fidgeting frightfully.

And this I saw.

The curtain swung up. A conventional looking parlor was presented. An unpromising fat character, impersonated by Frederic Bond, came in and did some talking. A German maid appeared. Two daughters came on the scene. And then a dissipated son with a bad head left over from the previous night.

All very conventional. Very commonplace. Very familiar.

The audience sat up stiff and straight in their chairs, cold and unmoved, unapproving.

The play ran through its first act. There had scarcely been a gleam of promise. Maybe it would pick up. The nervous operator must have sunk deeper into his seat.

Act No. 2 started off briskly. It "picked up" from the start. The audience warmed up. It was like a cocktail after soda water. The operator's pulse beat with life again.

Applause! A lively clatter of it and bursts of laughter even. Again applause; again laughter.

And now applause, laughter, applause, laughter without limit. The audience has reached a high pitch of enthusiasm. The play is screamingly funny and growing funnier. The situations are novel and ridiculous, and whether you will or not you are forced to laugh.

A sour and crusty old member in front of me, who I am sure has not laughed in years before, is shaking his stiff sides.

Everybody is laughing. It is in the air. The curtain swings down on the second act amid screams of laughter and applause. For a minute the audience applauds on, and then with a common impulse every one begins to shout:

"Author, author!"

The cry is repeated, and the enthusiasm grows.

Away down in the middle of the applauding throng a scarlet looking man stands up. He rises haltingly, looks around as if fixing to run away, and then, trembling like an aspen, he braces himself and stands there as if waiting to be executed.

For a moment he stood there unseen in the tumult. The people raged on. Then they saw him. Their cheers grew wilder, and the modest operator's fright increased. Some man dragged him into a box and stood him up in front, where, dazed and wondering, he bowed and swayed and almost fainted.

It was plain that this modest fellow, whose path of life had always run along those quiet vales unreached by applause, could not realize that all this noise was being made for him; that all those well dressed people were screaming themselves red in the face in his honor.

He felt giddy, foolish. He bowed in every direction, and then sat down. The applause rattled on.

People took up their play bills inquiringly. Critics repeated the name.

"Du Souchet! H. A. Du Souchet! Never heard that name before. He's a new man, but he's come."

And when the modest operator went out hundreds crowded about him to shake his hands. He could scarcely make his way out. And he could not believe but it was a dream.

The next day nearly a hundred managers called on Du Souchet. He took a week off. His week was up last night. I don't know whether he went back to his key and ticker or not. Perhaps he has taken a mouth to receive the theatrical managers who are calling on him and making him extravagant offers to write plays for them.

This thing of being a lion is new to him. It's worth a week's salary from the Western Union.—New York Cor. Atlanta Constitution.

A Sure Thing.

A Rock Island potter has made a jug containing 116 gallons. The Kentucky candidate who secures that for his canvass is a sure winner.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Cause and Effect.

The French Advocate—I wish, M. le President, to call two witnesses who have not been subpœnaed.

The President—Are you satisfied that they will help us to arrive at the truth?

The French Advocate—Quite satisfied. I have not had time to communicate with them.—London Globe.

A Word Painter.

"Danbyn tells me that he is thinking of trying his hand at a picture of a prize fight."

"Well, I knew he was an artist in oils, but I didn't know he leaned toward word painting."—Indianapolis Journal.

APPLE AND HONEY

Prevents pulmonary diseases,
Preserves the bronchial tubes,
Lessens lung troubles,
Eradicates purulent secretions.

Always acts promptly,
Never fails to comfort,
Delightful to take.

Has wonderful curative properties,
Often saves a doctor,
Nausea permanently prevented,
Every one likes it,
You should try it.

JOHN M. PEVEY, 55-57 MIDDLE ST

WONDERFUL are the cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and yet they are simple and natural. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes PURE BLOOD.

PRESIDENT ROBERTS MAY RETIRE.

Head of the Pennsylvania Railroad System Too Heavily Taxed.

The report is revived, and it finds many believers in railroad circles, that Mr. George B. Roberts, the president of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, is about to retire from his position as the executive head of that great corporation.

Two reasons are given for this rumored action of Mr. Roberts. His health, it is known among his friends, has not been good for some time past, and it is said that the increasing business of the railroad company, in connection with the affairs of the Joint Traffic association, has become so great as to require the larger part of Mr. Roberts' time in New York—more, in fact, than he is able to give and yet attend to the multifarious duties of the presidency.—Washington Star.

Cyclists Win In Missouri.

Circuit Judge Russell has decided that the Missouri Railroad company must carry J. R. Bettis' bicycle from Webster Grove to St. Louis and return without charge above the cost of Mr. Bettis' transportation ticket. The case was instituted last April as a test. The railway company filed a motion to quash the alternative writ of mandamus secured, and Judge Russell overruled the motion. The decision applies to all railways in Missouri.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Joint Debate.

The challenge sped, and thousands heard
The bold defiance hurled.
These men, whose bosoms fierce were stirred,
Would fight before the world.

A difference of opinion led
Their ire to corruscate.
The populace stood by in dread
And watched them toy with fate.

"How shall we fight?" inquired the first.
"We'll use the modern mode,"
Came the reply. "We'll do our worst,
With grammar as the code."

And there was fearful carnage there
In that arena vast,
For each one brought an army fair,
And valiant to the last.

At morning, when the sun shone red,
Ah, what a sight was there!
The janitor, affrighted, fled,
A creature of despair.

For wounded subjects met his eye,
And predicates, hurt sore,
And various kinds of verbs limped by,
Or writhed upon the floor.

The ghastly glimmer of that dawn
Revealed a hideous scene
Of epithets impaled upon
A barbed metaphor.

* * * * * * *

"We'll meet again," the generals said.
"The victory is not clear.
What though our cohorts there lie dead?
Recruits are ever near."

And then the public took a hand
And stoutly shouted, "Nay!
We need the English language, and
You'll fight some other way!"
—Washington Star.

Dolly's Leash.

Dolly's got me on a string,
No'er a knife that cord can sever;
Well contented where I swing,
Dangling, I will hang forever.

Strong the bond as any cable,
Firmly wrought as iron bands;
No'er a machine spike were able
To untwist its clinging strands.

Dolly's got me on a string,
But I dangle gay and jolly,
For, while on one end I swing,
On the other end is Dolly.
—New York Press.

WOMAN TO WOMAN.

Women are being taught by bitter experience that many physicians can not successfully handle their peculiar ailments known as female diseases.

Doctors are willing and anxious to help them, but they are the wrong sex to work understandingly.

When the woman of to-day experiences such symptoms as backache, nervousness, lassitude, whites, irregular or painful menstruation, pains in groins, bearing-down sensation, palpitation, "all gone" feeling and blues, she at once takes Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, feeling sure of obtaining immediate relief.



Should her symptoms be new to her, she writes to a woman, Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., who promptly explains her case, and tells her free how to get well.

Indeed, so many women are now appealing to Mrs. Pinkham for advice, that a score of lady secretaries are kept constantly at work answering the great volume of correspondence which comes in every day. Each letter is answered carefully and accurately, as Mrs. Pinkham fully realizes that a life may depend upon her reply, and into many and many a home has she shed the rays of happiness.

It Pays

To Trade With

F. M. BARNEY & CO.

When You Want

TABLE SUPPLIES

Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers,

415 MIDDLESEX STREET. 28 THORNDIKE STREET.

Tel 144-4. Wamesit Bank Block.

DO NOT HEAT YOUR BLOOD

Until it is almost a fever by trying to bake your bread through hot weather, as you will find this poor economy; but have

PETER WATSON

call at your home, and for less than it would cost you to bake it yourself, you can get his celebrated cream bread, or pastry. Three delivery teams run to all parts of the city Retail stores at

52 to 60 Charles Street, and 465 Lawrence Street.

A Warning.



"See, father; them's play actors."

"Shut up, yer young fool! There ain't no telling wot yer may come to yerself."—Sketch.

A Plaint From the Highway.

"This is a hard world," said Meandering Mike, as the dog whom he had hit with a piece of pastry went howling away.

"What's de matter?" inquired Plodding Pete.

"Dem folks is too onfeelin fur anything. The gals there is practicing cookin out of a fancy cookbook, an whenever I axes 'em fur bread they gives me cake."—Washington Star.

No Carriage.

A late bishop of a somewhat inquisitorial character once wrote the following query to the church wardens of a parish in his diocese: "Are the conversation and carriage of your clergyman consistent with his holy office?" The reply was, "We can't say nothing about his conversion, but he don't keep no kerridge."—London Household Words.

Heart.

As gently as possible she told him that her father had disinherited her.

"Take heart," she urged him.

"Yes," he answered, not without bitterness, "I suppose heart is all I get now."—Detroit Tribune.

Pastry is Wholesome When shortened with COTTOLENE



The Cottolene trade marks are "Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath on every tin

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
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VELOCIPEDES
TRICYCLES
EXPRESS WAGONS
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216 CENTRAL STREET.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE, Room 10, Hildreth Building. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge Street. Meats and Provisions. (Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

PHILIP J. FARLEY, Room 11, Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOSEPH W. LEACH, Room 12, Shedd's Block. Pianist and Teacher of Singing.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., Opp. American House. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Manser Block. Counsellors-at-Law. William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

SMOKE OLD 64 CIGAR H. BOOT, Manufacturer.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street. Photographers. Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street. Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed. Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing, promptly and neatly executed.



This Umbrella Has Gone To Smash.

I will take it to Austin's and have it repaired. He will put a new cover on it and do anything else needed in a first class manner at a reasonable price.

C. E. AUSTIN, 19 Bridge Street.

Music - Hall

OCTOBER 26, 27 AND 28.

CHAS. LEONARD FLETCHER

AND A STAR COMPANY IN

Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde

By permission of Richard Mansfield, and given for the first time at popular prices. Elaborated and improved with Comedy Acts, Scenic Features, Strong Specialties. A thrilling play, an event of the season. New Music, new songs and Dances. Special appearance of Mr. Frank Reicliard, the celebrated black and white face Banjo King.

Remember—This Splendid Bill at Popular Prices. Watch for the Grand Military Parade Monday Night.

SAVOY THEATRE

KENDAL WESTON, - - Manager.

WEEK OF OCTOBER 26, 1896.

Sardou's Brilliant 3-Act Comedy,

A Scrap of Paper

The Success of two Continents.—N. Y. World.

Everyone Delighted with the Parlor Theatre, the Company and Scenery. A SUCCESS UNQUALIFIED

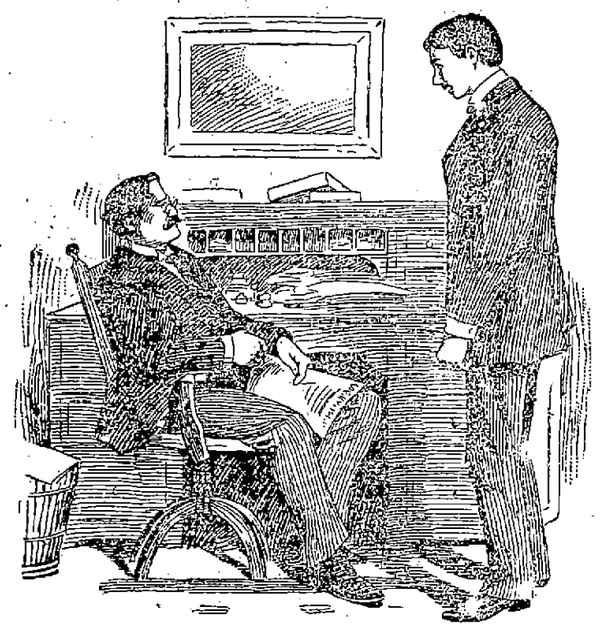
MATINEE PRICES, 15 AND 25 CENTS

Souvenir Matinee Saturday, Oct. 31. A Photograph and Autograph of KENDAL WESTON given to every lady purchasing a seat on the lower floors.

EVENING PRICES, 15, 25, 35, 50 CENTS

For sale at Box Office, and at Ellingwood's Drug Store, Merrimack and Central Streets.

Next Week, the Farce Comedy, "Arabian Nights."



Employer: "Mr. Cypher, you were absent without leave yesterday."

Mr. Cypher: "Yes, sir. I was married very unexpectedly yesterday."

Employer: "Well, sir, you will please see that it does not occur again."

GOOKIN BROS.

ARE YOU THINKING OF FURNISHING?

DO YOUR ROOMS NEED CARPETS?

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED?

DO YOU REQUIRE ANY ARTICLE OF FURNITURE?

If so come and look through our warerooms. You will be courteously waited on whether you want to buy or not, and you will learn something about our prices that will cause you to trade with us when you need anything in our line. See our line of Couches at $8.00 and upwards. Chamber suites and Parlor suites from the cheapest to the best. Dining room furniture that is sure to please you both in style and price. The Glenwood ranges and Parlor stoves always in stock. Carpets and floor coverings of all kinds. A complete assortment of Housefurnishings.

66 Prescott Street.

Music Hall

Oct. 26, 27, 28.

CHARLES LEONARD FLETCHER,

IN

"DR. JEKYLL & Mr. HYDE."

Oct. 29, 30, 31.

RICE AND BARTON'S

BIG GAIETY SPECTACULAR EXTRAVAGANZA COMPANY IN

"NAUGHTY CONEY ISLAND."

Pretty Girls, Funny Comedians, Songs, Dances, Frolics. A Sensational Success.

Baby Show

HUNTINGTON HALL

2.30 to 4.40 p. m.

SATURDAY, Nov. 7.

ENTRY BLANK.

Child's Name, ...
Age . . . . . .
Residence, ...
Parents, ...

Address "Baby Show," Citizen-Courier Office Lowell.

All babies under 2½ years eligible. Many valuable prizes for handsomest, Fattest, Smallest Best Natured, etc. Special prizes for Twins and Triplets. Handsome prizes to the winners. The hall will be nice and warm.

TALKING MACHINE PARLOR

Music, Songs, and Speeches of Bryan and McKinley.

The ladies are especially invited to call. Bring the children along.

We sell Talking Machines and supplies.

The Bijou is the home favorite and has no equal for the variety of amusement and entertainment it gives. Records and reproduces music, song and speeches. Price with outfit $50. The Motor that Grammophone for stores and places of resort, a great money maker, $50. We want everybody to call and see these wonderful instruments that talk every language and sing all songs and give the music of all instruments.

THE EASTERN TALKING MACHINE CO., 88 Merrimack Street.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand. PENNYROYAL PILLS. Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. LADIES ASK Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by all Local Druggists.

THE LOWELL Gas Light Company

OFFICE:

22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cummock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to

YOUR FALL OUTFIT.

That is, all the essential articles such as Hats, Gloves, Fancy Bosom Shirts, Neckwear, etc., that figure in apparel of the well dressed man may be found in our stock. Not an out-of-date article in any of these lines. Come in and look them over.

ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY,

69 Merrimack Street.

IF YOU ARE NOT AN EXPERT IN Arithmetic

It will pay you to take a course in the business department of the New England Business University. All our courses are thoroughly up-to-date, and are presented in a practical and interesting manner. We give the student Actual Business from the start in all departments, and our graduates are thoroughly competent office assistants.

If possible enter on or before Sept. 21st. School now in session. Call and see us.

GLICK & YOUNG, Props.

5 O'CLOCK EXTRA

AT THE ELECTION

A Full List of the State Officers

IN EACH STATE TO BE VOTED FOR.

Keep This Till After Election Day.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—The following are the officers to be voted for Nov. 3.

Alabama—Eleven presidential electors, nine congressmen.

Arkansas—Eight presidential electors, six congressmen, legislature.

California—Nine presidential electors, seven congressmen, lieutenant governor, legislature.

Colorado—Four presidential electors, two congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, superintendent of public instruction, attorney general, regents of state university, legislature.

Connecticut—Six presidential electors, four congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, treasurer, controller, legislature.

Delaware—Three presidential electors, one congressman, governor, legislature.

Florida—Four presidential electors, two congressmen.

Georgia—Thirteen presidential electors, 11 congressmen.

Idaho—Three presidential electors, one congressman, governor, lieutenant governor, judge supreme court, attorney general, treasurer, mine inspector, superintendent of public instruction, auditor, secretary of state.

Illinois — Twenty-four presidential electors, 22 congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, attorney general, university trustees, legislature.

Indiana—Fifteen presidential electors, 13 congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, reporter supreme court, attorney general, state statistician, superintendent public instruction.

Iowa—Thirteen presidential electors, 11 congressmen, secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, attorney general, judge supreme court, railroad commissioners.

Kansas—Ten presidential electors, eight congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, secretary of state, treasurer, auditor, superintendent of public instruction, chief justice supreme court, legislature.

Kentucky—Thirteen presidential electors, 11 congressmen.

Louisiana—Eight presidential electors, six congressmen.

Maine—Six presidential electors.

Maryland—Eight presidential electors, six congressmen.

Massachusetts—Fifteen presidential electors, 13 congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, auditor, attorney general.

Michigan—Fourteen presidential electors, 12 congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, treasurer, auditor, land commissioner, attorney general, superintendent of schools, member board of education.

Minnesota—Nine presidential electors, seven congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, treasurer, attorney general.

Mississippi—Nine presidential electors, seven congressmen.

Missouri—Seventeen presidential electors, 15 congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, attorney general, railroad commissioner, judge of supreme court.

Montana—Three presidential electors, one congressman, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, attorney general, superintendent public instructions, justice supreme court.

Nebraska—Eight presidential electors, six congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, attorney general, commissioner of public lands, superintendent of public instruction, regent of university, justice of supreme court.

Nevada—Three presidential electors, one congressman, lieutenant governor, supreme judge, regents of university, legislature.

New Hampshire—Four presidential electors, two congressmen, governor, legislature.

New Jersey—Ten presidential electors, eight congressmen, legislature.

New York—Thirty-six presidential electors, 34 congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, judge of court of appeals, legislature.

North Carolina—Eleven presidential electors, nine congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, treasurer, auditor, superintendent of public instruction, attorney general, justice of supreme court.

North Dakota—Three presidential electors, one congressman, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, treasurer, auditor, attorney general, railway commissioners, superintendent of public instruction, insurance commissioner, commissioner of agriculture and labor, legislature.

Ohio—Twenty-three presidential electors, 21 congressmen, secretary of state, judge of supreme court, food and dairy commissioner, member of board of public works.

Oregon—Four presidential electors, legislature.

Pennsylvania—Thirty-two presidential electors, 30 congressmen.

Rhode Island—Four presidential electors, two congressmen.

South Carolina—Nine presidential electors, seven congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, comptroller general, attorney general, treasurer, adjutant and inspector general.

South Dakota—Four presidential electors, two congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, treasurer, auditor, attorney general, superintendent of public instruction, railway commissioners, land commissioners, legislature.

Tennessee—Twelve presidential electors, 10 congressmen, governor.

Texas—Fifteen presidential electors, 13 congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, controller, treasurer, attorney general, land commissioner, superintendent of public instruction, railroad commissioners, judges of court of appeals.

Utah—Three presidential electors, one congressman, legislature.

Vermont—Four presidential electors.

Virginia—Twelve presidential electors, 10 congressmen.

Washington—Four presidential electors, two congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, judge of supreme court, secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, attorney general, superintendent of public instruction, commissioner of public lands, state printer.

West Virginia—Six presidential electors, four congressmen, governor, auditor, treasurer, attorney general, superintendent of schools, justice of supreme court.

Wisconsin—Twelve presidential electors, 10 congressmen, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, insurance commissioner, treasurer, attorney general, railroad commissioner, superintendent of schools.

Wyoming—Three presidential electors, one congressman, justice supreme court.

Arizona—Delegate to congress.

New Mexico—Delegate to congress.

Oklahoma—Delegate to congress.

Coercion and Cohesion.

Canton, O., Oct. 26.—A great line of marchers and countermarchers paraded on Broadway, North Market street Saturday, to and from the mecca of the pilgrimages of people from many states. The visitors again broke the record in long distance parties and variety of delegations. From early dawn until late at night the McKinley home was surrounded with a continuous jam, re-enacting the exciting scenes of the constant crush of other big days. Major McKinley spoke with unusual fervor all day. He made responses to the coercion charges made by National Chairman Jones, when he said in his address to the British Isles American club of Cleveland: "They talk about coercion—the coercion of employe by employer. They mistake the spirit of this campaign. It is not coercion, but it is cohesion—cohesion between employes and employers, made stronger by a common interest and a common experience." Statements of a similar nature in his Missouri address called for the greatest demonstration of the day about the platform from which he spoke.

The McKinley Schedule.

Canton, O., Oct. 26.—Speechmaking will continue at the McKinley home up to the very eve of election. The opening of the last wek of the campaign found Major McKinley, to all outward appearances, at least, equal to as hard work as he has experienced at any time during the campaign. He was up and around early yesterday morning, and in company with his brother, Abner, attended church services. Charles C. Dawes of the national committee arrived from Chicago, and spent the day at the McKinley home. The week's program opens with six delegations for today, 15 for the succeeding days of the week and a large number of others only partially arranged. Many of the visitors will be long-distance pilgrims, one party being from Boston, one from New Jersey and two from Indiana. The week will also include "college day" and "Youngstown (O.) day," on both of which occasions large crowds are expected.

Reed Invades Kansas.

Wichita, Kan., Oct. 26.—Thomas B. Reed of Maine arrived here Saturday, and was greeted by possibly the largest crowd of people ever assembled at a political meeting in Kansas. Mr. Reed made two speeches, in the interest of Congressman Long of this district, Delegate Flynn of Oklahoma and the entire Republican cause. One of the remarkable features of his speeches was the fact that Mr. Reed did not mention the name of Major McKinley in either speech. The leading theme was the tariff.

Wheat and Silver.

Philadelphia, Oct. 26.—The war generals, who have had a campaigning tour throughout the west in the interest of McKinley and Hobart, were tendered a grand reception in this city Saturday night. It is estimated that not less than 10,000 persons heard the speakers. General Russell Alger said that since they had been on their round the price of wheat had gone up 28 per cent, and silver down 8 per cent, and if they kept on, wheat would be up to $1.25 a bushel, and silver down to nothing.

Schofield Is For Gold.

Keokuk, Ia., Oct. 26.—At a meeting of Gold Standard Democrats here, a letter was received from Major General John M. Schofield, late commander of the military forces of the United States, who is here visiting relatives, in which the general declares unequivocally for the gold standard. He has been a lifelong Democrat, and this is the second time in his life that he ever took a decided stand in politics, the other time being for the re-election of Lincoln.

The End of It.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—Instead of there being two parades in Chicago next Saturday night, there will be none. The Workingmen's McKinley club, which had the police permit to parade in the down town streets has given up its right to march, and Democrats, who took the matter into the courts and sought to enjoin the police from interfering with them if they marched without a permit, have also decided not to march.

A Hopeful View.

Washington, Oct. 26.—Moustapha Bey, the Turkish minister, when asked concerning recent reports that tension existed between the government of the United States and Turkey over certain questions, said: "There is no tension in the relations between the two governments, as reported by the newspapers. There are some matters on the tapis which have been pending for some time, but they are not of such a character as would possibly involve trouble between the two countries. They will come to a peaceful solution, as a result of the conciliatory feeling existing, and it will be to the interest and satisfaction of the two countries and meet with the willing assent of the parties concerned."

Murder In First Degree.

Cornish, Me., Oct. 26.—On Oct. 5, Mrs. Betsey R. Hobbs was found dead. She lived alone, about 1½ miles from Effingham, N. H. When found, her house was burning, and her body was half cremated. It was first thought that death was accidental, but investigation showed traces of gunshot wounds. No clew was found until Saturday, when the mystery was cleared by the confession of Charles Savage. He accuses Frank J. Palmer of the murder. A coroner's jury has brought in a verdict against Palmer of murder in the first degree. Savage was held as a witness.

No Comparison.

No printing establishment in this city compares with The Sun Job Print in its mechanical equipment and the excellence of its work. Did you ever try it?

THE BISHOP OF LONDON

IS MADE PRIMATE OF ALL ENGLAND.

He is an Old Friend of Gladstone Who Worked for Disestablishing the Irish Church.

London, Oct. 26.—Rt. Rev. Frederick Temple, bishop of London, has been appointed archbishop of Canterbury and primate of all England, in succession to the late Most Rev. Edward White Benson.

Rt. Rev. Frederick Temple, bishop of London, son of an officer in the army, born Nov. 30, 1821, was educated at the grammar school at Tiverton, and, proceeding to Oxford, became scholar of Balliol college, and took his degree of B. A. in 1842. He was elected fellow and mathematical tutor of his college, and having been ordained in 1846, was appointed principal of the training college at Kneller hall, near Twickenham, in 1848. This post he resigned in 1855; and having held an inspectorship of schools during the interval, was appointed, on resignation of Dr. Goulburn, in 1858, head master of Rugby school. Dr. Temple, who was a chaplain to the queen, gained some notoriety in 1860 as the author of the first of the seven "Essays and Reviews," which caused so much controversy soon after their appearance. At the general election of 1868, Dr. Temple took an active part, in Warwickshire, in support of Mr. Gladstone's measure for the disestablishment of the Irish church; and the premier nominated him to the bishopric of Exeter, in succession to the late Dr. Philpotts—an appointment which caused considerable commotion in clerical circles. The confirmation of Dr. Temple's election took place Dec. 8, 1869, at the church of St. Mary-Le-Bow, Cheapside, when Bishop Trower, as the representative of a portion of the clergy who were opposed to Dr. Temple, because he was the author of one of the "Essays and Reviews," instructed counsel to oppose the election. Counsel was accordingly heard on both sides, and Dr. Temple's election was confirmed by the vicar general. Dr. Temple received Episcopal consecration at Westminster, Dec. 21, 1869, together with the bishops-elect of Bath and Wells, and of the Falkland Islands. Dr. Temple published "Sermons Preached at Rugby Chapel in 1858-60" in 1861. In April, 1883, he was elected Bampton lecturer at Oxford for the ensuing year. On the death of Dr. Jackson, in Jan, 1885, Dr. Temple was appointed bishop of London, and was succeeded at Exeter by Dr. Bickersteth.

Co-operative Factory Started.

Albi, France, Oct. 26.—Great festivities attended the opening yesterday of the co-operative glass factory, which has been put up by the former strikers of the Carmaux glass works. The strike, which grew out of the discharge of a member of the Glass Workers' Trade union, last year, was transformed into a lockout, when the men notified the management of their willingness to return to work. Great excitement was caused by the incident throughout France. M. Landrin of the Paris municipal council at yesterday's ceremony, saluted the workers in the name of Paris. Henri Rochefort delivered a speech, and with M. Jaures, a radical Socialist deputy, who was prominently identified with the championship of the cause of the strikers, lighted the furnaces. M. Jaures declared that the present movement had founded a social revolution and marked the downfall of capitalism.

"Has the Laugh" on Britishers.

London, Oct. 26.—While Howard Gould has contented himself with leaving the controversy with the Yacht Racing association, where it rests in the published correspondence, he is still fortifying his own position in the affair. He said, before leaving London: "For my own satisfaction, I am having a leading English naval architect make a report upon Niagara. He has made a preliminary examination, and points out that, supposing we had used our tanks for shifting ballast, the 260 pounds of water that each contained would, owing to their position near the keel, have only been equivalent to the weight of a 100-pound boy on deck. There are, of course, no regulations regarding the number of crew or visitors that a yacht shall carry. You can see from this how absurd the whole contention is."

How They Do In Russia.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 26.—Ex-Pope Tolstoi of the Russian church, who was recently deposed from the priest's functions, because he had refused to clear himself of an accusation that he had been converted to Catholicism, has been arrested at Moscow and taken to Nijni, where he was condemned by a church tribunal to seven years' banishment from St. Petersburg and Moscow, and was forbidden to hold any state office for 20 years.

Yankee Capital Abroad.

London, Oct. 26.—The Daily Mail says that a prominent American, now in London, a friend of the late Jay Gould, has been bidding for the block of ordinary and preferred stock, controlled by the District Railway Shareholders' association. An offer, which was made on behalf of a number of New York buyers, was definitely refused on Saturday.

Wilhelmina's First Communion.

The Hague, Oct. 26.—Queen Wilhelmina received her first communion Sunday, in the presence of her mother, the queen regent, the court, civil and military officials and a large concourse of people. General Von Hahnke has arrived, with a gift from Emperor William for the young queen.

Good Stakes Offered.

London, Oct. 26.—The Olympic club of Birmingham offers £500 for a match between Dan Creedon and Dick O'Brien, allowing £50 expenses. The same club offers £500 for a match between Sammy Kelly and Pedlar Palmer, or Kelly and Billy Plimmer; £300 for Kelly and Stanton.

Paderewski Not Sick.

New York, Oct. 26.—William Steinway, last week, sent a cablegram to Paderewski, enquiring as to the truth of the reports that he was broken down in health, to which the pianist replied: "In spite of all so-called friendly reports, I am enjoying perfect health; at least it is good enough for me."

On Murderer's Track.

New York, Oct. 26.—Coroner Miles of Yonkers appears to be confident that he will soon arrest the man who killed Hamlin J. Andrus. "I have positive information as to who the guilty party is in this case, and will have him in custody in a day or two," is the statement made by him.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

MUST BE WITHDRAWN.

Illegal Fees Have Been Exacted From Fishermen by Dominion Government.

Gloucester, Mass., Oct. 26.—News has just been received here of an important decision by the supreme court of Canada, which may result in the repayment of all license fees paid by American fishermen since the abrogation of the treaty of Washington, for licenses issued under the modus vivendi. The action was brought before the court many years ago, for the purpose of defining the relative rates and settling rival claims of the Canadian provinces on one hand, and the Dominion government on the other, and has resulted in a victory for the former. The claim of the provinces upon every point raised, is approved, except that the Dominion is declared to be in control of harbors. In the case of harbors, the Dominion is declared to have the right of controlling its fishing, but it has no power to grant a local lease in any part of the country, and in tidal waters, neither the Dominion or any province has power to restrict public rights of fishing, save by general legislation. Except in a very few particulars, therefore, the present Dominion fishery act, under which license fees are exacted from American fishermen, is illegal, and must be withdrawn. These licenses, it is estimated, amount to over $70,000 a year.

THROWN FROM TEAM.

A Lady Killed and Children Injured at Amesbury.

Amesbury, Mass., Oct. 26.—Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Coombs, and a hired boy and Allie Morrill, aged 10 years, were thrown from Mr. Coombs' team yesterday, while just leaving his house, en route to church. Mrs. Coombs struck a tree, and was instantly killed, her neck being broken. The hired boy was fatally injured, while Mr. Coombs suffered concussion of the brain, but will recover. The Morrill boy was only slightly injured. The horse became frightened at a pile of rocks.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Bacon defeated Conneff in a two-mile race at Glasgow.

There was a terrific gale on the New Brunswick coast.

More gold from France and England arrived in New York.

Candidate Hobart is to take the stump in New Jersey this week.

Corbett and Fitzsimmons may fight at Coney Island New Year's day.

Stanley Marston, an Essex (Mass.) boy, was killed while gunning.

Mrs. Walker E. Graves, aged 27 years, committed suicide at Keene, N. H., by shooting.

The claims of Charlestown (Mass.) navy yard as a torpedo boat station are likely to be opposed.

The Adam B. Smith company, dry goods, Saratoga, was closed down, on an execution for $17,000.

Edward Nichols committed suicide by hanging at Plaistow, N. H. Despondency was the cause.

Edward Gardiner, a stableman, was instantly killed by falling 20 feet from the loft of a stable at Boston.

The cornerstone of the new Grand Army building was laid at North Adams, Mass., with imposing ceremonies.

Jerome Merrill, aged 40, drank some kind of acid at Lynn, Mass., with suicidal intent. He is in a critical condition.

Edward I Walker, a painter of Providence, dropped dead. He was 60 years old, and had been afflicted with heart trouble.

Henry H. Crane, who is said to have formerly operated in Chicago as a stock broker, committed suicide in a barn at Eurlington, N. J.

The Dr. Tanner, who is reported to have lost his life in a fire at Akron, O., is not Dr. Tanner of fasting fame, who is now at Robinson, Ills.

The London Observer announces the engagement of Coleand De St. Maurice and Grace Corneau, daughter of William Corneau of Springfield, Ills.

Rev. John E. Tuttle of Amherst college church has resigned as pastor, to accept a call to the Union Congregational church of Worcester, Mass.

The 250th anniversary of the beginning of John Eliot's labors among the Indians was observed at the Eliot Congregational church at Newton, Mass.

Norman Davidson, while working in a sandpit at Rockbottom, Mass., was buried by a sudden fall of the sand, and smothered before he could be dug out.

The exports of specie from the port of New York last week amounted to $16,000 in gold, and $847,886 in silver. The imports were: Gold, $5,789,043; silver, $21,698.

Bicyclist Alexander Campbell was seriously injured at Holyoke, Mass., by colliding with an electric car. Several ribs were broken, and internal injuries are feared.

The 200th anniversary of the settlement, at Arlington, Mass., of the first pastor of the First Parish church, Unitarian, was observed by appropriate exercises.

Charles Hamilton, the oldest employing printer in Worcester, Mass., died suddenly of apoplexy. He was born in 1828, and had occupied one stand for nearly 50 years.

Miss Alice Platt, aged 28, a servant girl, is under arrest at Kansas City, on suspicion of having killed, by the use of poison, Mrs. Torrence, aged 60 years, and three children.

Theodore Miller, 12 years old, while in the woods near Lynn, Mass., with two other boys, was shot by one of his companions in the right arm, the bullet severing an artery.

The body of Ebenezer Brown, a longshoreman, was found in a creek at Fall River, Mass. Brown has been seen under the influence of liquor, and his death was probably accidental.

Addison H. Webster attempted suicide at Lynn, Mass., by throwing himself in front of a train. His right leg was severed from his body. No hope is entertained of his recovery.

Prince August, heir apparent to the Duchy of Oldenburg, was married at Schwerin, to the Duchess Elizabeth, sister of the grand duke, Frederick Francis, of Mecklenburg-Schwerin.

James H. Fitzpatrick, 17 years of age, is missing from his home in Boston. He had a trivial misunderstanding with his father and left home. Notices have been out notifying the boy that all will be well if he will only return home.

Miraculous Escapes.

St. John, N., Oct. 26.—A train on the Canadian Eastern railway, consisting of engine, tender and passenger car, was struck by a landslide, while nearing Marysville, and now the train lies, bottom up, in the Nashwaak river. No one was seriously injured.

Of Course!

Habana, Oct. 26.—The government has issued orders that all national and foreign newspapers received at postoffices in Cuba [illegible] examination.

TRAINS COLLIDE

Killing Eight and Injuring Others.

A FRIGHTFUL DISASTER ON WESTERN ROAD.

Neglect of Orders Caused Sad Catastrophe.

St. Louis, Oct. 26.—Shortly before 10 o'clock yesterday forenoon two passenger trains on the St. Louis and San Francisco railroad collided, nearly opposite Windsor station, 13 miles from this city, instantly killing eight persons and injuring more than 80, three of whom will probably die.

The collision occurred between the second section of an excursion train, bound west, and the 'Frisco Valley park accomodation, east bound. The accident was the result of disobedience or neglect of orders on the part of the excursion train crew, who should have remained at Spring Park for orders and let the accommodation through. The excursion train was the second section of a special, bound for St. James, 100 miles west of St. Louis, where the Missouri Home for Aged Veterans was dedicated. The first section had gone through safely, and the second, which consisted of 11 coaches, heavily laden, left St. Louis about 9 o'clock. Engineer Hohl of the accommodation was not aware that the second section was on the road, and in trying to make the switch at Kirkwood, crashed into the ill-fated train in a cut. There was only one car, a common baggage and coach, on Engineer Hohl's train, but the collision was terrific, both engines being demolished and a number of the cars telescoped. The wreckage was piled high on the track, and above the sound of escaping steam could be heard the cries of the frightened and injured passengers.

Next to the engine of the excursion train was the commissary car, filled with refreshments. Barney McKenna was in charge of the edibles, and with him was his 14-year-old daughter Maud. Both were instantly killed, being scalded and crushed. A number of passengers, mostly young men, were grouped around the temporary counter, eating and drinking. Almost all were either killed or injured. This and the next car, in which were 70 passengers, suffered the worst damage, and most of the killed and injured were taken from them. Engineer Hohl of the accommodation, which was running on time, was killed, and his fireman, Frank Hasler, badly wounded.

Starvation In Labrador.

St. John's, N. F., Oct. 26.—The Newfoundland government has decided to inaugurate a series of relief works, to assist the destitute fishermen, who returned from Labrador without the means of providing their families with a winter's subsistence, owing to the failure of the fishery. All the authorities represent that the situation is serious, and thousands of people are likely to be starving before Christmas.

Wouldn't Heed Warning.

Portsmouth, N. H., Oct. 26.—Willis Tutherly and Augustus Dickson of South Eliot, Me., while returning to their home in a carriage, were run down by an express at Butler's crossing. Tutherly was instantly killed, and Dickson was fearfully mangled, and will die. The crossing tender warned the men of their danger, but they insisted on crossing the tracks ahead of the train.

Two Unfortunate Little Ones.

Providence, Oct. 26.—Alice Sisson, 5 years old, died yesterday afternoon as the result of burns, received yesterday morning while she and her 3-year-old sister, Hope, were playing with matches. The latter was also terribly burned, and cannot live. Both little girls were burned about the face and upper part part of the body.

Haverhill Church Dedicated.

Haverhill, Mass., Oct. 26.—The new St. James Roman Catholic church, which has been in the course of erection for over a decade, was dedicated here yesterday with imposing ceremonies. The ceremony of consecrating the altar and blessing the building was performed by Archbishop Williams.

Politics and a Pistol.

New York, Oct. 26.—During a political argument in the Brooklyn hotel, Daniel Reynolds, a printer, shot Charles Meyer, attempted to shoot Charles Stone, the proprietor of the hotel, and then sent a bullet into his own head. Meyer was not seriously injured. Reynolds will die.

The Goodwin Divorce Case.

San Francisco, Oct. 26.—Mrs. Nat C. Goodwin is preparing for a legal battle with her actor husband. Through her New York lawyers, she has forwarded an affidavit in defending herself in the local courts against her husband's charges. Mrs. Goodwin's affidavit, after making a general denial to the charges of habitual intemperance on her part, recites her experience in the New York courts with her husband. She tells of her successful suit for maintenance, three years ago, which resulted in her husband being compelled to pay her $15,000. She then turns the table on the actor, and charges him with infidelity.

Marriage Ties Severed.

Milwaukee, Oct. 26.—Colonel Gustave Pabst, son of the wealthy brewer, and a member of the Pabst Brewing company, has been granted a divorce in the Milwaukee circuit court, from Margaret Mather Pabst, the actress. The ground alleged was cruel and inhuman treatment. No defense was made. A property settlement was made a year ago, when Miss Mather left Milwaukee to resume her stage career.

In Need of Repairs.

Vineyard Haven, Mass., Oct. 26.—The schooner Annie E. Stevens reports that she sprung aleak off Montauk Point, and was only prevented from sinking by constant work at the pumps. On her arrival here, it was found that three feet of water was in the hold, and that extensive repairs would have to be made. She was bound from Jacksonville, Fla., for Boston.

It's a Good Idea

to have your table fare wholesome and delicious as well as economical;—in other words, to use

COTTOLENE

Sold everywhere.

WILL BE NO CHAMPION.

No Games Will Be Contested That Will Give Any Team Either In the East or West the Right to Claim the Distinction. Accusations of Cowardice.

Football enthusiasts who think that no season is complete until the championship has been decided are doomed to disappointment this year the same as last. Games that will give any team the right to claim the championship this year will not be played. Still there will be lots of teams to claim it both east and west. Last year there was a western championship team—Michigan, according to the records and the judgment of football people—but there was no eastern champion. This year there will be no champion east or west unless the schedules are changed. It seems impossible for the average college football team manager to make a schedule that is satisfactory. There are great difficulties, of course, but college men are often accused of a cowardly spirit that would not be tolerated in other people. If one college team manager thinks a certain other college team is better than his own, that certain other team is usually not found on his schedule.

The Yale-Pennsylvania negotiations, which recently ended without the arrangement of a meeting for the teams of those two colleges, furnishes an instance.

The Yale team this year is acknowledged by Yale people generally to be weaker than Yale teams usually are. The Pennsylvania team is said by the people who have seen it to be one of the strongest the institution ever had. Pennsylvania challenged Yale to a game of football, and Yale, having only one big college game for the year—that with Princeton—declined to accept. Pennsylvania people say, of course, that Yale's managers refuse to play because they are afraid of being beaten.

Yale's only reply is that "there are conditions on account of which it would be undesirable to deviate from the existing arrangements of our schedule." These "conditions" are, of course, that Yale wants to be in a position next year to form a dual athletic alliance with Harvard should Harvard then decide that it has punished and excluded Yale enough, or at least to go into a league that shall include no more than Harvard, Yale and Princeton.

If Yale defeats Princeton in New York on Nov. 21, Yale supporters will claim the championship for the team. Even Lafayette will be in position to dispute the claim this year, however, inasmuch as its team has proved itself to be the equal of the Tigers. The eastern championship this year, though, is out of the question. The "big four" do not get enough together. Yale will meet only Princeton, and Princeton only Yale and Harvard. Pennsylvania, the strongest team of the lot last year, and probably the strongest this year as well, will meet only Harvard. It might be possible for Cornell or Lafayette to establish a claim to the championship, as each of them will play three of the "big four" teams, but it is hardly probable that either of those elevens will win more than one, if any, of the games.

In the west Minnesota accuses the University of Chicago team of being afraid to arrange a game. Minnesota won in the match last year. Both Northwestern and Wisconsin accuse Michigan of being afraid to meet them, but the accusation is hardly true. It was made last year by the managers of the same teams, and then it certainly was not true. Northwestern declined an offer of a game at the only time when it was reasonable and possible for Michigan to offer it. Michigan also offered Wisconsin a game in Detroit, but the Badgers refused to go there. Michigan's managers claim that their team played last on Wisconsin's field.

Still, the Michigan schedule this year is not satisfactory or interesting. It includes games with two teams that usually figure in western championships—Chicago and Minnesota—but has no date with Illinois, Wisconsin or Northwestern. The Wolverenes, however, have a game with Lehigh and another with the University of Nebraska team, which is not accounted a factor in western championships.

The big western games, therefore, are not so arranged that when they are played any one can be satisfied as to which university has the best team. Chicago will play Michigan, Northwestern, Illinois and Wisconsin; Northwestern will play Chicago, Illinois and Wisconsin; Illinois will play Chicago, Northwestern, Purdue and Wisconsin; Wisconsin will play Chicago, Northwestern, Minnesota and Illinois; Minnesota will play Purdue, Wisconsin and Michigan, and Michigan will play as stated above. When all the games are over, though, there will probably be two or three teams claiming the championship, with nothing in the records to disprove the claims of any of them.—Chicago Times-Herald.

PENNILESS ON THE TRAIN.

A Prosperous New Yorker, With His Family, In Dire Straits Far From Home.

A prosperous New Yorker who passed the summer in Asheville has brought back a good story of his own carelessness and southern confidence in human nature. He is an absentminded person, who often takes thought of important matters too late. He reached the Asheville station on his return to find that he had less than $10 in his purse. There was not a moment to lose. He was obliged to go. His wife and daughter were to join him at Charlotte, and to postpone the trip was out of the question. He invested all the money he had in a ticket which insured his passage only as far as Salisbury.

"I was flat broke," he says in telling his story, "and I felt like a tramp stealing a ride, but my gloom was illuminated by the cheerful hope that my wife and daughter had been economical enough to save from their allowances the money to pay for our passage to Washington, at least. Vain hope! They got on the train, penniless and hungry, without even a ticket.

"Railroads don't do business on the credit system, and on that short ride between Charlotte and Salisbury my hair nearly turned gray. Any prospect is more fascinating than that of being put off, penniless, in a North Carolina mountain town at nearly midnight, with a helpless wife and daughter to look after. I was desperate. My brain whirled in a furious endeavor to evolve some solution. The train stopped at Salisbury. I ran up to the ticket window, where a cool looking young fellow was presiding. I went at him with desperation.

"'My dear fellow,' I said, 'I'm in a terrible fix—busted. My wife and daughter are on that train, and we're obliged to go on to New York tonight. Can't you take my check for three tickets?'

"He eyed me, cool as ice, and sold and stamped three 40 cent tickets to some way station. Then he turned to give some fellow information about the midnight train. It seemed an eternity before he turned again to me. Then he said laconically, 'Guess so,' and proceeded to stamp up the tickets.

"I just dropped. My hand trembled so I could hardly sign a check. I'm going to do something nice by that young fellow."—New York Sun.

Who does your printing? The Sun job print would do it well and save you money.

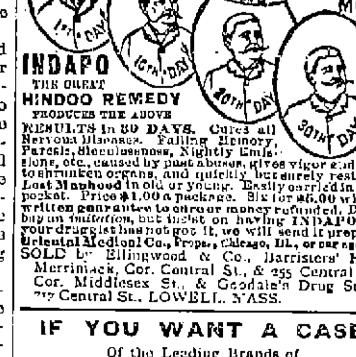
shortness of breath—a sensation of dryness and heat in the throat. Neglect is dangerous.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar acts like a charm on the throat and bronchial tubes. Use it before it's too late. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

TRADEMARK REGISTERED. **Indapo** Made a well Man of Me



INDAPO THE GREAT HINDOO REMEDY PRODUCES THE ABOVE RESULTS in 30 DAYS. Cures all Nervous Diseases. Failing Memory, Paresis, Sleeplessness, Nightly Emissions, etc., caused by past abuses, gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and quickly but surely restores Lost Manhood in old or young. Easily carried in vest pocket. Price $1.00 a package. Six for $5.00 with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Don't buy an imitation, but insist on having INDAPO. If your druggist has not got it, we will send it prepaid. Oriental Medical Co., Props., Chicago, Ill., or our agents. SOLD by Ellingwood & Co., Barristers' Hall, Merrimack, Cor. Central St., & 255 Central St. Cor. Middlesex St., & Goodale's Drug Store 717 Central St., LOWELL, MASS.

IF YOU WANT A CASE Of the Leading Brands of LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER TELEPHONE. **J. H. RILEY,** Bottler, Nos. 90 and 102 Lakeview Avenue Telephone Number 474-4.

BICYCLES TO LET.

Medium grade and 2nd hand wheels going cheap to close.

Geo. H. Bachelder, 21, 23, 25, P. O. Ave., beside new P. O.

DR. KELLEY SURGEON DENTIST 18 CENTRAL ST. opposite the Washington House

C. B. Coburn & Co.

Artists Materials of all descriptions for China Water color and oil painting. China to be fired should be left at our store Saturday.

63 AND 67 MARKET STREET.

"Costly Thy Dress as Thy Purse can Buy."

The next thing is to buy where you can get the best value for your money. TRY **BERTRAND, The Tailor,** 24 MIDDLE STREET.

FALL MILLINERY

Stock new, complete, novel, artistic. Our Prices are the lowest in town.

ABBIE M. SMITH 175 Merrimack Street. Mrs. M. E. Dudley, Assistant.

"A Noble Piece of Work is Man"

When his beauty lines have been brought out to advantage by the tailor.

Few are proportionate, all lose natural proportion as the years go by.



Thus ready-made garments are impossible as regards fit in the true sense.

Come to us with your perplexities. We are old hands, and you will profit by our knowledge and experience.

$16 and $18 for Suits from choicest Scotches, Worsteds, etc.

Fine Overcoats at $15 and $18. Best $20 and $25.

GUARANTEE TAILORING CO. 42 Central Street.

WANT COLUMN.

SECURE EMPLOYMENT — Learn dress cutting and work for us. Positions given to competent pupils. Room 58, Central block.

TENEMENT TO LET—Small lower tenement at No. 11 James street. Inquire of Mrs. A. B. Chalifoux, with J. L. Chalifoux, Central street.

FOUND—A ladies' pocketbook containing money. Owner can have by proving property and paying charges. Apply at Waverly house.

FOUND—That after 5260 cakes of "Sapro shine" guaranteed to clean silver, plate, brass, etc., and wash hands to satisfaction. Not one cake returned yet. Ask your grocers and druggists for it.

GOOD INVESTMENT.—500 shares stock in active company for sale at $4 per share, must be sold to settle estate. Address post office box 1804, Boston.

WANTED—Furniture, carriages to store; at 183 Cholmsford street.

FOR SALE—In Centralville new cottage house, 4200 feet of land. Price $1860. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—A position as stenographer and typewriter; experienced; mercantile, or legal work; can give good recommendation; also good references. Address R, Sun office, Lowell, Mass.

FOR SALE—Near Stevens street, new two story house, 5000 feet of land. This is a bargain. Price $2000. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

FOR SALE—In Belvidere, good cottage house of seven rooms, near mills, good lot of land. Price $1350. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—Your child to have Rosy Cheeks, Pure Blood, to rest well. Get a box of the Athan Worm and Scrofula Tablets at all druggists. Price 25c., prepaid, by the Lowell Chemistry Co.

FOR SALE—In N. H., large farm of 100 acres. Large house, two good barns, lots of fruit, good sugar orchard, lots of wood and timber. If you want a farm call and see. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop, Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

MOODY STREET BRIDGE HOUSE LOTS.

New Bridge will be completed in a few days. The electric road is being laid across the bridge. Sewers, gas, city water, etc. 76 houses have been built in the last 8 months, and a large number are being built at the present time. Don't delay, choice lots are going quick, prices are low, only 10, 12 and 15c. per foot, easy monthly payments. Call for plans, terms etc. On the land every afternoon.

A. J. RYAN, Agt. Room 20A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

LOWELL **RENDERING CO.**

Highest cash prices paid for Hides, Tallow, Skins, etc. Dead animals removed.

Factory and Office, So. Lowell

Telephone, 322-3. City Tel., 582-4.

GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE OF **TRUNKS and BAGS**

Our entire stock of TRUNKS, BAGS, POCKET-BOOKS, STRAPS, etc., to be slaughtered at prices unheard of.

LOWELL TRUNK MANUFACTORY P. DEVINE, Prop., 70-72 Middlesex St. Old Wooden Building.

R. J. MOWER, PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN 285 Central Street.

COOL EVENINGS ARE COMING! Why not order your light weight overcoat now and save a few dollars? Our unlined heavy coverts are dandies.

DAVIS & NICKERSON, Tailors, 9 CENTRAL STREET. New Goods Arriving Every Week.

VERY LITTLE EFFORT Will enable you to reach us—**JUST A CARD.**

Telling us to get your sleigh and put it in running order.

You will be none too early if you do it **TODAY.**

THE SAWYER CARRIAGE CO. Kitson Building, Worthen Street.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER 448 Gorham Street. Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour the best in the city.

SCHOOL SHOES For Boys and Girls

Shoes that will stand the strain of **HARD WEAR** AT EASY PRICES.

EAGLE SHOE STORE 215 DUTTON STREET. J. J. LONERGAN, Prop.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—6:12; sets, 4:47.
Length of day—10h. 35m.
Moon rises—1:45 p. m.
Full moon ... 2 p. m.

Forecast for New England: Generally fair and warmer; westerly winds, shifting to southerly.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Winter Arrangement, Oct. 4, 1896.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 15	6 50	6 00	§7 07
6 30	7 45	6 20	7 54
6 59	8 05	6 40	§7 39
§7 01	7 53	8 00	9 11
*§7 13	8 02	*8 39	§9 19
*§7 27	8 12	*9 09	§9 40
§7 33	8 50	*9 15	§10 25
*7 45	8 35	10 00	11 17
*8 50	9 40	10 45	11 07
9 00	10 26	11 34	§12 07
9 40	10 40	12 00	§12 50
11 00	12 00	*1 00	§1 [illegible]
§11 42	12 25	2 00	3 01
§12 16	1 07	*3 00	§3 4[illegible]
1 40	2 59	3 39	4 48
3 00	4 25	4 15	§5 24
*§3 55	4 40	*5 00	5 41
4 25	5 50	5 25	6 22
§5 22	6 15	5 54	7 05
5 35	6 51	6 15	7 30
*§6 21	7 07	*7 30	§8 10
*§7 51	8 30	*8 00	§8 40
		10 15	11 22
		11 25	12 25

Sunday Trains.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
§7 18	8 02	2 15	§3 05
§7 27	8 12	3 00	§[illegible]
8 45	9 50	4 00	§4 57
§9 10	10 10	5 00	§5 50
§4 25	5 32	7 30	§8 10
§6 58	7 00	8 00	§8 40
		9 00	10 05

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 50	8 03	7 30	8 36
8 15	9 10	9 25	10 37
9 25	10 25	10 25	11 16
10 50	12 02	1 50	1 05
12 05	1 37	2 15	3 10
12 45	1 50	3 40	4 59
2 30	3 41	4 25	5 45
3 20	4 22	5 01	6 [illegible]
4 05	5 23	6 01	7 00
5 19	6 43	6 35	7 45
6 15	7 16	9 40	10 41
7 00	8 06	11 15	12 15
9 30	10 44		

Sunday Trains.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
8 15	9 27	8 01	*9 19
12 05	1 27	11 45	12 55
4 15	5 29	6 00	6 27
5 30	6 59	7 00	8 22
7 25	8 38		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

‖ Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

LOCAL NEWS.

Always wins, Old Hundred.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance. Donovan bl'd.

A little boy has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Cummings in Belvidere.

Summer prices on coal still prevail at Rourke & Sullivan's, 964 Gorham street. Telephone, 556-4.

Miss Mabel Mapsur entertained some of her friends at a birthday party at her home, 83 Fifth street, Saturday.

Wanted—A good canvasser. Man who has had experience. Must give reference. A Catholic preferred. Address X, Sun office.

There is no use of talking, stop your talking and use "Saproshino. It cleans paint, windows, and silver ware and washes hands." Ask your grocer for it.

The Lowell Rugby team was beaten at the L.C.A.A. grounds Saturday by Harvard '98 by a score of 14 to 0. The Lowell men played strongly but showed lack of practice.

Mr. Cornelius L. Hickey, the well known member of the Mathew Temperance institute, has opened an office in the Mansur block, as constable and real estate agent.

There are many grades of coal and you want the best. W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorndike street, will give you the benefit of his experience if you order your winter supply of him.

One of a pair of horses attached to a two seated carriage and containing Fred Haines, proprietor of the Middlesex laundry, two ladies and a child fell in the square yesterday afternoon causing momentary excitement. Peter L. Furlong and Parker McDonough caught the other animal before it could do any damage and by removing the harness succeeded in getting the animal on its feet.

Burn Wilson's Coal.

THEATRICAL NEWS.

Music Hall.

The presentation of the splendid program at Music hall at popular prices Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, is not likely to be repeated again during the season, and the occasion is not one that anybody can afford to lose. There are few more intensely interesting plays than "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," T. R. Sullivan's fine dramatic version of Louis Stevenson's wonderful story. Mr. Richard Mansfield made a reputation in this play and it is a great tribute to Mr. Charles Leonard Fletcher's histrionic ability that the great star willingly allows him to use the play and commends his fine work. Mr. Fletcher is an artist of unusual strength and genius, and in the dual role of "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," he is acknowledged as easily superior to anybody playing the characters today in New England. He brings with him a company of actors and actresses who are conscientious, artistic and fully alive to the responsibilities of the characters; and the result is a thoroughly even balanced performance.

Among the stars of comedy is that famous, justly famous musician, Frank Ackland, known for his skill and cleverness, the Banjo King; he is a show in himself.

The Patriarch's Militant of Lowell, Haverhill, Boston and other cities are to give a big military parade Monday night, as they march to Music hall to honor their friend, Mr. Fletcher. It will be a great event.

Popular prices will prevail throughout the engagement.

Savoy Theatre.

The stock company at the Savoy theatre begins a week of comedy tonight in Sardou's brilliant production, "A Scrap of Paper." This comedy has enjoyed some remarkable successes and will receive a production this week which will be enjoyed by all who have the pleasure of witnessing it.

The management of the Savoy seem to be catering to the best people in the city, and are providing standard dramas and comedies, and presenting them in a most artistic and finished manner.

The company is composed of good, strong actors, who are extremely versatile and capable in reading the different parts entrusted to them, while the attaches of the house are gentlemen in every sense of the word.

The orchestra under the able leadership of Ferdinand Singhi render their selections in a most artistic style and contribute no small part to the pleasure of the evening. Commencing next Saturday matinee an autograph photograph of a member of the company will be given every lady who purchases a seat on the lower floor. This will be given each Saturday matinee until each member of the company has presented his photograph to the Savoy's patrons.

Les Miserable bowling alleys and billiard hall now open. East Merrimack street.

22 lbs. Sugar for $1.00.

Again we greet you on sugar. We are selling 22 lbs. of the best granulated sugar for $1.00, and we will deliver free to our tea and coffee customers. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 68 Merrimack street.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

POLITICAL NOTES.

It was the Sunday paper which yesterday chronicled a republican meeting in Ward Eight at which several candidates for office were found, among them being Councilman F. A. George, whose only claim to fame while in this year's government lies in the fact that he assisted in the purchase of a number of horses by the city that has rendered necessary, his constant appearance at the superior court for a few days beginning this morning. True, every man is innocent in the eye of the law until proven guilty, though the indictment of a grand jury might shake the faith of many in his innocence. Nevertheless, Councilman George is innocent until the latter part of this week at least, if not longer. But let the court settle that. The question is, wouldn't it be better taste for Councilman George and his friends to await the result of the trial before counting the chickens, which cannot be hatched even with the most approved political incubator before the latter part of November. In this particular case it seems as if the election of 12 good men and true should cut more of a figure with Councilman George and his friends than that whose defeat means nothing. Another reason why Mr. George's boom is slightly premature is that when the time for making the nominations comes, the gentlemen may have changed his residence.

Israel H. Sternberg, the well known reporter, modestly announces that he is a candidate for councilmanic honors in Ward Six on the democratic ticket. Stern is an optimist and has no time to turn over the republican majority of the ward. His platform is good roads and he bars "reform," for he believes that municipal reform like "civil service reform is an iridescent dream," and refers all disputers to Cleve. Cheney, a reformer of experience.

I happened into a store on Saturday evening at which several members of the A. P. A. frequent, and as one of them entered the proprietor remarked:

"Well, ——, did you hear Senator Hoar last evening?"

"Not by a —— sight," came the answer quickly, "d'yer think I'd 'elp swell 'is audience by me presence? Not much."

"But you're a republican?" asked the proprietor.

"Sure I am, and I'll vote for McKinley, tew."

In a local saloon, recently, two men neither of whom would do for a joint debate on the currency with John G. Carlisle or Pierre Humbert, were discussing the financial question with more enthusiasm than argument. The gold man claimed that there was no money but the gold coin, which his opponent, a firm believer in flat money disputed him, and produced a paper dollar as an example. "So you call that money, do you? Well, listen, suppose you had $1000 in paper money in your house and the house burned down. Where would your paper money be then? Then you'd wish you had gold." "But hold on there," cried the other, "suppose you were out in a boat with $1000 in gold and the boat sunk. What would your gold amount to then? Then you'd wish you had paper money that would float." And they compromised by taking a drink.

There are 25,137 assessed polls in the city.

Michael F. Daily, who ran so well in the caucuses last year in Ward five, will be a candidate again this year. Councilmen Thornton and O'Hare will also be in the field.

Chairman Jones' Appeal Against Intimidation of Voters.

To the American people:

In view of the fact that the great corporations, with scarcely an exception, and many of the large employers of labor in the United States, are engaged in a concerted effort to coerce their employes into voting at the approaching election against their own convictions, I deem it my duty to call upon all those who believe in the supremacy of the law and the untrammelled freedom of the individual in the right of exercising the ballot, to use their utmost efforts to prevent the success of this most flagrant act of lawlessness, for if this conspiracy succeeds government by corporations will have succeeded government by the people.

The corporations which thus appeal to force and fraud strike at the very foundations of republican government, and the lovers of free institutions must arouse themselves to save the country from its great peril. Especially should the workingmen assert their manhood rights.

If they vote according to their convictions and in accordance with their interests, the democratic ticket is certain of election, and in that case the employing corporations will have no desire to embark upon a policy of punishment. In the contest that is raging the salvation of the workingmen lies in the assertion at the polls of his rights as a free and independent American citizen.

The perpetuation of this attempted outrage upon free suffrage will work its own cure. An indignant people, jealous of their rights will demand that the legislatures, state and national, shall proceed at once by rigorous measures to prevent the possibility of a repetition of such attempts hereafter.

The National committee, backed by the full power of the democratic organization in every state of the Union, pledges itself that every scoundrel, whether public officer or private citizen, who is detected in any violation of the law, shall be vigorously prosecuted and sent to the penitentiary if possible.

JAMES K. JONES,
Chairman Democratic National Com.

Late Saturday afternoon a meeting of the democratic state committee was called for tomorrow noon at the headquarters, to fill the nine vacancies in the membership at large and to select a successor to Hon. John W. Corcoran, the chairman, who has resigned.

This was the concession that the special committee of four from the executive committee made to the committee from the Bryan-Sewall-Williams club. It means that there is, or at least will be, but one household hereafter, and the banner of the democracy of Bryan and Sewall will float over the united silverites. Rallies will be held under the auspices of the state committee, and the regular organization will stand as a directing influence of the local campaign as of yore. Some of the Bryan-Sewall-Williams club leaders will be found working for Williams, as usual but doing business at the headquarters of the state committee.

Robert Treat Paine, Jr., a prominent Williams man will probably be elected chairman of the state committee and the vacancies on the committee will be filled by the silver men.

So the latter will rule the state committee and the strife between the two factions terminates in their favor.

IT IS A KNOWN FACT that wearers of "Box Calf" shoes do

NOT HAVE COLDS

because their feet are kept warm and dry, and they do not wear rubbers.

"BOX CALF"

shoes are perfect water resisters, keep the feet from perspiring, and look bright like patent leather shoes.

An Aluminum Key Ring Check is attached to every pair of *genuine* "Box Calf" shoes. Ask for it, and if you don't find it, write WHITE BROS. & Co., Boston, Mass. for one.

AYER'S THE PILL THAT WILL PILLS CURE HEADACHE INDIGESTION BILIOUSNESS CONSTIPATION

DEATHS.

MEVIS—Mrs. Harriet Mevis, aged 65 years' died Friday night at the home of her son, Rev. Lyman A. Mevis, in Carlisle. Deceased went to visit her son one week ago and enjoyed good health up to 6 o'clock Friday evening when she was taken ill. Three hours later she expired. She leaves a husband, John Mevis, six sons, Rev. Lyman A. of Carlisle, Rev. Martin of Southboro' George H., the well known Merrimack square fruit dealer, Charles W. of this city, Edgar L. of Galveston, Texas, John W., Jr., of New Bedford and two daughters, Mrs. Charles T. Killpartrick of this city and Mrs. Nancy L. Lowe of Nashua. The funeral took place this afternoon from her late home, 448 Riverside street and was largely attended. Service was conducted by Rev. Mr. Hall and the pall bearers were the six sons of the deceased. Interment was in the Edson cemetery.

STANHOPE—Annie Stanhope, aged 21 years, died yesterday at her home, 984 Gorham street.

HEELAND—Jeannette G. Heeland, aged 26 years, wife of Wm. Heeland, died yesterday at her home, No. 23 Tremont street.

BARR—Elizabeth N., child of Mathew and Margaret Barr, died yesterday at their home, 118 Quebec street.

MEADE — Hannah Meade, aged 55 years, wife of John Meade, died yesterday at her home, 219 Adams street.

GALLAGHER—Daniel, aged 12 years, son of Michael and Annie Gallagher, died yesterday at their home, 80 Dummer street.

ECKHARDT— Professor Eckhardt, who had taught the violin in Columbus, O., since 1869, died in New York Thursday at the age of 75. Professor Eckhardt had a very interesting career. He was born in Stothem, Saxony and began to play the violin when seven years of age, under Klingel, the first teacher of this instrument at Leipsic Conservatory. Professor Eckhardt subsequently developed a talent for the violin, and was chosen by Wagner to play the leading part at the first production of "Tannhauser." He was the intermate friend of Liszt, Joachim, Hiller, Wieck and Menelssohn.

In 1850 he resided in this city and was leader of the orchestra at the Lowell Museum. He was married and his son, Herman Eckhardt, Jr. is a well known resident, at present engaged with J. E. Conant & Co. He also leaves a daughter, also well known in this city.

LAWRENCE COMPANIES

Will Parade Here Tonight—Coming on the Electric Cars.

There will be a big campaign parade in this city to-night. All the democratic clubs of Lawrence are coming up 750 strong and will arrive here at 8 o'clock.

The line will form at the corner of Lakeview avenue and Bridge street.

The Lawrence men will be accompanied by the Lawrence brass band and St. Patrick's boys' band will also furnish music.

BOWLING NEWS.

At the Highland club Saturday night Dorr's team of ten defeated Lovejoy's team, 4610 to 4382.

Much in Little

Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine chest, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. 25c. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

WE TAKE SPECIAL PAINS

To procure for our customers goods that cannot be easily duplicated, and to give you the best possible value for your money.

Louis Alexander,

Formerly of Fifth Ave., New York.
Importer and Tailor, No. 65 Central Street.

Fine Dyeing and French Cleansing

Dyeing of Every Description, all Shades and Black.

BOSTON STEAM DYE HOUSE

F. B. Leed's Agent, Runel's Building, cor. Bridge and Merrimack Street. Ladies' and *Gents' garments dyed, cleansed and pressed.*

MR. BRYAN RESTED

At Jacksonville, Ill., After a Hard Week.

HE WILL MAKE SEVERAL ADDRESSES TODAY.

Two Parades in Chicago Next Saturday.

Jacksonville, Ills., Oct. 26.—It was a day of quiet and rest that William J. Bryan spent in this city, where, for six years, he prepared himself for his after life. In the morning he attended services at the Presbyterian church, and listened to a sermon by Rev. A. B. Morris. It was probably the largest congregation that divine has addressed in that edifice. The *sermon did not touch upon any of the* political issues, and, barring the usual prayer for the welfare of those in high offices, no one would have known that a man of national reputation helped to make up the congregation. After the sermon, an informal reception was held from the pew which Mr. Bryan had occupied, and as soon as possible, the nominee was *taken out a side door*, and put into a carriage and driven rapidly away. Mr. Bryan spent the day at the home of Dr. Hiram J. Jones, where he lived during his residence in this city. There were few callers, but outside the house a large crowd gathered, and stared at the few visitors who were admitted to grasp the hand and exchange compliments of the day *with the candidate*. Today Mr. Bryan addressed the students of the college in which he had studied. At 10 o'clock, those who desired to hear him assembled in the chapel, and he spoke to them for 20 minutes. At 2 o'clock he addressed a meeting in the city park on the issues of the day. He will depart for Alton at 4:30, arriving there at 6:30, and *will put in a good share of the next four* hours there expounding free silver doctrines. At 10:30 o'clock he leaves for Lincoln, arriving there tomorrow morning.

SHOT BY A BOY.

James Carey Shot for Cheating While Playing Cards.

Boston, Oct. 26.—Edmund Vargue, 15 years old, was shot and dangerously wounded by a companion yesterday during an altercation over a game of cards. The shooting occurred on Bremen street, East Boston, where a number of youths, all about 15 years old, were playing cards. One of the number, James Carey, was accused of cheating, and he at once resented the charge, by drawing a revolver and firing at Vargue. The latter received the bullet in the abdomen. The boy was removed to the hospital, in a serious condition. Carey was arrested.

THE MONTHLY BULLETIN.

Issued By the Board of Health For September.

The monthly bulletin of the mortality and sanitary condition of Lowell has just been issued. It shows that there were 157 deaths in this city last month, 78 males and 79 females.

The places of death were as follows: Ward one, 11; ward two, 22; ward three, 9; *ward four*, 18; ward five, 23; ward six, 17; ward seven, 23; ward eight, 9; ward nine, 9; almshouse, 7; Lowell hospital, 2; Lowell General hospital, 1; St. John's hospital, 6.

Compared with September of last year this shows a decrease of five in the number of deaths, and a decrease of 1.01 in the rate.

The contagious diseases reported were: Diphtheria, 7; croup, 4; scarlet fever, 6; typhoid fever, 21.

Court House Work.

Unless the county commissioners change their intentions the work on the Lowell court house will not be completed for another year. Thomas H. Connell, contractor, expects to put the iron roofs on the building next Saturday and then his part of the work will be finished.

For Delicacy,
for purity, and for improvement of the complexion nothing equals Pozzoni's Powder.

MRS. SCARLET RETURNS

And Her Husband says It is All Right—She Didn't Elope.

H. C. Scarlet of Tewksbury, whose wife left home Oct. 14, returned from a visit to the lady on Saturday, and denies that she eloped with the hired man, Hover. He says that worry caused by an ailment of her little child, induced her to leave home and adds that she will return in a few days.

POLICE NOTES.

Mrs. Herman L. Knowlton of Chelmsford Centre, reported at the police station yesterday that while waiting for a car in the Lowell & Suburban waiting room her pocket was picked of a pocket book containing $14.

City Solicitor Qua reported that his horse and carriage had been stolen but later reported that he had recovered them.

Officer Creahin found a year old bay colt in Pawtucketville yesterday morning at 6.05 and put it up in Oliver's stable.

Yesterday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, Albert Duval, who keeps a store at the corner of Lakeview and Aiken avenues, found Arthur Cordion, aged 14 and Dabin Trudeau, aged 15 in his store. A third boy, Ovilla Sevinea, was also concerned in the affair, but made his escape. The three lads were taken to the station and Cordeau and Trudeau were held, Sevinea, being under 12, was taken home by his father.

Weekly Mortality.

There were 30 deaths last week, a rate of 18.1 against 22.9 and 18.8 for the previous two weeks.

The infectious diseases were: Typhoid fever 4, scarlet fever 3, diphtheria 2, measles 29.

NEW BACKS, FOR OLD

No Fairy Tale About This—Only Solid Facts.

We're doing it every day in Lowell.
It's our business.
All new backs we furnish are satisfactory, too.
Marvellous, isn't it?
Not so much so when you know who we are.
We're Doan's Kidney Pills.
Don't surprise you so much now.
You know they always do their work.
And their work is making new backs out of old.
Old backs ache.
That is, they seem to ache.
It's the kidneys that ache.
And the back does the talking.
Back ache is not all there is of kidney disease.
It's only the starter, so to speak.
Urinary troubles follow thick and fast.
Excessive urine—very common complaint.
Sediment in urine—getting worse.
High color and pain in passing—worse still.
Diabetes—Bright's Disease—Death—that's the end.
Trade that old back for a new one now.
Don't wait for all coming horrors.
Doan's Kidney Pills make the old back new.
Ask any Lowell citizen—here are a few:
Mark Walsh, 128 Central street.
Mrs. Chas. Slowey, 641 Market street.
G. S. Emerson, 512 Westford street.
H. Doyle, 1415 Middlesex street.
Mrs. Mary Traynor, 28 Pearl Street.
Mrs. S. A. Lewis, 82 Grand street.
Martin Canning, 9 Whiting street.
Thos. Burke, 12 Garnet street.
H. E. Richardson, Dexter's grocery.
F. D. Sawyer, 118 Walker street.
Mrs. Knowles, 46 Cross street.
Mrs. F. Warburton, 70 Elm street.
J. W. Mevis, 448 Riverside street.
Mrs. Mary Gard, 4 Noble's court.
W. S. Richardson, 62 Royal street.
R. J. Gilmour, 54 Jenness street.
F. Zesoweitz, 150 Dummer street.
Clarence Wilman, Carpet Mills.
Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers; price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S.

A Well Established Profitable Business,

ON MERRIMACK STREET FOR SALE AT
SANBORN & DONOVAN'S
Room 1, Swan's Block, Central street. Bad debts of all kinds collected. Telephone 60-5.

N. Y. Cloak AND Suit Co.

12 JOHN STREET

JUST RECEIVED NEW JACKETS AND CAPES



Purchased by us this week from New York's leading manufacturers.

150 SAMPLE JACKETS

The very latest designs, which positively cannot be duplicated later. Price fully 1-3 less than regular values.

$6.75 Worth $10. One lot Black and Blue Boucle Jackets, 3-4 lined with silk, new collar and puff sleeves, made to sell for $10, Our price this week only $6.75.

SAMPLE JACKETS Made from all sorts of materials, two-toned boucles and Persian Effects, Irish Frieze, Kersey and Novelty Cloths, made in the very latest styles and no two alike. Our prices this week mean a big saving to YOU on every garment. $9.75, $11.50, $13.50, $15 and $18.50. Actually worth from $5 to $10 more than these prices.

Fur Collarettes Over 100 styles Fur Collarettes to select from. Prices $3.95, $4.50, $5.75, $6.75, $7.50 and upward.

$7.50 Worth $12.50 A SPECIAL BARGAIN IN FUR CAPES. 25 Russian Wool Seal Capes, edged all around with Thibet Fur 30 inches long, 110 inches sweep and good satin lining, cannot be duplicated. While they last Only $7.50 Each

DRESS GOODS! SILKS & VELVETS.

SPECIAL LOW PRICES

On all kinds of Dress Stuffs to be the EDICT sent forth from retailers all over the country. It doesn't necessarily *follow that because the prices* are SPECIAL and LOW that the goods are not of the good kind. With us it is the buying at extremely low figures and giving our customers the BENEFIT. For instance: Our attention was called to a lot of Monotone Novelties and Scotch Tweed Suitings, 36 inches wide, in all the best colorings, regular fifty-cent goods. We bought them at **39c the Yard**

Maybe you don't want a dress so cheap, as thirty-nine cents. We have a better grade if you prefer it, viz. 40 and 42 inch Boucles and rough Scotchy mixtures, at **50c the Yard**

Perhaps you want to go a little higher. Here is something extraordinary in an offering of 50 and 54 inch Persian Broche and Brightwood novelties, all wool and sponged and shrunk, at **75c the Yard**

And a better grade still, Dress Goods with established reputations, such as all wool Coverts, Broadcloths, in ultra colors, all the new shades, at **98c the Yard**

SPECIAL LOW PRICES.

It is only following the natural order of things to find Novelties selling well (when the weather permits.) Novelties of the sort shown in our show windows last week, and are on exhibition today. Novelties with popular and rich combinations and the goods 44 and 46 inches wide, in Silk and Wool Matelasses, Broches, Boucles and Tweeds, and only **98c the Yard**

Some high class Novelty Bargains.

Our stock on these goods is getting lower every day and there being no rapid transit across the herring pool. We quote no prices on these goods but respectfully say we have NOVELTIES RICH and STYLISH, fit to grace any lady in the land.

SILKS. SILKS.

Four interesting items today.

FIRST. We name one lot of Fancy Persian Brocade Silks at 59c, instead of $1.00.

SECOND. We call attention to a line of Black Brocade Silks, 24 inches wide, in rich, large spray and scroll designs, at 59c the yard, worse goods sold for 87c today.

SILKS. SILKS. SILKS.

THIRD. Your attention is called to a line of Plain and Glace Tafetta Silks, in superfine texture and rich colorings at **75c the Yard**

FOURTH. We invite your inspection of the $1.50 Satin Duchess, 27 in. wide, which we have made a sensation on at **98c the Yard**

VELVETS.

See our Silk Velvets at 69c (not all colors).
See our Silk Velvets at 98c, all colors.
See our Silk Velvets at $1.25, all colors.
See our Silk Velvets at $1.50, all colors.
See our Silk Finish Velveteen at 41 1-2c.

THIS IS THE BON MARCHE AD. THE PLACE OF RARE BARGAINS.

BIG FIRE LAST NIGHT

EUGENE JEFFERSON'S HOUSE GUTTED BY FLAMES.

Cause of the Fire Unknown—Started in the Bath Room—The House Was Unoccupied at the Time.

Quite a disastrous fire occurred last night in the residence of Eugene Jefferson, 44 Boylston street, causing an alarm *from box 241* which was rung in by a conductor on the street railroad. The fire had evidently been burning for some time before discovered.

The house was vacant, Mrs. Jefferson being at Dr. Jefferson's hospital for the night. Mr. Jefferson has not occupied the house since her absence.

Mr. Jefferson started a fire there yesterday, *but to the best of his knowledge* left everything safe from any fire.

The fire caught, apparently, in the bath room on the second floor and the rear part of the house was completely burned, the flames ascending to the attic and through the roof. The damage to the front of the building was principally by water.

SOME CRISP GOSSIP.

At the reception to Fr. McManus at the Mathews' hall, last week, one could not help noticing the enthusiasm of the young men and their gratitude for those who had assisted them in making the affair a success. James Murphy, the conductor of the Glee club, and Charles Young, the decorator, were heartily thanked for the aid given by them.

The latest bulletin of the city library contains in its list of new books on sociology a surprisingly large number on the financial question showing that the question of money has aroused the masses. The demands for works on money are said to be frequent.

An elderly woman whose dress made her conspicuous above all the crowd in the square yesterday afternoon, approached me with the remark: "Young man can you tell me where I can find a reporter who has some humanity in him?" I was about to suggest that Rodney Homenway had an office in the street when a man passed by who looked remarkably like Jerome F. Manning, Esq., and her question went unanswered.

In the window of the Lowell Inn is an immense deer's head, which once adorned an animal which Denny Landry, the modern Frontenac, shot recently at Lake Wattapaugh, Can. The antlers are beautiful, and the animal must have been a monster, otherwise it never would have been struck by Denny's bullet.

Watch out for the man who shall suggest Varnum Park as the proper place for the republican bon-fire.

A teacher in an Illinois school writes to a friend in this city that for the past week even the children in the schools are gleefully announcing that "Bryan is coming next week." Great is the cause that stirs all classes.

It's great weather—for undertakers.

Republican Parde.

Crowds of people saw the republican torchlight parade Saturday night, run in opposition to the democratic rally. All the local companies were in line and they paraded through Belvidere, Pawtucketville and the principal streets of the city.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

AN EXTRAORDINARY BARGAIN SALE —OF— LACE CURTAINS

BEGINS IN OUR STORE TODAY.

We place on sale today about $8000 worth of New Laces bought by us last week from a New York importer at about

60c. on the Dollar.

The stock consists of Nottingham, Irish Point, Brussels, Fish Net and Tambour Muslin and an inspection of the different lots quoted today will prove beyond a shadow of doubt that the values are the greatest ever offered in New England.

NOTTINGHAM.

1 lot sold to date $1.10, Price This Week 69c. a pair.
1 " " " " $1.30, " " " 89c. " "
1 " " " " $1.50, " " " 98c. " "
1 " " " " $1.98, " " " $1.25 " "

IRISH POINT.

1 lot sold to date $4.25, Price This Week $2.98 a pair.
1 " " " " $4.98, " " " $3.49 " "
1 " " " " $5.75, " " " $3.98 " "
1 " " " " $6.98, " " " $4.98 " "

BRUSSELS NET.

1 lot sold to date $7.50, Price This Week $4.98 a pair.
1 " " " " $8.75, " " " $5.98 " "
1 " " " " $10.50, " " " $6.98 " "

FISH NET.

1 lot sold to date $2.98 Price This Week $1.75 a pair.
1 " " " " $3.98 " " " $2.49 " "
1 " " " " $4.75 " " " $2.98 " "

TAMBOUR MUSLINS.

1 lot (extraordinary value) sold to date $5, Price this week $3.75 a pair.

500 ODD PAIRS

Lace Curtains in various kinds will be closed this week at just half price. Make special note of this item and ask to see them.

Sash Curtain Materials.

Our stock is replete with the newest patterns in Muslin, Swiss, Brussel, Tambour, Fish Net, Crepe, Silkoline, Silks and Satteen and the entire stock will be offered this week at special cut prices.

Upholstery Goods.

Tapestry, Damask, Plush, Corduroy, Cretone, Velour, Denim, etc., together with a vast line of Fringes and Loops, will be offered at 20 per-cent discount from regular prices this week.

Carpets, Rugs and Window Shades.

Will undergo the same cut in price as the upholstery goods so as to make this a second breaking sale week in this Department.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.